

Tiering: Other Laws under the NEPA Umbrella

Bill Malley
Perkins Coie LLP



Tiering: NEPA & Other Laws

- Tiering is authorized under NEPA...
- But what about other statutes?
 - Section 7 T&E species
 - Section 106 historic properties
 - Section 4(f) parks, refuges, historic
 - Section 404 wetlands/streams
 - CAA air quality conformity

Regulatory Context

Regs that address tiering

- NEPA (CEQ, FHWA/FTA)
- Section 4(f)

Regs that do not address tiering:

- Section 106
- Section 7
- Section 404
- Air quality conformity
- Many others ...

Tiering: NEPA & Other Laws

Key question:

- Can you defer compliance with other law entirely until Tier 2?
- Or do they require something at Tier 1?
- If so, what?

To find an answer, consider:

- What do the regulations say?
- What have the courts said?
- What actually happens in practice?

Section 4(f)

Section 4(f) regs (FHWA/FTA):

- Prohibits "approval" of use unless required findings are made.
- Regulations:
 - Tier 1 EIS "should address potential impact" on 4(f) resources and "whether those decisions have a bearing" on Tier 1 decision
 - Tier 1 ROD "may" include "preliminary approval" of use of 4(f) resources
 - If no preliminary approval is granted in Tier 1, explain why not.

Section 106

Section 106 regs:

- Consultation required for "undertaking"
 - "undertaking" = "project, activity, or program"
 - "phasing" allowed –how does it fit with tiering?
 - "programmatic" consultation
- Key questions:
 - Is there an undertaking at Tier 1?
 - If so, should consultation be initiated at Tier 1?
 - If initiated, what does Tier 1 consultation involve?

Section 7

Section 7 regs:

- Consultation required for agency "action"
 - "action" = "activities or programs of any kind"
 - "framework programmatic action" (new in 2014)
 - "incremental step" consultation
 - "irretrievable commitment"
- Key questions:
 - Is there an "action" at Tier 1?
 - If so, must consultation be initiated in Tier 1?
 - If so, what does Tier 1 consultation involve?

Section 404

Section 404 regs:

- Prohibits discharge into Waters of U.S.
 without a permit from Corps of Engineers
 - Permit can be issued only for 'LEDPA'
 - LEDPA determined by Corps at time of permit application
- Key questions:
 - What level of involvement from Corps at Tier 1?
 - Does LEDPA standard have any bearing on selection of alternatives in Tier 1?

Air Quality Conformity

Conformity regs:

- Prohibits agencies from "approving" or "supporting in any way" activities that do not conform to State plans for achieving NAAQS
 - 'conformity determination' required but when? for what action?
- Key questions:
 - Is any determination required at Tier 1?
 - Is it necessary for highway/transit elements to be included in MPO's constrained plan, TIP?

Case Law

Court cases involving 'other laws' in programmatic or Tier 1 EIS:

- Section 7 cases
- Section 106
- Section 404 cases

Takeaways:

- Tiering of ESA consultation is allowed
- OK to defer LEDPA finding to Tier 2
- But overall, law in this area is unsettled

CEQ Guidance

2014 Guidance on Programmatic EISs

- Agencies should
 - "clearly and concisely articulate their intentions to defer particular environmental review and consultation requirements"
- Compliance obligations at Tier 2 depend on:
 - nature of the decision at each phase" and
 - "the extent to which [Tier 1 decision] may constrain the subsequent consideration of alternative"

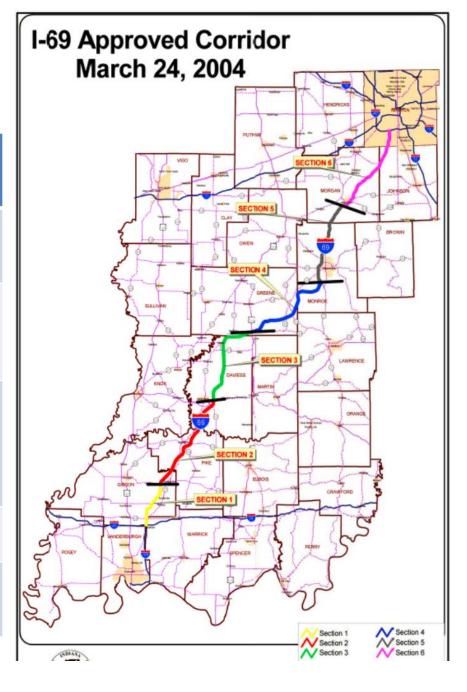
Agency Practices

USDOT experience with tiering:

- Primarily FHWA and FRA
 - Existing corridors (upgrades)
 - e.g., I-70 Colorado, Chicago-St. Louis HSR
 - New-corridor projects
 - e.g., I-69 Indiana, Illiana Corridor, CA HSR
- Large variations in approach to other laws
 - Max: Sec. 106 and Sec. 7 consultation in Tier 1
 - Min: Defer all compliance to Tier 2

I-69 Indiana

Law	Approach
Sec. 106	Consulted with SHPO Executed Tier 1 MOA
Sec. 7	Consulted with USFWS Prepared Tier 1 BA Received Tier 1 BO
Sec. 404	LEDPA analysis Corps Coordination Commitment re Tier 2 approach
Sec. 4(f)	'Preliminary approval' in Tier 1
Conform.	Analysis but no finding



Agency Practices

- Summary of current practice, based on review of recent USDOT Tier 1 documents:
 - "typically done"
 - "sometimes"
 - "rarely/never"

Section 7 at Tier 1

Typically	Sometimes	Rarely/Never
 Summarize Section 7 requirements Identify listed species and critical habitat Describe potential effects on T&E species/habitat Describe what will be done in Tier 2 	 Initiate Section 7 consultation Prepare Tier 1 BA Issue Tier 1 BiOP ("programmatic") 	 Field work to assess presence of T&E species Final determinations regarding the potential for jeopardy

Section 106 at Tier 1

Typically	Sometimes	Rarely/Never
 Describe regulatory requirements Identify APE (preliminary) Identify known historic properties Discuss potential effects on known properties Discuss potential avoidance, minimization options Discuss what will be done in Tier 2 	 Invite consulting parties during Tier 1 Execute a PA or MOA in Tier 1 Include programmatic mitigation in PA/MOA 	 Field work to identify/evaluate historic properties Make final determinations of eligibility Make final determinations of 'adverse effect' Adopt specific mitigation measures

Section 4(f) at Tier 1

Typically	Sometimes	Rarely/Never
 Summarize Sec. 4(f) requirements in EIS Identify known 4(f) resources Describe potential effects on 4(f) resources Assess 'potential' for use of 4(f) resources Explain how 4(f) will be addressed in Tier 2 	 Identify 'likely' uses of 4(f) properties Provide 'preliminary approval' for use of 4(f) resources Discuss potential for constructive use and/or de minimis determination 	 Field work Final determinations of prudence and feasibility De minimis impact determinations Constructive use determinations Final approvals of the use of 4(f) resources

Section 404 at Tier 1

Typically	Sometimes	Rarely/Never
 Summarize Sec. 404 requirements in EIS Identify known wetlands and streams in the project area Identify potential impacts on known wetlands and streams Discuss Section 404 permitting activities and when they will occur 	 Explain 'LEDPA' and how it was considered in Tier 1 Identify the 'projects' for which 404 permits will be sought Enter into agreement with Corps/EPA regarding 404 permitting for Tier 2 projects 	 Field work to identify wetlands Jurisdictional determinations by the Corps LEDPA analysis/determination for the Tier 1 decision Issuance of projectwide Section 404 permit at Tier 1

Air Quality Conformity at Tier 1

Typically	Sometimes	Rarely/Never
 Summarize conformity requirements in EIS Describe region's current attainment status Conduct regional air quality analysis for Tier 1 alternatives Explain when conformity will be addressed in Tier 2 	 Preliminary conclusion regarding compliance with conformity requirements 	 Hot-spot analyses for localized pollutants (e.g., CO, PM2.5) Final conformity determinations Inclusion of individual projects in MPO plans and TIPs.

Tips

- If preparing a Tier 1:
 - Identify decisions to be made in Tier 1
 - What is being taken 'off the table' in Tier 2?
 - Meet with key agencies about how 'other laws' will be addressed during Tier 1
 - Document the rationale for your regulatory compliance strategy
 - Be prepared for some twists and turns along the way!

William G. Malley
Perkins Coie LLP
wmalley@perkinscoie.com
(202) 654-6250
www.perkinscoie.com