# 2017 FRA Rail Program Delivery

Meeting

## FRA's North American Rail Network (NARN)

Raquel Wright

### Outline

- ► Background NARN
- ►Where we are today
- How to use the data
- ► How to get the data
- ► Next Steps

## History

- ▶1:2 million (USGS): Used for cartographic representation, attributes, and routing
- 1:100,000 (Census): Had a better spatial representation but lack routability and attributes
- ▶By 2005, the 1:2 million attributes were conflated to the 1:100,000 network & the 1:100,000 was completely routable

## 1:2M - 1:100K - NARN



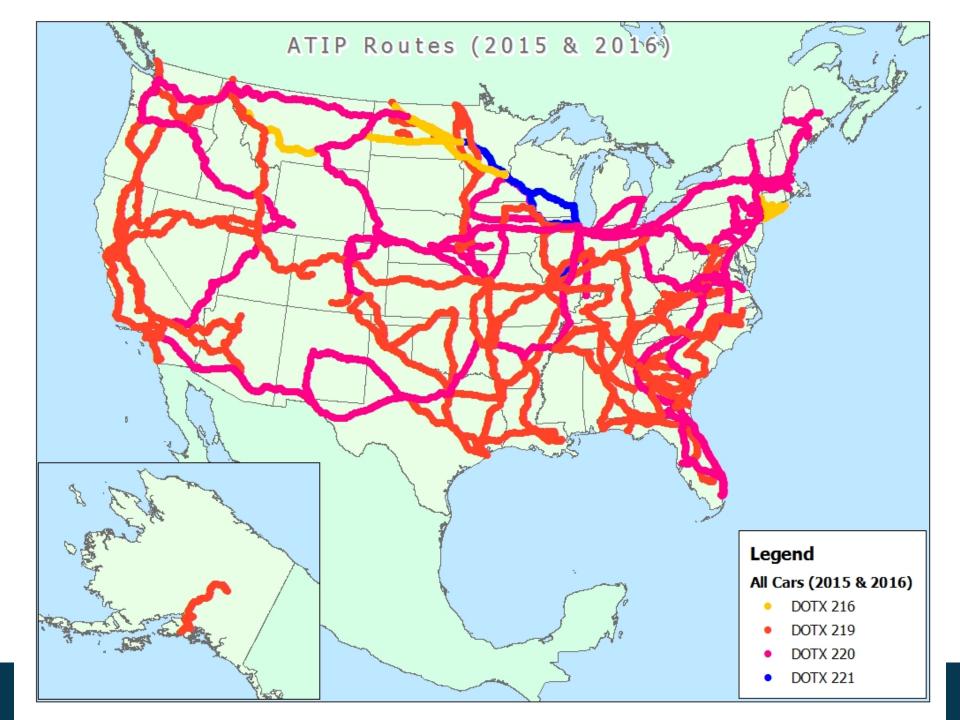
## Background

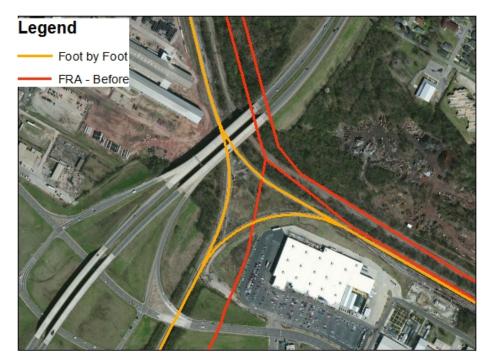
- 2015/2016
  - ► FRA conflated the FRA network with NGA's Rail Network and using 5 years of FRA's Automated Track Inspection Program (ATIP) Data
  - DOT/FRA Rail Network
    - Represents 185,000 miles of mainline track
    - ► First created in mid 80s from USGS 1:2million DLGs
  - ►NGA Rail Network
    - Includes all lines and sidings
    - In general, more accurate
  - ► ATIP Data
    - Collects long-lat every foot to locate track defects
    - 84,100 miles of main line track collected under ATIP

## Automated Track Inspection Program (ATIP) Data

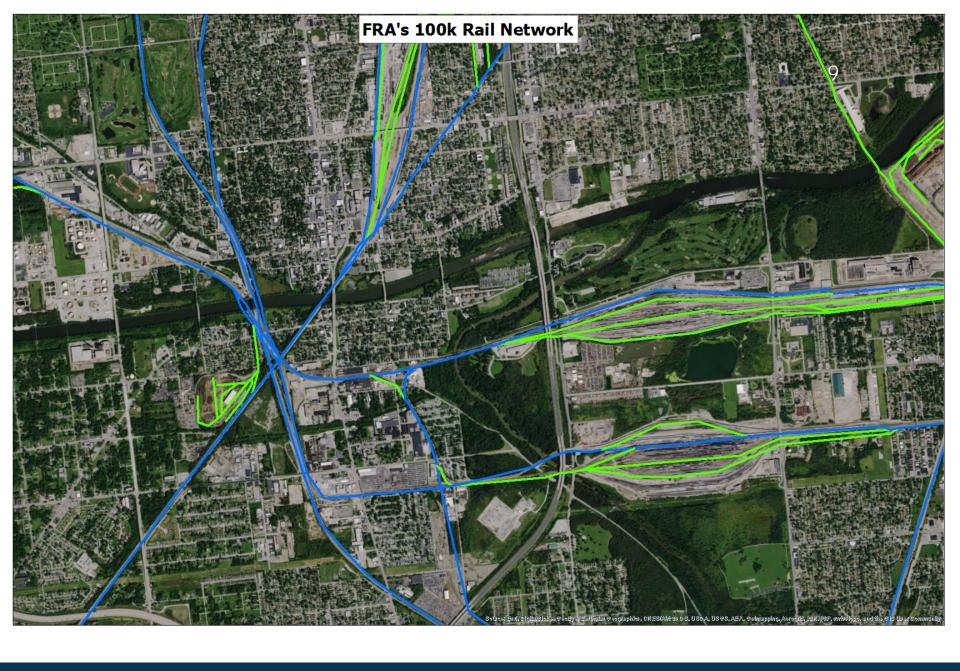
The ATIP cars take a latitude and longitude reading every foot.

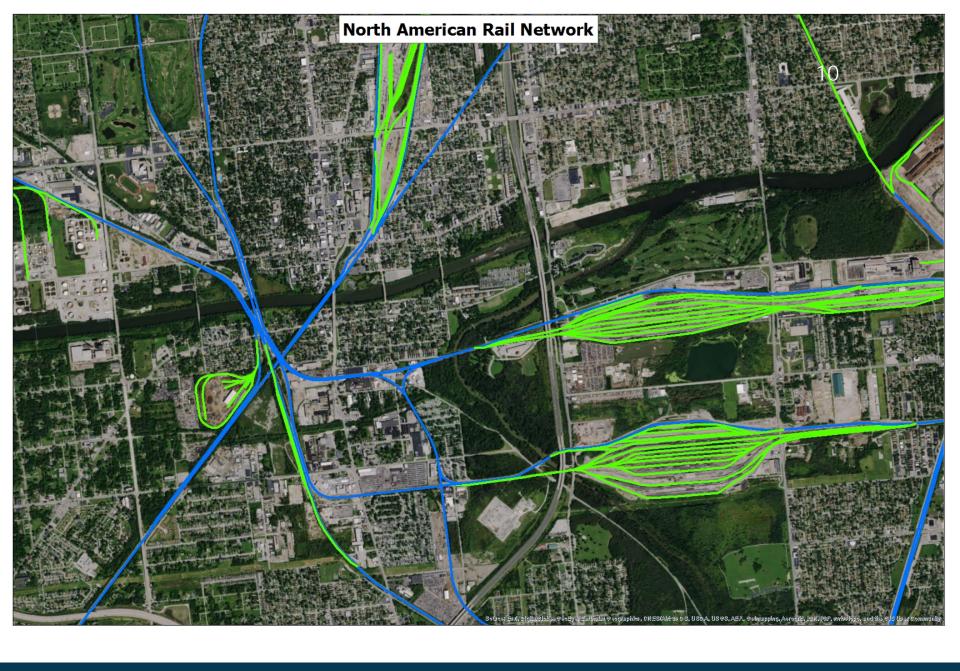


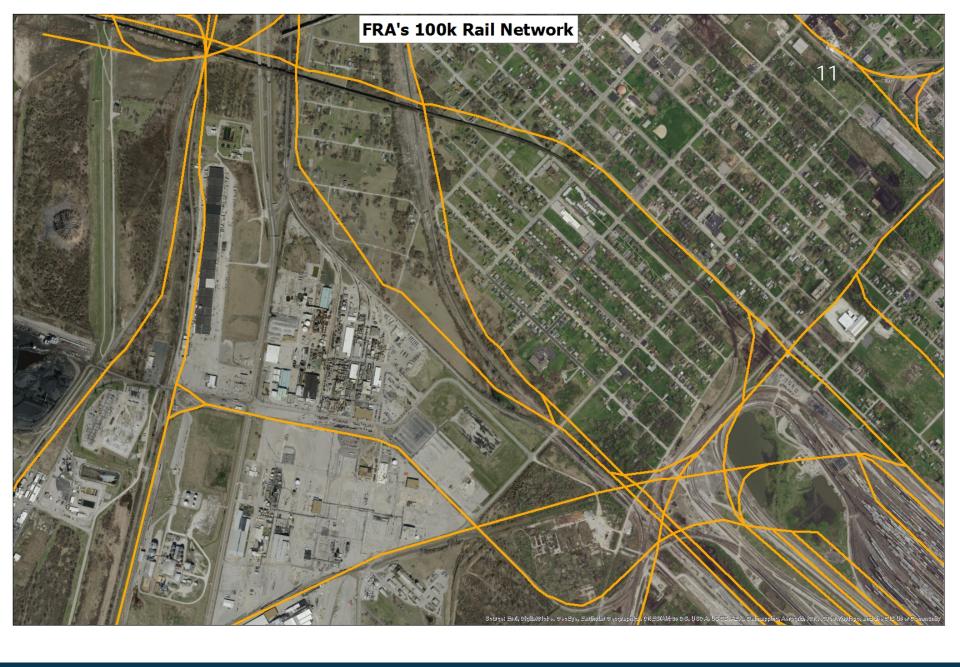


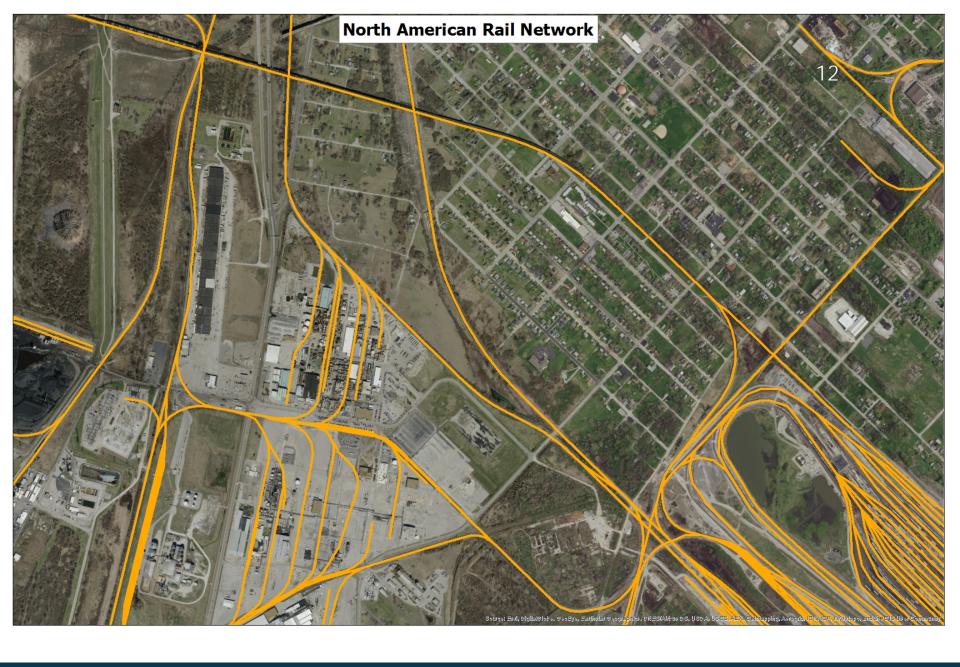












## Since the Release of the NARN

- NARN was released to the public July 2016 as a layer on the National Transportation Atlas Database (NTAD)
- ► AAR GIS Committee adopted the NARN as the industry standard
- Class 1s have validated the Chicago region
- Network was lasted versioned October 2017

### How to use the data

- ► Understanding the attributes, i.e.
  - Geography (State, County)
  - Ownership/Trackage rights
  - ►Type of track
  - ► STRACNET
  - ▶ Passenger

## Types of Tracks

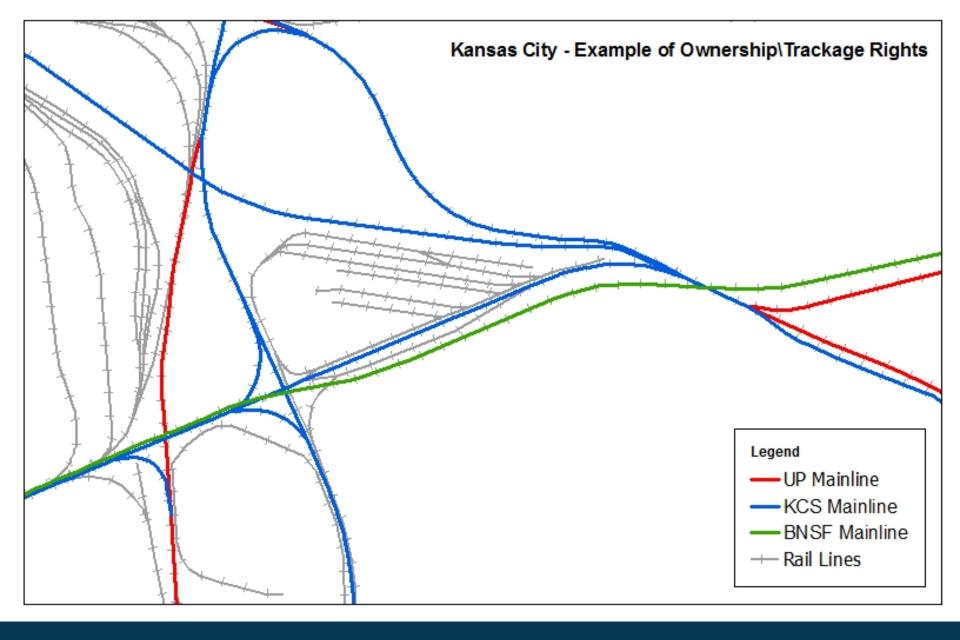
#### **NET Column**

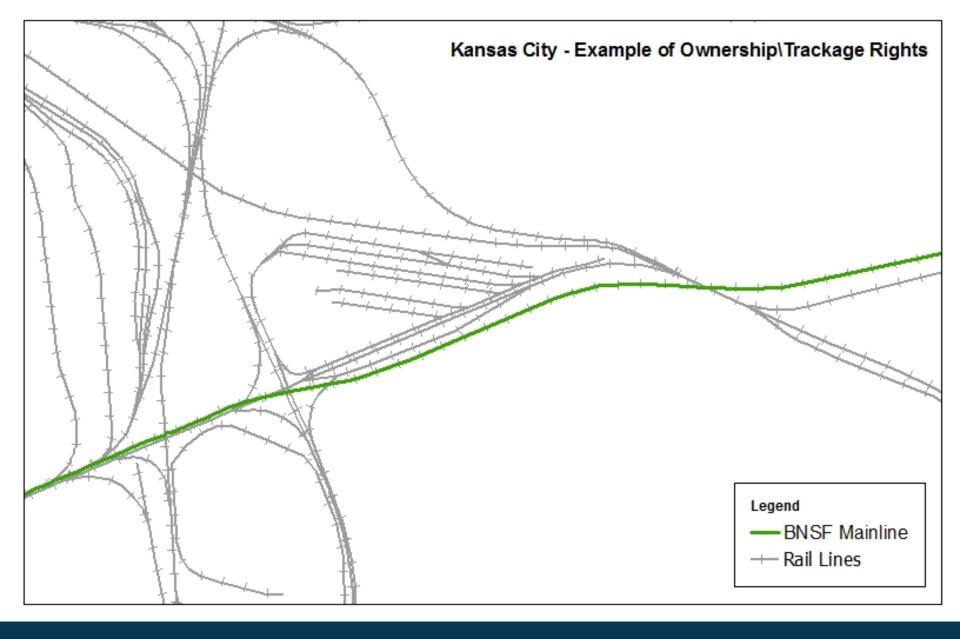
- M: Main line
- I: Major industrial lead
- O: Other track (minor industrial leads)
- X: Out of service line
- S: Passing sidings
- A: Abandoned rail line
- R: Abandoned line that has been physically removed
- Y: Yard tracks
- F: Rail ferry connection
- T: Trail on former rail right-of-way

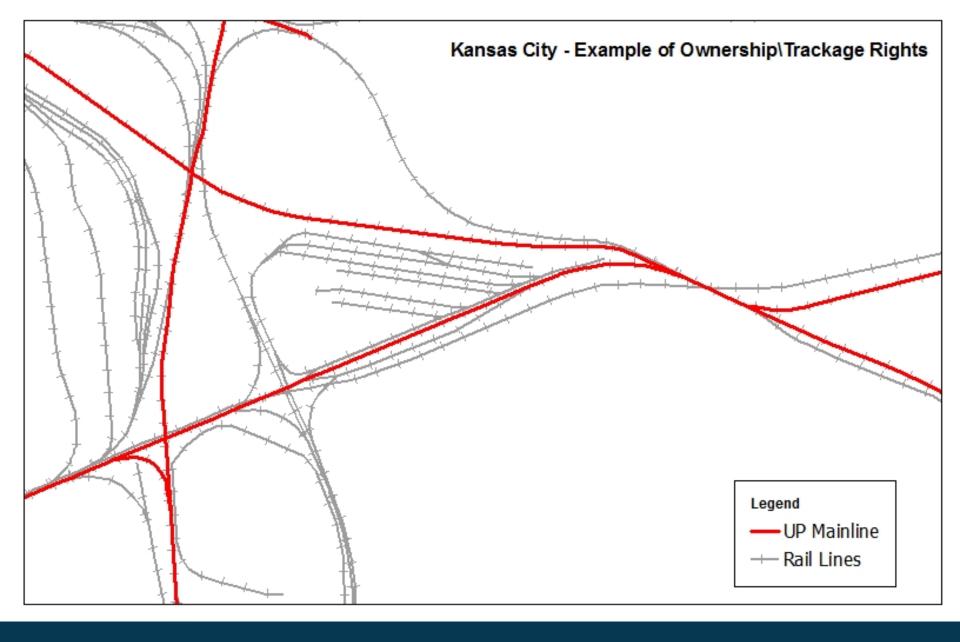
Routing will be on Main and Industrial lead track

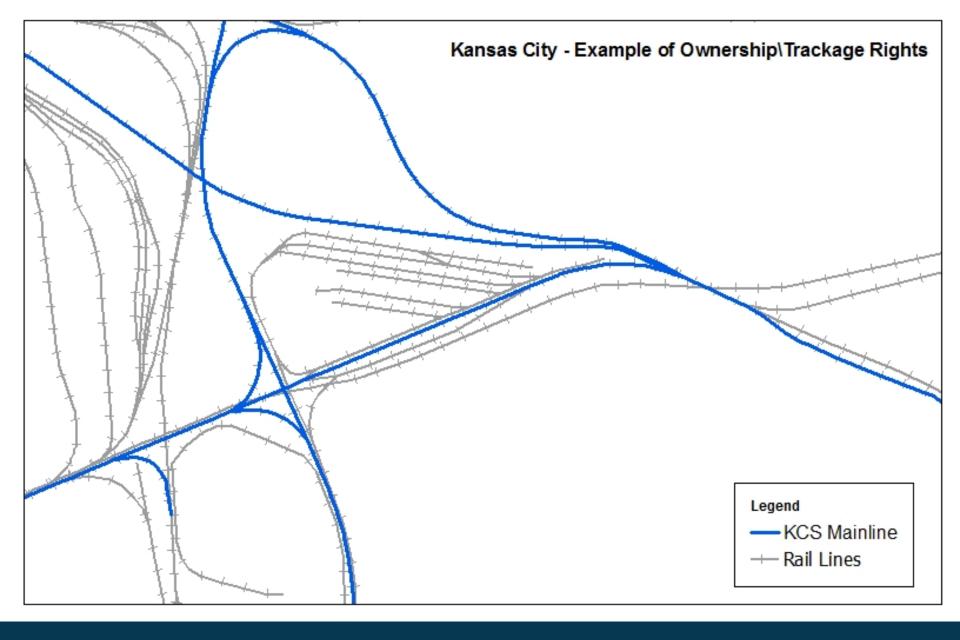
#### Kansas City - Right of Way





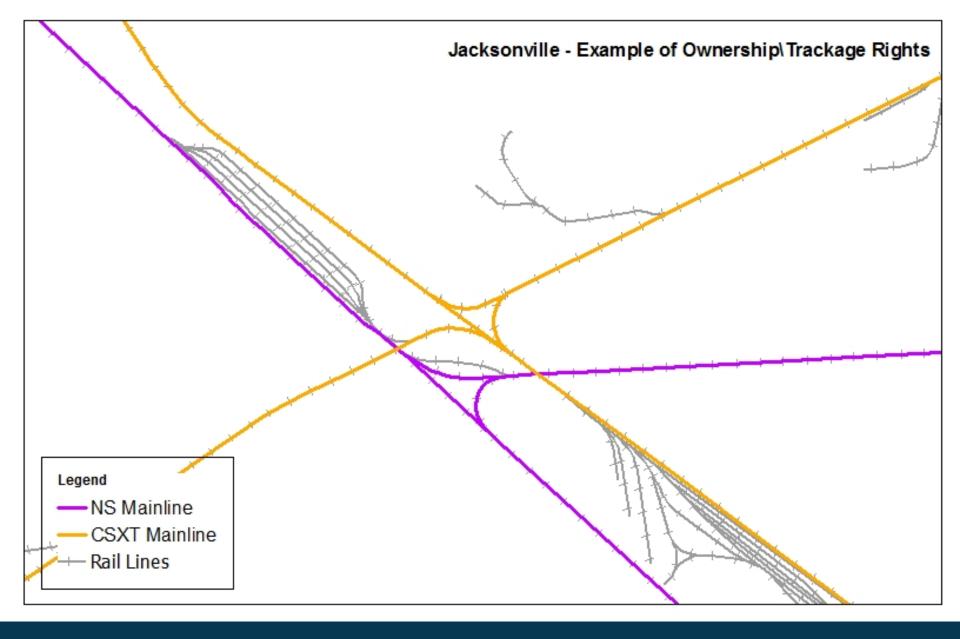


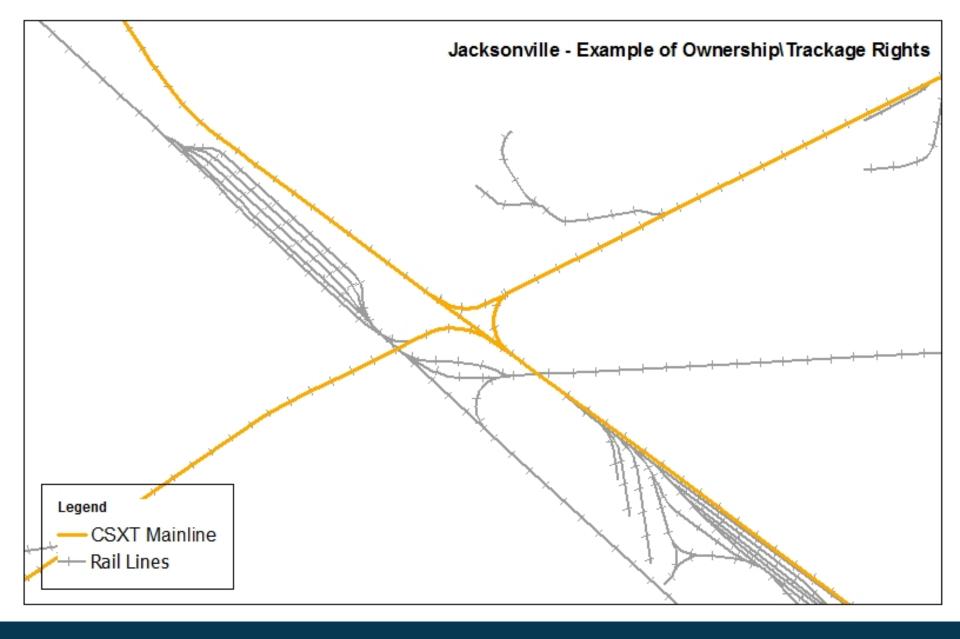


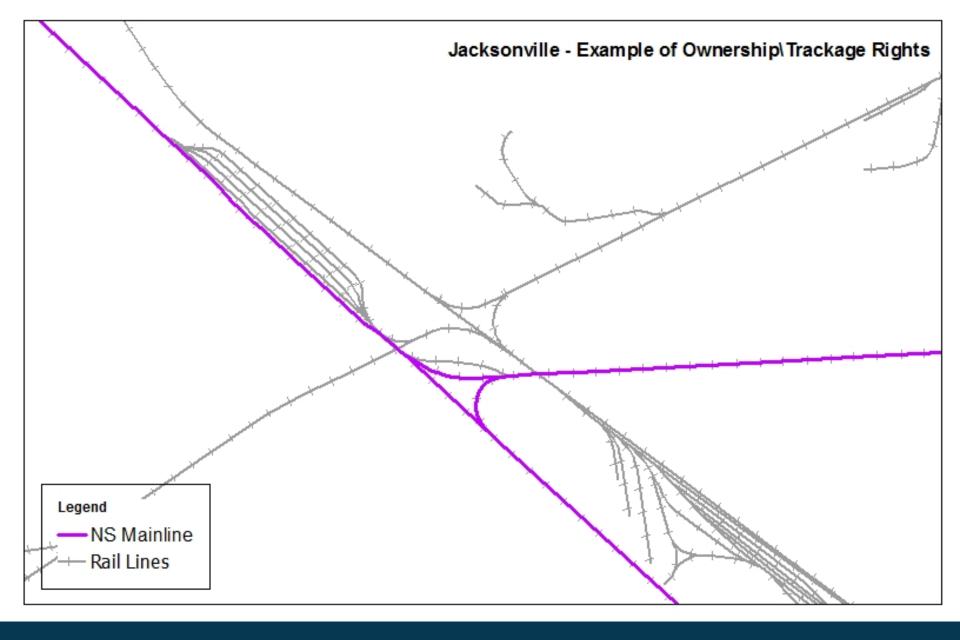


#### Jacksonville - Right of Way

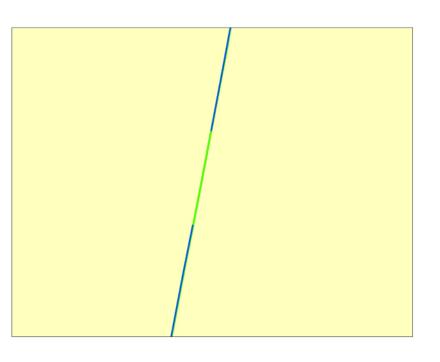






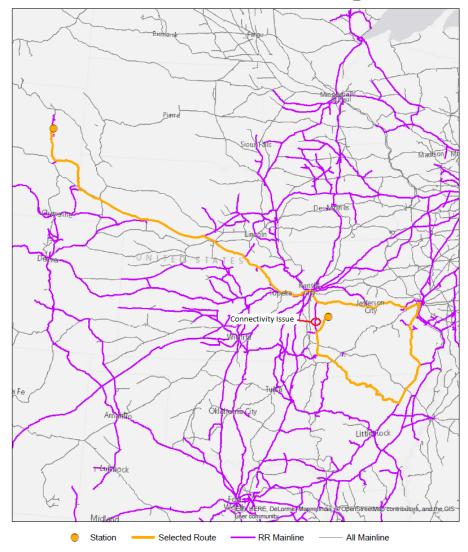


# Examples of No Connectivity

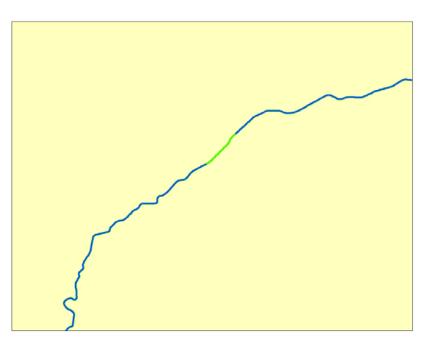


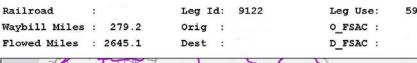
 Railroad
 :
 Leg Id: 51749
 Leg Use: 32

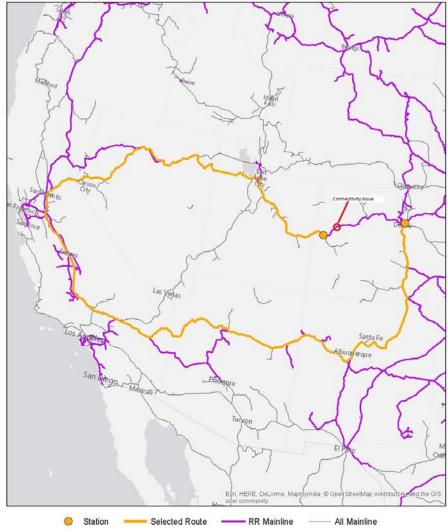
 Waybill Miles
 :
 905.7
 Orig : 0\_FSAC : D\_FSAC : D\_FSAC :



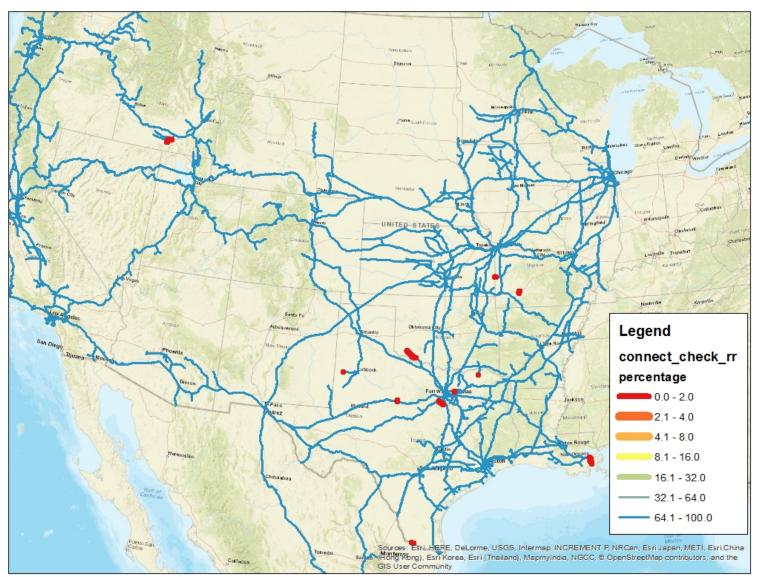
# Examples of No Connectivity







## Examples of No Connectivity



### Updates within the North American Rail Network

- 5000 updates of Records since July
  - ▶ Ownership
  - ►Trackage rights
  - ▶ Type of Track: Main Line, siding, etc.
- Several dozen Spatial Updates

## How to get the data

National Transportation Atlas Database (NTAD)

FRA GIS Viewer



https://osav.usdot.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets?keyword=Rail

#### FRA-GIS Applications & Requirements

#### **Purpose & Capabilities**

- FRA maintains 4 GIS web mapping applications that provide geographic information and spatial analysis for railroad and related transportation data
- RPD manages the underlying database representing the route structure of the North American railroad system
- RRS and RPD provide geo-coded data that support FRA's safety and rail development missions
- All of FRA's GIS applications allow for querying data, toggling among available visual layers, and importing custom geo-coded data layers from outside sources

#### **4 GIS Web Applications**

#### **Public**

- 1. Main Public Viewer
- 2. Trespassers
- 3. Grade Crossing Popup Viewer
- 4. Grade Crossing Mobile App

#### **System Requirements**

• Supported web-browsers: Internet Explorer 9 or higher, Firefox, Chrome

#### Main Public Viewer



#### **Availability**

• Public

#### **Capabilities**

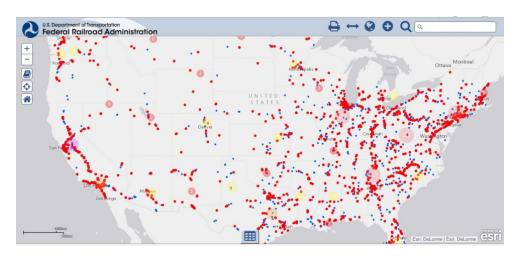
Provides access to FRA's publicly available
 GIS layers

#### **Data Considerations**

- Contains Class I network, Amtrak, and commuter rail lines
- All Main line track
- Grade crossing data is updated weekly from RRS systems

http://fragis.fra.dot.gov/GISFRASafety/

#### **Trespassers**



#### **Availability**

• Public

#### **Capabilities**

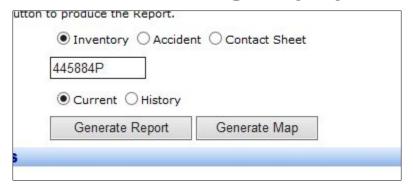
- Displays all railroad trespasser-related injuries and fatalities dating back to June 2011
- Intended to increase education, enforcement, and engineering efforts to reduce trespassing on railroad property

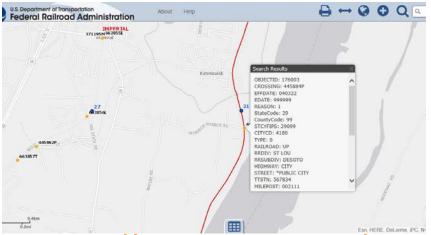
#### **Data Considerations**

- Trespassers are updated as needed
- Contains Class I network
- All Main line track

http://fragis.fra.dot.gov/Trespassers/

#### **Grade Crossing Popup Viewer**





#### **Availability**

Public

#### **Capabilities**

- Links from FRA's public Office of Safety Analysis website to provide visual / geographic views of grade crossings
- Viewer provides links to FRA grade crossing inventory and accident reports

#### **Data Considerations**

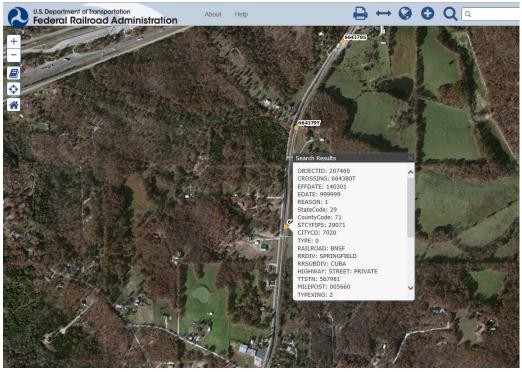
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http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/PublicSite/Crossing/Crossing.aspx

http://fragis.fra.dot.gov/FRA-PopupViewer/index.html?ZoomToCrossing=294553H

## Popup Viewer





## Rail Crossing Locator mobile app - Overview

- Android and Apple devices
- Locate crossings, view FRA Safety data and reports, contact FRA, and report emergencies via ENS
- Empowers public, (including transportation, emergency, and safety organizations) to join FRA's effort to further improve grade crossing safety
- ESRI Mobile SDK



## Next Steps

- Keeping the Network Updated
- Short lines
  - Developing a Strategic Plan for incorporating the short lines
- ► Validating Routes
- Routes by Commodity
- Change Management with the Railroads

# 2017 FRA Rail Program Delivery Meeting

## Thank you!

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