

APPENDIX F-I

Delineation Reports

APPENDIX F-I.1

Death Valley

Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
Environmental Consultants



**Investigation of the Presence of Wetlands and
Other Waters of the United States
DesertXpress Project
HUC 8 Death Valley - Lower Amargosa Watershed
Draining to Badwater Basin
San Bernardino County, California**



July 2010

Prepared for

**DesertXpress Enterprises, LLC
6750 Via Austi Parkway
Suite 250
Las Vegas, NV 89119**

By

**Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, CA 94901**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1	PROJECT PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF WORK	1
1.2	CONTACT INFORMATION	2
1.3	STUDY AREA	2
1.4	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	2
1.4.1	<i>Topography.....</i>	3
1.4.2	<i>Land Use.....</i>	3
1.4.3	<i>Geology and Soils.....</i>	3
1.4.4	<i>Biological Resources</i>	4
1.4.5	<i>Climate</i>	6
1.4.6	<i>Hydrology.....</i>	6
1.5	DISCLAIMER	7
2.0	REGULATORY FRAMEWORK.....	8
2.1	DEFINITION OF WETLANDS AND OTHER WATERS OF THE U.S.....	8
2.2	LIMITS OF JURISDICTION	9
2.3	IDENTIFICATION OF ORDINARY HIGH WATER MARKS (OHWM).....	9
2.4	WETLANDS DELINEATION CRITERIA	11
2.4.1	<i>Wetland Hydrology.....</i>	12
2.4.2	<i>Hydric Soils</i>	14
2.4.3	<i>Prevalence of Wetland Vegetation.....</i>	17
3.0	DELINEATION METHOD	20
3.1	OBJECTIVE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF STUDY AREA BOUNDARY	20
3.2	STUDY AREA RECONNAISSANCE	20
3.3	WETLANDS IDENTIFICATION AND DELINEATION	21
3.3.1	<i>Dominance of Wetland Vegetation</i>	21
3.3.2	<i>Presence of Hydric Soil Indicators.....</i>	21
3.3.3	<i>Presence of Wetland Hydrology Indicators.....</i>	21
3.4	IDENTIFICATION AND DELINEATION OF OTHER WATERS.....	22
3.5	MAPPING	23
4.0	TECHNICAL FINDINGS	24
4.1	FIELD INDICATORS OF HYDRIC SOILS.....	24
4.2	FIELD INDICATORS OF WETLAND HYDROLOGY CONDITIONS	24
4.2.1	<i>Field Indicators of Surface Flow.....</i>	25
4.2.2	<i>Landscape Features that Support Surface Flow.....</i>	26
4.2.3	<i>Landscape Features with a Recognizable OHWM</i>	27
4.3	FIELD INDICATORS OF WETLAND VEGETATION	27
4.4	PRESENCE OF WETLAND VEGETATION WITHIN NATURAL AND MANMADE DRAINAGES	28
5.0	AREAS POTENTIALLY SUBJECT TO JURISDICTION.....	29
5.1	WETLANDS.....	29
5.2	OTHER WATERS OF THE U.S.....	29
6.0	CWA JURISDICTIONAL ANALYSIS	30
6.1	REGULATORY BACKGROUND.....	30
6.2	REVIEW AREA	32
6.3	CWA ANALYSIS.....	32
6.3.1	<i>Are Jurisdictional Waters Present within the Study Area (Rapanos Guidance)?.....</i>	32
6.3.2	<i>Are There Isolated Waters within the Study Area?.....</i>	34

6.4	ARE NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS PRESENT WITHIN THE STUDY AREA?	36
6.5	JURISDICTIONAL ANALYSIS SUMMARY	36
6.6	DISCLAIMER	38
7.0	REFERENCES.....	39

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1a	Potential Geomorphic Indicators of Ordinary High Water Marks for the Arid West
Table 1b	Potential Vegetation Indicators of Ordinary High Water Marks for the Arid West
Table 2	Wetland Hydrology Indicators
Table 3	Wetland Hydrology Indicators for the Arid West
Table 4	Field Indicators of Hydric Soil Conditions
Table 5	Hydric Soil Indicators for the Arid West
Table 6	Summary of Process for Determining Jurisdiction Over Waters of the U.S. Under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act Following EPA and Corps Rapanos Guidance
Table 7	Summary of EPA and Corps Rapanos Analysis
Table 8	Interstate / Foreign Commerce Analysis
Table 9	Jurisdictional Analysis Summary

LIST OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit A	Figures
Figure 1	DesertXpress Project Alignment Alternatives
Figure 2	Location of Alignment Alternatives Within HUC-8 Watershed
Figure 3	Location of Study Area
Figure 4	Location of Study Area Within HUC-8 / HUC-12 Watersheds
Figures 5-12	Typical Examples of Field Indicators of Active Surface Water Flow and Ordinary High Water Marks Found Within Ephemeral Drainages Occurring Within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.
Figures 13-19	Examples of Drainages Found Within HUC-8 Watershed
Exhibit B	Field Data
Exhibit B1	Required Corps Waters Data Summary Table
Exhibit B2	Field Data
Exhibit C	Representative Areas Potentially Excluded from Corps Jurisdiction Based on Corps-EPA Rapanos Guidance, DesertXpress Project, HUC 8 Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed Draining to Badwater Basin
Exhibit D	Hydrology Maps for CWA Jurisdictional Analysis

This report should be cited as: Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc. 2010. *Investigation of the Presence of Wetlands and Other Waters of the United States, DesertXpress Project, HUC 8 Death Valley - Lower Amargosa Watershed Draining to Badwater Basin, San Bernardino County, California.* Prepared for DesertXpress Enterprises, LLC, Las Vegas, Nevada. July. 40 pp. plus Exhibits.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Purpose and Scope of Work

DesertXpress Enterprises, LLC (DXE) is proposing to construct and operate a dedicated two-tracked high speed passenger railway and associated operations and maintenance facilities between Victorville, California, and Las Vegas, Nevada (DesertXpress Project; Exhibit A, Figure 1). A Draft Environmental Impact Statement was issued for the project in March of 2009 and the Final EIS is nearing completion. A Supplemental Draft EIS has been prepared and will be issued shortly to address certain modifications to the proposed alignment and station locations made by the Applicant, DXE, in response to various comments made on the Draft. The U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) is the lead agency responsible for preparing the project Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).

In preparation for the permit phase of the project, DXE has retained Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc. (HBG) to investigate the presence of wetlands and other waters potentially subject to Corps and EPA regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) along the DesertXpress Project's preferred and alternative alignments and study areas for the stations and ancillary facilities.

For the purpose of the jurisdictional delineation study the proposed DesertXpress Project has been divided into six areas using the USGS HUC 8¹ level of watershed classification. The scope of this report is to evaluate the presence or absence of wetlands and waters potentially subject to Corps CWA jurisdiction within the proposed DesertXpress Project alignments and facilities located within the HUC 8 Death Valley - Lower Amargosa watershed, which drains to Badwater Basin (Exhibit A, Figure 2 and Exhibit D). Badwater Basin, an ephemeral dry lake with no hydrological surface water outlet, is in Death Valley, California, and is at the lowest elevation in the United States (- 282 feet msl).

This study was conducted in accordance with *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) definitions of jurisdictional waters, the Corps' 1987 *Wetlands Delineation Manual*, the Corps' 2008 *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*, and supporting guidance documents. The remaining portions of Section 1.0 provide project contact information, describe the location of the Study Area and provide technical details regarding the general environmental conditions found within the Study Area, including relevant technical information from the Draft EIS regarding water resource data and biological and cultural resource information. Section 2.0 provides regulatory background information and

¹ HUC = U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Hydrologic Unit Code. The Hydrologic Unit system is a standardized watershed classification system developed by USGS in the mid 1970s. Hydrologic units are watershed boundaries organized in a nested hierarchy by size. They range in size from national regions, to the smaller cataloging units (HUCs), which are roughly equivalent to local watershed.

details regarding the technical criteria and types of field indicators evaluated for during the study. Section 3.0 provides a detailed description of the methods used during this investigation. Section 4.0 provides a description of technical findings and Section 5.0 describes the types of areas found that potentially may be subject to Corps CWA jurisdiction. Section 6.0 is a Clean Water Act jurisdictional analysis using the Rapanos Guidance.

HBG is seeking, on behalf of DXE, a Verified Jurisdictional Determination pursuant to applicable Corps guidance documents.

1.2 Contact Information

<i>Project Owner Contact</i>	<i>Applicant's Agent & Wetland Regulatory Scientist</i>
<p>DesertXpress Enterprises, LLC 6750 Via Austi Parkway Suite 250 Las Vegas, NV 89119</p> <p><u><i>Contact:</i></u> Tom Stone (702) 491-8940 tstone@transmaxgroup.com</p>	<p>Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc 828 Mission Avenue San Rafael, California 94901</p> <p><u><i>Contact:</i></u> Terry Huffman, Ph.D. (415) 925-2000 thuffman@h-bgroup.com</p>

1.3 Study Area

The Study Area for this investigation is defined as the area where potential ground disturbing components of the proposed project would occur based on the alternatives identified and analyzed in conjunction with the EIS and Supplemental EIS prepared for the DesertXpress Project. The Study Area encompasses the eastern portion of the DesertXpress Project route Segment 3 Alternative 3B from Halloran Summit to Mountain Pass in San Bernardino County, California (Exhibit A, Figure 3). This portion of DesertXpress Project Segment 3 Alternative 3B comprises approximately 15.1 miles within the I-15 right of way on the north side of the freeway.

1.4 Environmental Setting

The Study Area encompasses those portions of the proposed DesertXpress Project alignment alternative and facilities in and adjacent to the north freeway right of way that lie within the following five HUC-12 sub-watersheds (Exhibit A, Figure 4):

- Halloran Summit
- Rock Tank
- Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash
- Ord Tank
- Piute Valley

These HUC-12 watersheds are at the southeast boundary of the larger (HUC-8) Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203). Seasonal runoff from these HUC-12 watersheds collects in Kingston Wash, just north of I-15 in the Shadow Valley. Kingston Wash flows to its confluence with Salt Creek; Salt Creek flows generally west and north to the Amargosa River west of the Salt Spring Hills and Little Dumont Dunes. Here, the Amargosa flows into Death Valley and terminates in Badwater Basin, an isolated dry lake that is the lowest point on the landscape. All these waters are ephemeral.

1.4.1 Topography

The study area is within the Mojave Desert Geomorphic Province. The Mojave Desert Geomorphic Province is characterized by mountain ranges and hills of moderate relief that are partially buried and separated by broad alluviated basins.

Maximum elevations in the Study Area range from approximately 4,000 feet MSL at Halloran Summit at the west end of the Study Area to 4,730 feet MSL at Mountain Pass at the east end of the Study Area. Lowest elevation is approximately 3,700 feet MSL in the basin between the summits.

1.4.2 Land Use

This section of the DesertXpress route falls within the I-15 transportation corridor. On the south side of I-15, BLM owns an approximately half-mile buffer strip, with Mojave National Preserve, a designated national park unit, adjacent to the south, except in the Mountain Pass area where BLM holds a larger area.

On the north side of the freeway along most of this portion of the route, BLM is the landowner, with land designated as part of the Shadow Valley Desert Wildlife Management Area from near Halloran Springs Road in T15N, R10E eastward through Section 17, T16N, 13E. At Mountain Pass, Molycorp Minerals' Mountain Pass Mine produces high quality rare earth oxides, including cerium, lanthanum, neodymium, praseodymium and europium, for clean energy technologies, advanced water filtration systems, and national defense on BLM land.

1.4.3 Geology and Soils

Halloran Summit

The Halloran Summit area comprises a large body of Tertiary-Mesozoic age granitic rock (gr, TKq) that is overlain by younger Pleistocene age volcanic basalt flows (Qpv, Qeb). The granitic rock body is intruded into an older, Precambrian metamorphic rock unit composed of gneiss (epC, pCg) on the west side of the Halloran Summit. Segment 3 Alternative 3B is underlain by the gneissic rock and younger alluvium (Qal) on the west side of the summit. Younger alluvium is mapped at the Halloran Summit pass but is underlain at relatively shallow depth by granitic and/or volcanic rock. The inactive Halloran fault runs parallel to I-15 in this area.

Halloran Summit – Mountain Pass

In the Shadow Valley between Halloran Summit and Mountain Pass, Segment 3 Alternative 3B would be underlain by younger valley and fan alluvium (Qal). A small exposure of Paleozoic age dolomite (IP/l_s, D_{CEg}, D_{CEgb1}) is on the southwest side of Shadow Valley, and younger lacustrine deposits (Ql) from the Valley Wells lake bed are on the valley bottom. Ascending from Shadow Valley up to Mountain Pass, the segment crosses Pliocene-Pleistocene non-marine sediments (Qc, Qoa) that are along the base of the Mescal Range and Clark Mountain Range that comprise the Mountain Pass area.

These geologic units and associated soils are described below:

Geologic Unit (Symbol[s])	Geologic Age	Description - Soils
Younger alluvial valley and fan sediments (Qal)	Holocene	Unconsolidated valley alluvial deposits of silt, sand, and gravel; alluvial fan deposits.
Younger lacustrine deposits (Ql)	Holocene	Lake and playa sediments including clay, silt, and fine sand; Soda Lake bed sediments.
Older alluvial deposits (Qc, Qoa)	Pleistocene And Plio-Pleistocene	Dissected alluvial gravel, sand, and silt; continental terrace deposits of gravel, sand, silt, and clay.
Marine sedimentary and meta-sedimentary rocks (CM)	Paleozoic - Mississippian	Limestone and dolomite; includes Monte Cristo limestone of Hewett, 1956.
Marine sedimentary and meta-sedimentary rocks (Ds, Dsi)	Paleozoic – Devonian	Sultan limestone of Hewett, 1956, including ironside Dolomite members.
Marine sedimentary and meta-sedimentary rocks (IP/l _s , D _{CEg} , D _{CEgb1})	Paleozoic – Cambrian And Devonian	Dolomite and Limestone with thin interbedded Shale and Sandstone; Goodsprings Dolomite and Carbonate Rocks including Breccia of Hewett, 1956.
Metamorphic rocks (epe, peg, pega, pegc, pegb)	Precambrian	Undifferentiated injection gneiss, schist, granitic gneiss, granite augen gneiss complex.
Granitic rocks (pegr)	Precambrian	Undivided syenite, shonkite, granite stocks, and dikes, including carbonate veins and irregular bodies in Mountain Pass area.

1.4.4 Biological Resources

In the Shadow Valley between Halloran Summit and Mountain Pass, the Study Area crosses disturbed habitats, creosote bush scrub, and saltbush scrub. Joshua tree woodland vegetation occurs between 2,500 and 4,500 feet in areas that receive 6 to 15 inches of rain a year; it has been mapped within the DesertXpress route between Halloran summit and Cima Road and between Cima Road and Mountain Pass. Mesquite bosque habitat has been mapped at Mountain Pass. The entire Mojave Desert is potential desert tortoise habitat. The following is a list of biological resources in the Study Area.

Biological Resources in the Study Area & Vicinity			
Biological Resource	Federal/State/BLM/HCPStatus	Description	Potential for Occurrence
Special-Status Plant Species			
Rusby's desert-mallow	-/-/S/NE	One California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDDB) occurrence 1.5 miles north of project study area at Kingston Wash.	Yes
Desert pincushion	-/-/-/-	CNDDDB occurrences adjacent to alignment at Kingston Wash and at west end of Mountain Pass.	Yes
Hairy erioneuron	-/-/-/-	One CNDDDB occurrence approximately one mile south of project study area at west end of Mountain Pass.	Yes
Aven Nelson's phacelia	-/-/-/-	One CNDDDB occurrence adjacent to alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Scaly cloak fern	-/-/-/NE	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Mormon needle grass	-/-/-/-	CNDDDB occurrences on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Nine-awned pappus grass	-/-/-/NE	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Wright's bedstraw	-/-/S/NE	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Clark Mountain spurge	-/-/-/-	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Gilman's cymopterus	-/-/-/NE	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Sky-blue phacelia	-/-/-/-	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Chamber's physaria	-/-/-/-	One CNDDDB occurrence on southern edge of Clark Mountain north of alignment at Mountain Pass.	Yes
Special-Status Wildlife Species			
Saratoga Springs pupfish	--/SSC/--/--	CNDDDB occurrence within 10 miles of project study area. No suitable habitat in project study area.	No
Banded Gila Monster	--/SSC/S/W, NE	No CNDDDB occurrences within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable habitat occurs in rocky habitat	Yes
Desert tortoise	T/T/--/W, NE	Desert tortoises observed during 2007 surveys. Suitable habitat occurs in washes crossed by I-15.	Yes

Biological Resources in the Study Area & Vicinity			
Biological Resource	Federal/State/BLM/HCPStatus	Description	Potential for Occurrence
Bendire's thrasher	--/SSC/S/W, NE	Several CNDDDB occurrences in project study area. Suitable habitat in Joshua tree woodland.	Yes
Crissal thrasher	--/SSC/--/NE	No CNDDDB occurrences within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable habitat in larger washes.	Yes
Golden Eagle	PR/SSC,FP/--/NE	No CNDDDB occurrences within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable nesting habitat in rocky habitat	Yes
Le Conte's thrasher	--/SSC/--/W, NE	No CNDDDB occurrences within project study area. Suitable habitat throughout project study area in desert scrub communities.	Yes
Prairie falcon	--/SSC/--/NE	No CNDDDB occurrences within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable nesting habitat in rocky habitat.	Yes
Western burrowing owl	--/SSC/S/W, NE	No occurrences within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable habitat occurs throughout project study area in desert scrub and agricultural habitats.	Yes
Desert bighorn sheep	--/ FP/S/W, NE	CNDDDB records indicate suitable habitat within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable habitat does occur within project study area.	Yes
Hoary bat	--/SSC/--/--	One CNDDDB occurrence within 10 miles of project study area. No suitable roosting habitat n project study area.	No
Townsend's big-eared bat	--/SSC/S/W, NE	One CNDDDB occurrence within 10 miles of project study area. Suitable roosting habitat in project study area.	Yes

1.4.5 Climate

The Mojave Desert has an arid to semi-arid climate; the area is in the rain shadow of 5,000 to 11,000-foot high mountains west of the area. About 2/3 of average annual precipitation occurs between November and March, when winter storms move east from the Pacific Ocean. Precipitation amounts are higher in the mountains, ranging from about 4 inches annually in lower areas, with precipitation over 12 inches annually in the highest elevations. In the higher mountains, winter precipitation may occur as snow. Precipitation in the summer comes as short, intense, and localized thunderstorms; much of this rain is lost to evapotranspiration, particularly if the storm is a small one. The farther east in the Mojave, summer storms are more frequent, as they arrive from Arizona to the south. (NPS 1999). Annual precipitation ranges from 5 to 10 inches.

1.4.6 Hydrology

Surface water

Ephemeral seasonal runoff from the HUC-12 watersheds in this portion of the DesertXpress route drain north to Kingston Wash just north of I-15 in the Shadow Valley. These watersheds comprise a portion of the larger (HUC-8) Death Valley-Lower

Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203). Kingston Wash flows to Salt Creek; Salt Creek flows generally west and north to the Amargosa River, and the Amargosa flows into Death Valley, terminating in Badwater Basin.

Groundwater

Upper Kingston Valley Groundwater Basin (DWR Basin 6-22) is bounded by the Mesquite Mountains on the north, the Ivanpah and Clark mountains on the east, the Shadow Mountains on the west, and Teutonia Peak on the south. The basin underlies a northwest-trending valley. Kingston Wash is in the northwest part of the basin at an elevation of approximately 3,000 feet msl. The principal water-bearing unit in the basin is Quaternary alluvium having a maximum thickness of at least 400 feet. Replenishment of the basin is chiefly from the percolation of runoff through alluvial fan deposits at the base of the Ivanpah and Clark mountains. Groundwater in the younger and underlying older alluvium moves northward towards Kingston Wash and probably discharges as subsurface outflow to the Valjean Valley

1.5 Disclaimer

Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc. has conducted a thorough historical review and site investigation and made a good-faith effort herein to thoroughly describe and document the presence of potential factors that the Corps may consider in determining jurisdiction under their CWA jurisdiction as part of the Corps jurisdictional verification / determination process, however, DXE reserves the right to challenge or seek revision to any areas over which the Corps may assert jurisdiction.

2.0 REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

2.1 Definition of Wetlands and Other Waters of the U.S.

Section 404 of the Federal Clean Water Act authorizes the Corps to regulate activities that discharge dredged or fill material to wetlands and other waters of the United States. As described by EPA's and the Corps' regulations (40 CFR § 230.3(s) and 33 CFR § 328.3(a), respectively), the term "waters of the United States" encompasses the following resources:

- (1) All waters which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide;
- (2) All interstate waters including interstate wetlands;
- (3) All other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate or foreign commerce including any such waters:
 - (i) Which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes; or
 - (ii) From which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce; or
 - (iii) Which are used or could be used for industrial purpose by industries in interstate commerce
- (4) All impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the United States under the definition;
- (5) Tributaries of waters identified in paragraphs (a) (1) through (4) of this section;
- (6) The territorial seas;
- (7) Wetlands adjacent to waters (other than waters that are themselves wetlands) identified in paragraphs (a) (1) through (6) of this section.

EPA and the Corps define wetlands as:

...those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. (EPA regulations at 40 CFR § 230.3(t); Corps regulations at 33 CFR § 328.3(b)).

2.2 Limits of Jurisdiction

The following provides the regulatory definitions and criteria followed in determining the geographic extent of potential EPA/Corps jurisdiction as applicable to inland waters.

The geographic limits of relevant federal jurisdiction for non-tidal waters of the U.S. are defined as follows at 33 CFR § 328.4(c):

Non-Tidal Waters of the United States: The limits of jurisdiction in non-tidal waters:

- (1) In the absence of adjacent wetlands, the jurisdiction extends to the ordinary high water mark.
- (2) When adjacent wetlands are present, the jurisdiction extends beyond the ordinary high water mark to the limit of the adjacent wetlands.
- (3) When the water of the United States consists only of wetlands the jurisdiction extends to the limit of the wetland.

The terms “adjacent” and “ordinary high water mark,” used in the above definition, are defined at 33 CFR § 328.3 as follows:

The term *adjacent* means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the United States by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes and the like are “adjacent wetlands.” (33 CFR § 328.3(c))

The term *ordinary high water mark* means that line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics such as clear, natural line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in the character of soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas. (33 CFR § 328.3(e))

A site must meet certain water, soil, and vegetation criteria to qualify as a jurisdictional wetland. The Corps’ 1987 *Wetlands Delineation Manual* and various regional supplements describe these criteria and the methods used to determine whether they are met and the geographic extent of wetland areas identified in the field.

2.3 Identification of Ordinary High Water Marks (OHWM)

The Corps definition of Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) provides the criterion by which the OHWM line can be identified which consists of “*that line on the shore established by fluctuations of water and indirect physical characteristics*” (33 CFR § 328.3(e)). The Corps has developed a delineation manual for the identification of OHWMs within the Arid West Region, entitled *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual* (Lichvar and McColley 2008). Tables 1a and 1b, below provide a summarized listing from the manual of indicators associated with areas that become flood or ponded, but are not dominated by wetland vegetation and the duration of

flooding, ponding and/or near surface soil saturation (≤ 12 inches) is not sufficient to cause hydric soils to form or wetland hydrology conditions to occur.

Table 1a. Potential Geomorphic Indicators of Ordinary High Water Marks for the Arid West *		
Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators		
(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In-stream dunes 2. Crested ripples 3. Flaser bedding 4. Harrow marks 5. Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6. Meander bars 7. Sand tongues 8. Muddy point bars 9. Long gravel bars 10. Cobble bars behind obstructions 11. Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12. Obstacle marks 13. Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14. Narrow berms and levees 15. Streaming lineations 16. Dessication / mud cracks 17. Armored mud balls 18. Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Valley flat 2. Active floodplain 3. Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4. Highest surface of channel bars 5. Top of point bars 6. Break in bank slope 7. Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8. Change in particle size distribution 9. Staining of rocks 10. Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11. Silt deposits 12. Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13. Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Desert pavement 2. Rock varnish 3. Clast weathering 4. Salt splitting 5. Carbonate etching 6. Depositional topography 7. Caliche rubble 8. Soil development 9. Surface color/tone 10. Drainage development 11. Surface relief 12. Surface rounding

* Adapted from *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual* (Lichvar and McColley 2008).

Table 1b. Potential Vegetation Indicators of Ordinary High Water Marks for the Arid West *			
Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators			
	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	1. Herbaceous marsh species 2. Pioneer tree seedlings 3. Sparse, low vegetation 4. Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5. Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals	1. Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2. Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3. Pioneer tree seedlings 4. Pioneer tree saplings	1. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2. Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3. Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4. Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5. Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6. Late-successional species
Mesoriparian indicators	6. Pioneer tree seedlings 7. Sparse, low vegetation 8. Pioneer tree saplings 9. Xeroriparian species	5. Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 6. ruderals 7. Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8. Pioneer tree seedlings 9. Pioneer tree saplings 10. Xeroriparian species 11. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals	7. Xeroriparian species 8. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9. Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10. Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11. Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12. Mature pioneer trees, xeric understory 13. Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14. Late-successional species 15. Upland species
Xeroriparian indicators	10. Sparse, low vegetation 11. Xeroriparian species 12. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals	12. Sparse, low vegetation 13. Xeroriparian species 14. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals	16. Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17. Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18. Upland species

* Adapted from *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual* (Lichvar and McColley 2008).

2.4 Wetlands Delineation Criteria

The Corps' 1987 *Wetlands Delineation Manual* identifies the key diagnostic criteria for determining the presence of wetlands. These include:

1. **Wetland Hydrology:** Inundation or saturation to the surface during the growing season.
2. **Hydric Soils:** Soils classified as hydric or that possess characteristics associated with reducing soil conditions.
3. **Predominance of Wetland Vegetation:** Vegetation classified as facultative, facultative wet, or obligate according to its tolerance of saturated (i.e., anaerobic) soil conditions.

Specific criteria used to determine the presence or absence of wetland hydrology, soil, and vegetation conditions are described in the sections below.

2.4.1 Wetland Hydrology

The 1987 Corps *Manual* states that wetland hydrology conditions occur when a “site is inundated either permanently or periodically at mean water depths less than or equal to 6.6 feet, or the soil is saturated to the surface at some time during the growing season of the prevalent vegetation.” Whether a site meets either of these criteria is determined by the presence of diagnostic indicators of wetland hydrology, which include those listed in Table 2.

Table 2. Wetland Hydrology Indicators (Based on 1987 Corps Manual and Corps Guidance Documents)	
Primary Indicators	Secondary Indicators
Watermarks	Oxidized Rhizospheres Associated with Living Roots
Drift Lines	Water-Stained Leaves
Water-Borne Sediment Deposits	FAC-Neutral Test
Drainage Patterns Within Wetlands	Local Soil Survey Data

A March 8, 1992, Corps memorandum entitled *Clarification and Interpretation of the 1987 Manual* provides further clarification:

Areas which are seasonally inundated and/or saturated to the surface for a consecutive number of days for more than 12.5 percent of the growing season are wetlands, provided the soil and vegetation parameters are met. Areas wet between 5 percent and 12.5 percent of the growing season in most years may or may not be wetlands. Sites saturated to the surface for less than 5 percent of the growing season are non-wetlands.

Wetland hydrology indicators have also been further defined and described in the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)* (Corps 2008). These indicators are similar to the indicators listed above from the 1987 Corps *Manual* and are presented in Table 3.

Table 3. Wetland Hydrology Indicators for the Arid West (Based on Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region, Version 2.0)		
	Primary Indicators <i>(any one indicator is sufficient to make a determination that wetland hydrology is present)</i>	Secondary Indicators <i>(two or more indicators are required to make a determination that wetland hydrology is present)</i>
Group A – Observation of Surface Water or Saturated Soils		
A1* – Surface Water	X	
A2 – High Water Table	X	
A3 – Saturation	X	
Group B – Evidence of Recent Inundation		
B1 – Water Marks	X (Nonriverine)	X (Riverine)
B2 – Sediment Deposits	X (Nonriverine)	X (Riverine)
B3 – Drift Deposits	X (Nonriverine)	X (Riverine)
B6 – Surface Soil Cracks	X	
B7 – Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery	X	
B9 – Water-Stained Leaves	X	
B10 – Drainage		X
B11 – Salt Crust	X	
B12 – Biotic Crust	X	
B13 – Aquatic Invertebrates	X	
Group C – Evidence of Current or Recent Soil Saturation		
C1 – Hydrogen Sulfide Odor	X	
C2 – Dry-Season Water Table		X
C3 – Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots	X	
C4 – Presence of Reduced Iron	X	
C6 – Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	X	
C7 – Thin Muck Surface	X	
C8 – Crayfish Burrows		X

Table 3. Wetland Hydrology Indicators for the Arid West (Based on Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region, Version 2.0)		
	Primary Indicators (<i>any one indicator is sufficient to make a determination that wetland hydrology is present</i>)	Secondary Indicators (<i>two or more indicators are required to make a determination that wetland hydrology is present</i>)
C9 – Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery		X
Group D – Evidence from Other Site Conditions or Data		
D3 – Shallow Aquitard		X
D5 – FAC-Neutral Test		X
* Denotes number of wetland hydrology indicator described in detail in the <i>Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)</i> .		

2.4.2 Hydric Soils

The 1987 Corps *Manual* states that the diagnostic environmental characteristics indicative of wetland soil conditions are met when "soils are present and have been classified as hydric, or they possess characteristics that are associated with reducing soil conditions." According to the Manual, indicators of soils developed under reducing conditions may include:

1. Organic soils (Histosols);
2. Histic epipedons;
3. Sulfidic material;
4. Aquic or peraquic moisture regime;
5. Reducing soil conditions;
6. Soil colors (chroma of 2 or less);
7. Soil appearing on hydric soils list; and
8. Iron and manganese concretions.

A February 20, 1992, Corps memorandum entitled *Regional Interpretation of the 1987 Manual* states that the most recent version of National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (NTCHS) hydric soil criteria will be used (to make hydric soil determinations). These soil criteria specify at least 15 consecutive days of saturation or 7 days of inundation (flooding or ponding) during the growing season in most years.

The concept of hydric soils includes soils developed under sufficiently wet conditions to support the growth and regeneration of hydrophytic vegetation. Soils that are sufficiently wet because of artificial measures are included in the concept of hydric soils. Also, soils in which the hydrology has been artificially modified are hydric if the soil, in an unaltered state, was hydric. Some series, designated as hydric, have phases that are not hydric depending on water table, flooding, and ponding characteristics. As indicated above, like the NRCS, the Corps has typically accepted guidance for the identification of hydric soils developed by the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (NTCHS). The

NTCHS, a working group organized by NRCS, has developed criteria for identifying and mapping hydric soils throughout the United States and defines a hydric soil as “a soil that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part [of the soil profile]” (<http://soils.usda.gov/use/hydric/intro.html>). The most recent (2000) version of the NTCHS hydric soils criteria identifies those soils that are likely to meet this definition. These criteria, which are accepted by most state and federal agencies, are as follows (<http://soils.usda.gov/use/hydric/criteria.html>):

1. All Histels except Folistels and Histosols except Folists, or
2. Soils in Aquic suborders, great groups, or subgroups, Albolls suborder, Historthels great group, Histoturbels great group, Andic, Vitrandic, and Pachic subgroups, or Cumulic subgroups that are:
 - a. Somewhat poorly drained with a water table equal to 0.0 foot (ft) from the surface during the growing season, or
 - b. poorly drained or very poorly drained and have either:
 - (i.) water table equal to 0.0 ft during the growing season if textures are coarse sand, sand, or fine sand in all layers within 20 inches (in), or for other soils,
 - (ii.) water table at less than or equal to 0.5 ft from the surface during the growing season if permeability is equal to or greater than 6.0 in/hour (h) in all layers within 20 in, or
 - (iii.) water table at less than or equal to 1.0 ft from the surface during the growing season if permeability is less than 6.0 in/h in any layer within 20 in, or
3. Soils that are frequently ponded for a long duration or a very long duration (7 to 30 days) during the growing season, or
4. Soils that are frequently flooded for a long duration or a very long duration (7 to 30 days) during the growing season.

On the basis of computer database searches for soils meeting the second criterion, NRCS has developed hydric soils lists for many parts of the country. Although they are useful for determining whether a particular soil series *has the potential to support current hydric soil conditions*, caution should be used when using these lists for site-specific hydric soil determinations. Many soils on the lists have ranges in water table depths and other characteristics that allow them to be either hydric or nonhydric depending on landscape position and other site-specific factors (e.g., soil clay content, depth to bedrock). Accordingly, hydric soils lists are good ancillary tools to facilitate wetland determinations, but are not a substitute for onsite investigations.

Field indicators of hydric soils are morphological properties known to be associated with soils that meet the definition of a hydric soil. Presence of one or more field indicators suggests that processes associated with hydric soil formation have taken place on the site being observed. The field indicators are essential for hydric soil identification because

once formed, they persist in the soil during both wet and dry seasonal periods. However, few hydric soil indicators identify soils at a site as being currently hydric in accordance with the NCHS hydric soils criteria described above. Field indicators of hydric soil conditions are listed in Table 4:

Table 4. Field Indicators of Hydric Soil Conditions (Based on 1987 Corps Manual and Corps Guidance Documents)	
1. Indicators of Historical Hydric Soil Conditions:	2. Indicators of Current Hydric Soil Conditions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Histosols b. Histic epipedons; c. Soil colors (e.g., gleyed or low-chroma colors, soils with bright mottles (Redoximorphic features) and/or depleted soil matrix d. High organic content in surface of sandy soils e. Organic streaking in sandy soils f. Iron and manganese concretions g. Soil listed on county hydric soils list 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Aquic or peraquic moisture regime (inundation and/or soil saturation for ≥ 7 continuous days) b. Reducing soil conditions (inundation and/or soil saturation for ≥ 7 continuous days) c. Sulfidic material (rotten egg smell)

The presence of one or more of the field indicators in “1 a, b, c, and/or d” above suggests that historical processes associated with hydric soil development have taken place at a given site. These indicators are useful in determining if soils at a site were historically formed under hydric soil conditions because the indicators persist in soils during both wet and dry periods and may remain for decades and even centuries after changes in site conditions occur that inhibit subsequent wetland development, such as the elimination of wetland hydrology (NRCS 1995). However, only the presence of field indicators “2 a, b, and/or c” confirms that hydric soils occur at a site during the period of observation.

Hydric soil indicators have also been further defined and described in the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)* (Corps 2008). These indicators are similar to those listed above from the 1987 Corps Manual and are presented below in Table 5.

Table 5. Hydric Soil Indicators for the Arid West			
(Based on Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region, Version 2.0)			
Hydric Soil Indicators			Hydric Soil Indicators for Problem Soils**
All Soils	Sandy Soils	Loamy & Clayey Soils	
A1* – Histosol	S1 – Sandy Mucky Mineral	F1 – Loamy Mucky Mineral	A9 – 1 cm Muck
A2 – Histic Epipedon	S4 – Sandy Gleyed Matrix	F2 – Loamy Gleyed Matrix	A10 – 2 cm Muck
A3 – Black Histic	S5 – Sandy Redox	F3 – Depleted Matrix	F18 – Reduced Vertic
A4 – Hydrogen Sulfide	S6 – Stripped Matrix	F6 – Redox Dark Surface	TF2 – Red Parent Material
A5 – Stratified Layers	--	F7 – Depleted Dark Surface	Other (See Section 5 of the Regional Supplement, Version 2.0)--
A9 – 1 cm Muck	--	F8 – Redox Depressions	--
A11 – Depleted Below Dark Surface	--	F9 – Vernal Pools	--
A12 – Thick Dark Surface	--	--	--

* Denotes number of hydric soil indicator described in detail in *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*.

** Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

It should also be noted for problematic areas that the 2008 Corps Regional Supplement specifies 14 days continuous ponding as an acceptable indicator of problematic hydric soils (USACE 2008, p. 101).

2.4.3 Prevalence of Wetland Vegetation

Species Classifications

Species classifications (e.g., tolerance of anaerobic soil conditions) are determined by consulting the *National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands* (Reed 1988) and the relevant regional lists, which are published by FWS' National Wetlands Inventory (NWI). Regional Interagency Review Panels develop the lists by determining species' estimated probability of occurrence in wetlands vs. non-wetlands. Classifications are made by unanimous agreement of the Panel. If the Panel is unable to reach a unanimous decision on the status of a species, "no agreement" (NA) is recorded. If insufficient information exists to determine the status of a species, "no indicator" (NI) is recorded. Species that are not included in the NWI list are assigned a "not listed" (NL) designation in this report.

The resulting NWI lists include plants that grow in a range of soil conditions from permanently wet to dry. Species are divided into the following “indicator categories:”

1. **“Obligate wetland” (OBL)** species, which, under natural conditions, occur almost always in wetlands (estimated probability >99 percent);
2. **“Facultative wetland” (FACW)** species, which usually occur in wetlands (estimated probability 67 – 99 percent), but are occasionally found in non-wetlands;
3. **“Facultative” (FAC)** species, which are equally likely to occur in wetlands or non-wetlands (estimated probability 34 – 66 percent);
4. **“Facultative upland” (FACU)** species, which sometimes occur in wetlands (estimated probability 1 – 33 percent), but more often occur in non-wetlands; and
5. **“Obligate upland” (UPL)** species, which occur in wetlands in other regions, but, under natural conditions, occur almost always in non-wetlands in the region specified (estimated probability >99 percent).

Species that have an indicator status of OBL, FACW, and FAC are typically considered to be adapted for life in anaerobic soil conditions (Corps 1987) and are used as evidence of hydrophytic vegetation when they dominate plant community composition or cover. Despite widespread use of the lists for wetland delineations, it is important to note that wetland indicator species assignments are not based on the results of a statistical analysis of species occurrence. The indicator assignments are approximations of wetland affinity based on a synthesis of submitted review comments, published botanical literature, and the field experience of the members of the Interagency Review Panel. For this reason and because many plants have properties that enable them to occur in a range of microhabitats (i.e., wetlands and non-wetlands), the presence of wetland indicator species is not unequivocal evidence of the presence of wetland hydrology and hydric soils. A positive indicator or indicators of wetlands should be emphasized, such as an assemblage of plants that can only be considered “hydrophytes” when they are growing in water or partly drained hydric soils (not effectively drained hydric soils) (Corps 1987). From the FWS perspective, all species on the NWI plant lists are hydrophytes at one time or another and the wetland indicator status (OBL, FACW, FAC, or FACU) reflects the likelihood that a given individual of a species is a hydrophyte or a certain population of these plants is hydrophytic. While OBL and FACW species are the most reliable plant indicators of wetlands, FAC and FACU species also contain populations of hydrophytes (Tiner 2006).

For the reasons stated above, the 1987 Corps *Manual* does not solely rely on the presence of hydrophytic vegetation to make wetland determinations.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Definitions

The Corps’ 1987 *Manual* states that the wetland vegetation conditions are met when the prevalent vegetation (i.e., more than 50 percent of vegetation cover or tree basal area) consists of macrophytes that are typically adapted to sites having wetland hydrologic and soil conditions (e.g., periodic or continuous inundation or soil saturation). Hydrophytic vegetation is defined as “plant life growing in water or on a substrate that is at least

periodically deficient in oxygen as a result of excessive water content” (Cowardin *et al.* 1979). Hydrophytic vegetative species, due to morphological, physiological, and/or reproductive adaptation(s), have the ability to grow, effectively compete, reproduce, and/or persist in anaerobic soil conditions. Positive indicators of the presence of hydrophytic vegetation include:

1. More than 50 percent of the dominant species are rated as Obligate ("OBL"), Facultative Wet ("FACW"), or Facultative ("FAC") on lists of plant species that occur in wetlands (see Reed 1988 for California);
2. Visual observations of plant species growing in sites of prolonged inundation or soil saturation; and
3. Reports in the technical literature indicating the prevalent vegetation is commonly found in saturated soils.

Hydrophytic vegetation indicators have been further defined and described in the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)* (Corps 2008). These indicators include:

1. Dominance Test. More than 50 percent of the dominant plant species across all strata are rated OBL, FACW, or FAC.
2. Prevalence Index. The prevalence index is 3.0 or less with indicators of hydric soils and wetland hydrology being present.
3. Morphological Adaptations. The plant community passes either the dominance test or the prevalence index after reconsideration of the indicator status of certain plant species that exhibit morphological adaptations for life in wetlands.

3.0 DELINEATION METHOD

This study was conducted in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) definitions of jurisdictional waters, the Corps' 1987 *Wetlands Delineation Manual*, the Corps' 2008 *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*, *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual*, and supporting guidance documents. The following provides an overview of the objective of the delineation approach, how the Study Area is defined, and the methods used to identify and map (delineate) areas potentially subject to Corps jurisdiction under Section 404 of the CWA.

3.1 Objective and Establishment of Study Area Boundary

The objective of this investigation is to identify and map areas potentially meeting the Clean Water Act definition of wetlands and Other Waters of the United States within the potential impact footprint of the DesertXpress Project. This impact footprint, which is encompassed within the Study Area, includes the proposed alignment and any alternative alignment and support facilities such as passenger stations and operations and maintenance facilities (e.g., maintenance yard, power substations, and transmission lines).

Temporary construction areas for equipment and materials laydown, new access roads, and borrow areas are also included within the Study Area. The boundary of the Study Area also represents a slightly larger area (increased alignment and facility ROW width by an average of 200 feet) to accommodate potential minor changes in the impact footprint.

3.2 Study Area Reconnaissance

Prior to initiating detailed field survey work, existing land forms within the Study Area that may potentially contain wetlands or other waters of the United States were identified by conducting vehicle and pedestrian on-site reconnaissance inspections during the month of April 2010 in conjunction with review of the following information:

- Aerial photography and satellite imagery of the area;
- USGS topographic mapping;
- NRCS soils mapping;
- Engineer scale topographic mapping of segment alternatives
- USGS National Hydrology Dataset; and
- Preliminary level vegetation mapping and wetland / OHWM data collection efforts conducted during February and March 2008 and September and October 2009 as part of an on-going Federal EIS process by the FRA's EIS contractor.

The above efforts led to the development, in coordination with Corps regulatory staff, and use of the project-specific methods described below.

3.3 Wetlands Identification and Delineation

Field surveys designed to identify the presence or absence of field indicators of wetland vegetation, soils and hydrology conditions were conducted within low-lying landscape features where wetlands could potentially occur. These field surveys were conducted during the months of April, May, and June 2010 after the detailed methodology was reviewed and approved by Corps staff during May 2010.

3.3.1 Dominance of Wetland Vegetation

Presence or absence of a dominance of wetland vegetation / hydrophytes within the Study Area was evaluated using the methodology described in Sections 2.2 and 2.4.3. Indicator status of plants was confirmed by referring to the *National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: 1988 National Summary* (Reed). Plant cover data were collected for individual species associated within and immediately adjacent to the landscape features identified during the site reconnaissance survey as having the potential to meet the Corps' technical criteria for wetlands. Plant cover was visually estimated within 3-foot diameter plots at each soil sample location described below and was recorded on a Corps Wetland Determination Data Form – Arid West Region. Copies of completed data forms are provided in Exhibit B2. Subsequently, field data were analyzed to assess whether 50 percent or greater of the dominant species within the area sampled are hydrophytes. Sites that are depressional landforms that do not have a dominance of wetland vegetation forming at least 5 percent cover were not considered to be dominated by hydrophytes and were classified as a potential “other water of the United States” following the methodology described in Section 3.4, below, except if conditions for problematic vegetation were met as described in the Corps' 2008 *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*.

3.3.2 Presence of Hydric Soil Indicators

The presence or absence of hydric soil field indicators was evaluated following the methodology described in Section 2.3.2 using the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region* (Corps 2008). At each potential wetland sampling location within the Study Area, hand-dug soil pits were excavated to a minimum of 20 inches or until a limiting layer or standing water is reached. The presence or absence of hydric soil indicators found at each soil pit location was recorded on a Corps Wetland Determination Data Form – Arid West Region. Copies of completed data forms are provided in Exhibit B. For sampling locations where the possibility of problematic hydric soils is found, procedures for the identification of problematic hydric soils as defined by the above described publication were followed.

3.3.3 Presence of Wetland Hydrology Indicators

The presence or absence of wetland hydrology field indicators were assessed following the methodology described in Section 2.3.1 using the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)* (Corps 2008). The presence or absence of wetland hydrology indicators at each soil pit location was recorded on a Corps Wetland Determination Data Form – Arid West Region. Copies of completed data forms are provided in Exhibit B. For sampling locations where the

possibility of problematic hydrology indicators was found, procedures for the identification of problematic hydrology indicators, as defined by the above-described publication, were followed.

3.4 Identification and Delineation of Other Waters

Field surveys designed to identify the presence or absence of field indicators of an ordinary high water mark (OHWM) were conducted within low-lying landscape features where other waters of the United States could potentially occur. These field surveys were conducted during the months of April, May, and June 2010.

HBG identified drainages within each watershed that potentially met the Corps technical criteria for Other Waters of the United States (presence of field indicators of active surface water flow and associated Ordinary High Water Mark [OHWM]) using the following approach based on *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual*.

Initial efforts involved identification of all drainages within the Study Area having the potential for active surface flow. This was accomplished through field reconnaissance and imagery interpretation. Detailed sampling was then conducted to identify and delineated active drainages with an OHWM. This was accomplished by randomly sampling the identified drainages in a stratified manner by geographically dividing the Study Area into HUC 12 watershed units.

Field sampling within each HUC 12 watershed consisted of gathering OHWM data, including the measured width of the OHWM, for 3 to 5 main drainages (> 3 feet), if present, selected at random; and 6 to 10 (depending on watershed size) random samples of minor drainages (\leq 3 feet), if present. Each of the HCC 12 watersheds located within the Study Area was divided into approximate thirds. Then a minimum of, one major drainage and two minor drainages, if present, were sampled within each third of a watershed. Where the length of the watershed along the proposed DesertXpress Project alignment alternative was less than 5 miles, the watershed was divided into approximate halves, instead. If the minor drainages (\leq 3 feet) occurring within each one-third watershed varied in OHWM width by more than 33 percent, sampling was increased in that third of the watershed.

Drainage data for each of the watershed drainages sampled was collected on a standardized field data sheet (Exhibit B). Exhibit A, Figures 5-12 provide examples of the types of field indicators observed within various drainages located along the DesertXpress Project alternative alignments. Each field sampling point was memorialized using a handheld GPS unit with submeter accuracy. Where stormwater flows originated upslope of the side of I-15 opposite the alignment, those drainages were hydrologically cut off by the freeway during construction and channeled into detention basins and / or manmade drainages on that side of I-15. As a consequence, drainages on the proposed alignment side of I-15 were hydrologically cut off from their sources and no

longer technically meet the Corps OHWM criterion. This condition was noted on the field data sheets. Detailed OHWM indicator data for these historical drainage features was not collected.

All drainage data (field and photointerpreted drainage data) are summarized by HUC 12 watershed on the required LA District Excel JD Summary Data Sheet (see Exhibit B). Widths for active drainages identified through photointerpretation are based on an average width calculated from field data. The length of each drainage is based on photointerpretation. Standardized field data sheets, Corps Summary Data Sheets and representative photographs of various drainage features, and are provided in Exhibit B. The field data collected from each watershed was used to aid in the imagery interpretation process described in Section 3.5, below.

3.5 Mapping

Wetland indicator data sample locations and the locations of areas identified during field surveys that are potentially Other Waters of the United States due to the presence of an OHWM were mapped using a hand-held Trimble XT global positioning system (GPS) unit with sub-meter accuracy. This GPS data was incorporated into a Geographic Information System (GIS) and geo-referenced in overlay fashion onto digital orthorectified satellite imagery and/or high resolution aerial photograph depending on availability. Overlays were used to assist in analysis, identification, and digitization of the location and geographic extent of areas that could potentially qualify as waters of the United States. The imagery interpretation process involved the combined use of available imagery, field data, engineer level topographic mapping, field verification of mapped features and best professional judgment to map the geographic extent of areas potentially subject to Corps CWA jurisdiction. Exhibit C presents representative detailed mapping within the Study Area with field sampling points and delineated active linear drainage features with labeling indicating their average OHWM width overlaid onto orthorectified digital imagery. Based on guidance received from Corps staff, only representative ephemeral drainages were mapped within a watershed that drains to an isolated dry lake that has no surface water drainage outlet. Resulting mapping depicts representative ephemeral drainages within the Study Area and the surface water flow path from the Study Area to the isolated dry lake.

4.0 TECHNICAL FINDINGS

The following sections describe the landscape features and field indicators found within the Study Area that provide a technical basis for (a) determining the presence or absence of a potential water of the United States; and (b) defining the geographic extent of any potential water of the United States identified. Two types of landscape features were found that potentially contain waters of the United States. These include:

1. Natural drainages
2. Manmade drainages

4.1 Field Indicators of Hydric Soils

Based on field observations within the Study Area soil indicators were not found that meet the hydric soils criteria defined by current Corps' regulatory guidance, including the *2008 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region* (Version 2.0). On site observations of surface conditions, including road and channel bank cuts and interpretation of aerial photography revealed two primary soil types, desert pavement and more active wash sediments. On site examination revealed that soils or substrates within both natural drainages and manmade drainages consist of alluvial materials primarily made up of sorted sands and gravel, and are well drained, ranging from moderately well drained to excessively well drained.

4.2 Field Indicators of Wetland Hydrology Conditions

Based on field observations within the Study Area wetland hydrology indicators were not found that meet the wetland hydrology criteria defined by current Corps' regulatory guidance, including the *2008 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region* (Version 2.0). On site observations revealed evidence of flooding within the low-lying natural and manmade drainages. These observations also showed that there was no evidence of ponding and soil saturation for long to very long periods of time. The lack of ponding and soil saturation conditions meeting the wetland hydrology criteria is a direct result of the moderately well drained to excessively well drained alluvial soils.

Although wetland hydrology conditions were not found within the Study Area, the field indicators of active surface water flow or flooding found within natural and manmade drainages were sufficient enough to form Ordinary High Water Marks (OHWM). As indicated in Section 2.0, an OHWM provides a technical basis for (a) determining the presence a potential water of the United States; and (b) defining the geographic extent of potential water of the United States.

The natural and manmade drainages within the Study Area found with an OHWM exhibited the following characteristics which are discussed in detail in the following subsections:

1. Identifiable field indicators of surface flow
2. Identifiable landscape features that supports surface flow
3. Identifiable landscape features with a recognizable OHWM

Exhibit A, Figures 5-12 provides typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and OHWMs found within ephemeral drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area. Exhibit A, Figures 13-19 provide photographs of various types of drainages observed within the HUC 8 Death Valley - Lower Amargosa watershed.

4.2.1 Field Indicators of Surface Flow

Review of topographic mapping (USGS and Engineer scale) and imagery of the Study Area provided visual indication of the presence of curvilinear depressional land surface features where focused surface water flow could potentially be directed. Linear drainage features associated with road drainage and flood control were also found. Field investigations confirmed the presence of surface flow within a number of these channels or drainages while others lacked evidence / field indicators of active ephemeral surface water flow. No drainages were found to contain evidence of perennial or intermittent surface water flow, and no evidence of subsurface flow was found in the form of spring discharges, artesian flows or indicia of a high groundwater table. Observation of active natural and manmade ephemeral drainages revealed evidence of surface water / hydrologic connectivity with other active drainages within and outside the Study Area. These ephemeral drainages are locally referred to as “desert dry washes.” The manmade drainages served to redirect surface flow from altered natural drainages. Indicators of drainages having active surface water flow paths included (1) water marks defined by linear deposits of fine grained sediment, minerals and/or plant debris; (2) bank scour, erosion and/or shelving; (3) deposits of sorted alluvial materials; and (4) flow deposited woody and soft tissue plant debris (Exhibit B2).

Flow-deposited woody and soft tissue plant debris were typically absent in drainages that did not have active surface flow. If woody debris was present, the pieces observed were relatively thick (i.e., greater than ¼ inch) weathered limb or root material or milled posts or lumber. The wood pieces found were randomly placed and were not part of a collective flow line of deposited woody and/or soft tissue plant debris, which would be indicative of an active channel. The historical drainages were found to possess one or more of the same type of indicators found in active drainages, but the indicators found were considerably weathered. Surface flow indicators such as bank scour, erosion and shelving areas had rounded edges in contrast to those found in active drainages having angular edges. Water marks defined by linear deposits of fine grained sediment and minerals, and sorted alluvial materials such as gravels, cobbles and boulders were etched or varnished from weathering. The historical drainages were found to consist of the historical remains of channel drainages that were abandoned due to upslope changes in drainage due to either channel down-cutting or the channel becoming abandoned as the surface drainage became redirected or changed course due to deposition of alluvial material damming the channel flow path. The historical drainages were found to lack

indicators of active flow.

Surface water flow patterns were also found within various portions of the landscape that were relatively flat. These surface flow areas were defined by flow-deposited fine grained sediment or soft tissue plant debris. The visible surface flow pattern at these locations would continue for several feet then disappear either on a relatively flat soil surface or localized depression.

Based on the above technical findings and as documented in Exhibits B and C, drainages were found with indicators of active surface water flows within the Study Area.

4.2.2 Landscape Features that Support Surface Flow

Detailed field surveys identified land surface features that have the potential to convey surface flows. These features included a bed or channel and abutting banks. These physical features were found associated with both active flow areas and historical drainages. These drainage types can be summarized as follows:

1. Active drainage channel and abutting banks containing evidence of recent surface flows as indicated by the presence of unweathered sediment material (sand, gravel, cobbles, etc.) with unweathered surfaces, and the presence of flow deposited woody debris and/or soft tissue plant debris.
2. Active drainage channel and abutting banks containing evidence of historical surface flows as indicated by the presence of unweathered sediment material (sand, gravel, cobbles, etc.) with unweathered surfaces, but lacked the presence of flow deposited woody debris and/or soft tissue plant debris.
3. Historical drainage channels and abutting banks having no evidence of recent surface flow as indicated by weathered sedimentary gravel, cobbles, boulders, erosional or depositional deposits, and the lack of flow deposited woody debris and/ or soft tissue plant debris.

The frequency interval of flow events within drainages with observable plant debris (1 above) and unweathered sediment material is estimated to be within the 1 to 15 year range. Strojan, et al. (1987) found that surface litter decomposition rates for creosote bush and burro bush in the Mojave Desert were 42.5% and 58.4%, respectively over a 54 week period of study. Kemp, et al. (2003) reported a similar one year decomposition rate for creosote bush and a 74% loss within a 41 month period. This lends support to qualitative observations made by one of the preparers of this report, Dr. Terry Huffman, who has observed over 20 + years of delineating wetlands within arid environments that soft plant tissue (i.e., pieces of plant leaves and thin bark) will decompose in arid drainage environments within a 2 to 3 year period. In addition, field observations over these years indicated that small woody stems (<1/4 inch) decompose over many more years, perhaps 10 + years. For older drainages where the surfaces of the sediment material (e.g., sand, gravel, cobbles, etc.) is no longer smoothed by the interaction of surface water flow and transport, but weathered, and lacks flow deposited woody and thin tissue plant debris, the frequency interval likely ranges to well over a decade in shallower

channels to prehistoric times for deeply incised channels (i.e., > 6 feet in desert pavement areas).

The land surface of the Study Area is characterized by the presence of active and inactive alluvial fan systems. Ephemeral drainage channels are found on both types of these alluvial fan types. The majority of the ephemeral channels supporting active surface water flow were narrow, with an average width of less than 3 feet. Active alluvial fans were characterized by sandy soils, a uniform vegetation type, and evidence by surface flow patterns indicative of surface water sheetflow. Narrow channels within these areas were both weakly expressed and discontinuous. This discontinuity indicated that new channels could be formed with each major flood event resulting in the current channels being bypassed and blocked off. Channels >3 feet wide were also found. These channels were considerably deeper than the narrow channels found and were less common when considering the landscape as a whole in relationship to the Study Area. Evidence was found within both of these channel types where previously bypassed cutoff channels were becoming filled with sediment. The specific conditions varied within the Study Area.

Based on the above technical findings, drainages with active surface flow were found within the Study Area with physical features that allow for the conveyance of surface flows.

4.2.3 Landscape Features with a Recognizable OHWM

The desert dry washes with active flow were found to have identifiable features which represented the geographic reach of lateral surface water. These features included channels or beds with evidence of active flow and abutting banks which demarcated the lateral reach or extent of flow. Field indicators of the extent of active flow along the banks included water marks defined by linear deposits of fine grained sediment and/or minerals, bank scour, erosion, and/or shelving, and flow-deposited woody and soft tissue plant debris (Exhibit B).

Based on the above technical findings, the active drainages, described in the above subsections, have recognizable landscape features from which the lateral extent of surface water flow can be geographically delineated. Field indicators of this surface water flow were used to identify the OHWM. Exhibit C shows representative active ephemeral drainages, as described in Section 3.5, Mapping.

4.3 Field Indicators of Wetland Vegetation

Based on field observations within the Study Area a dominance of wetland plant species or hydrophytes was not found. Based on this result the criteria defined by current Corps' regulatory guidance, including the *2008 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region* (Version 2.0) for wetland vegetation was not met.

4.4. Presence of Wetland Vegetation within Natural and Manmade Drainages

Based on field observations within the Study Area, a dominance of wetland plant species or hydrophytes was not found within natural or manmade drainages within the Study Area where active ephemeral drainages were found.

5.0 AREAS POTENTIALLY SUBJECT TO JURISDICTION

This section presents the findings of this delineation with respect to the identification and geographic extent of areas found that could potentially be regulated by the Corps and the EPA as wetlands or other waters of the United States under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

5.1 Wetlands

No areas meeting the Corps technical criteria for wetlands were identified within the Study Area. These findings are based on the absence of hydric soil, wetland hydrology, and / or wetland vegetation indicators as required by the Corps' *1987 Manual, the Arid West Regional Supplement*, guidance documents, and regulations.

5.2 Other Waters of the U.S.

Ephemeral drainages or desert dry washes were found within the Study Area that meet the technical criteria to potentially be subject to CWA Section 404 jurisdiction as Other Waters of the United States (Exhibit C). This finding is based on the presence of an OHWM as required by Corps regulations. Length and width measurements of the ephemeral drainages found to contain an observable OHWM are provided by Exhibit B.

6.0 CWA JURISDICTIONAL ANALYSIS

This section analyzes the potential for waters identified within the Study Area to constitute waters of the United States subject to jurisdiction under the CWA. Section 6.1 provides an explanation of the jurisdictional determination process following EPA and Corps guidance. Section 6.2 defines the area to be analyzed (i.e., the Review Area). Section 6.3 analyzes the potential for waters of the United States to be present in the Review Area. Section 6.4 describes any jurisdictional and /or non-jurisdictional waters found. Section 6.5 summarizes the findings of this jurisdictional analysis. Section 6.6 is a disclaimer statement.

6.1 Regulatory Background

Beyond the Corps and EPA regulatory definitions of “waters of the United States” as described in Section 2.0, recent judicial decisions have further limited and refined the scope of CWA jurisdiction with regard to isolated waters and certain wetlands and non-navigable tributaries. Two of these decisions are relevant to this jurisdictional analysis.

First, in *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County v. United States Army Corps of Engineers*, No. 99-1178 (531 U. S. 159; [2001]) (*SWANCC*), both statutory and constitutional challenges were made to the assertion of CWA jurisdiction over isolated, non-navigable, intrastate waters solely on the basis that those waters were used as habitat by migratory birds. The U.S. Supreme Court in *SWANCC* rejected the “migratory bird rule,” and held that CWA jurisdiction does not exist over “isolated, non-navigable, intrastate waters” where there is no nexus to interstate or foreign commerce.

Second, the U.S. Supreme Court’s plurality opinion in *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U.S. 715 (2006) (*Rapanos*), addressed jurisdiction over waters of the United States under Section 404 of the CWA. The concurring opinion by Justice Kennedy held in pertinent part that waters with a “significant nexus” to “navigable waters” are covered under the CWA. In response to *Rapanos*, on December 2, 2008, USEPA and the Corps issued guidance to EPA regions and Corps districts (the “Rapanos Guidance”) to address the jurisdictional scope of the CWA over certain types of waters (i.e., traditional navigable waters, wetlands adjacent to traditional navigable waters, non-navigable tributaries that are relatively permanent, and wetlands that directly abut tributaries). The Rapanos Guidance identifies which waters the agencies will categorically assert jurisdiction over and which will be subject to a case-by-case analysis based on the reasoning of the *Rapanos* opinions to identify whether the water has a “significant nexus” to a “traditional navigable water” (TNW). The Rapanos Guidance focuses only on those definitions of “waters of the United States” in 33 C.F.R. § 328.3(a)(1), (a)(5) and (a)(7).² Neither the Supreme Court nor the Rapanos Guidance draws a bright line with regard to the

² The Rapanos Guidance covers the following 33 C.F.R. § 328.3(a) definition of “waters of the United States”:
(a)(1) All waters which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide;
(a)(5) Tributaries of waters identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(4) of this section;
(a)(7) Wetlands adjacent to waters (other than waters that are themselves wetlands) identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(6) of this section.

geographic reach of jurisdiction, particularly in drainages where flows are ephemeral and where wetlands are adjacent to, but not directly abutting relatively permanent waters. The Rapanos Guidance provides in pertinent part the following:

- The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable, not relatively permanent tributaries and their adjacent wetlands where such tributaries and wetlands have a *significant nexus* to a traditional navigable water.
- A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical and biological integrity of downstream traditional navigable waters.
- “Similarly situated” wetlands include all wetlands adjacent to the same tributary.
- Significant nexus includes consideration of hydrologic factors including the following: volume, duration, and frequency of flow, including consideration of certain physical characteristics of the tributary; proximity to the traditional navigable water; size of the watershed; average annual rainfall; average annual winter snow pack.
- Significant nexus also includes consideration of ecologic factors including the following : potential of tributaries to carry pollutants and flood waters to traditional navigable waters; provision of aquatic habitat that supports a traditional navigable water; potential of wetlands to trap and filter pollutants or store flood waters; maintenance of water quality in traditional navigable waters.
- The following geographic features generally are not jurisdictional waters: swales or *erosional features* (e.g. gullies, small washes characterized by low volume, infrequent, or short duration flow).... [Rapanos Guidance, at p. 8 (emphasis added)]

According to the Rapanos Guidance, a significant nexus analysis “. . . will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself, together with the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to that tributary,” to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical and biological integrity of downstream traditional navigable waters. (Rapanos Guidance, p. 8) The analysis will consider both hydrologic and ecologic factors. Hydrologic factors include volume, duration, and frequency of flow, proximity to the TNW, size of the watershed, and average annual rainfall. Ecologic factors include the potential for tributaries to carry pollutants and flood waters to TNWs or to provide aquatic habitat to support a TNW, and the potential for wetlands to trap and filter pollutants or store flood waters. The Guidance states (on p.10), “[w]here it is determined

that a tributary and its adjacent wetlands collectively have a significant nexus with traditional navigable waters, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands are jurisdictional.”

6.2 Review Area

For the purpose of this analysis, the Study Area used for the delineation process is also to be considered the Review Area. A Review Area as defined by the Rapanos Guidance is the area of interest for the verification of the location and extent of waters of the United States. Exhibit D presents a series of maps that show the Review Area relative to Badwater Basin. Exhibits D1 and D2 show USGS National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) flowlines and arrows that indicate the direction and route of surface water flow from the Review Area toward Badwater Basin; the NHD data are superposed respectively on an aerial photo and on a USGS topographic map. Exhibits D3 and D4 show the extent of the Review Area (also referred to as the Study Area).

6.3 CWA Analysis

Section 5.0 of this report discusses a number of active ephemeral drainages (locally known as desert dry washes) identified and delineated within the Study Area / Review Area that meet the technical criteria of “other waters” *potentially* subject to CWA jurisdiction. Maps showing the geographic extent of these drainages within the Review Area are presented in Exhibit D (Exhibits D1 – D4). The following discussion follows the Corps Approved Jurisdictional Determination Form developed following the *Rapanos* decision.

6.3.1 Are Jurisdictional Waters Present within the Study Area (Rapanos Guidance)?

Table 6 provides a summary of the Rapanos Guidance process for determining jurisdiction over waters of the United States under Section 404 of the CWA.

“Approved JD Form” Categories of Potential Waters of the U.S.**	Will Corps Categorically Assert Jurisdiction?	Corps Will Assert Jurisdiction Based on a Fact-Specific Analysis to Determine Whether Waters Identified Have a Significant Nexus With a TNW	
		<i>Analysis Based on Significant Nexus Testing</i>	<i>Comments</i>
1. Traditional navigable waters (TNWs), including territorial seas, and adjacent wetlands	Yes	Not Applicable (NA)	NA
2. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs	Yes	NA	NA
3. Relatively permanent waters (RPWs) ³ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	Yes	NA	NA

³ Under the Corps / EPA Rapanos Guidance, a Relatively Permanent Water (RPW) is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least “seasonally” (e.g., typically 3 months).

Table 6. Summary of Process for Determining Jurisdiction Over Waters of the U.S. Under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act Following EPA and Corps Rapanos Guidance*			
“Approved JD Form” Categories of Potential Waters of the U.S.**	Will Corps Categorically Assert Jurisdiction?	Corps Will Assert Jurisdiction Based on a Fact-Specific Analysis to Determine Whether Waters Identified Have a Significant Nexus With a TNW	
		<i>Analysis Based on Significant Nexus Testing</i>	<i>Comments</i>
4. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	Yes	Jurisdictional if the drainage flows directly or indirectly into a TNW and has a significant nexus with the TNW
5. Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	Yes	NA	NA
6. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	Yes	Jurisdictional when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and, with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW
7. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	Yes	Jurisdictional when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and, with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW
8. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters	Generally, impoundment of a water of the U.S. does not affect its jurisdictional status.	NA	Yes, if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Impoundment created from WOUS ▪ Water meets one of the above waters categories ▪ Water is isolated with a significant nexus to interstate or foreign commerce (to be elevated to Corps Headquarters for review consistent with Rapanos Guidance)
9. Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters including isolated wetlands the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce	No		To be elevated to Corps Headquarters for review consistent with Rapanos Guidance

* U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2007. *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Jurisdictional Determination Form Instructional Guidebook*. May 30.
** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2007. Appendix B, Approved JD Form, Section II, in *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Jurisdictional Determination Form Instructional Guidebook*. May 30.

As described in the technical findings of this report (Section 4.0), the active ephemeral drainages identified in the Review Area are not permanent or even seasonal, but rather flow or flood for few hours during heavy precipitation events. The climate data in Section 1.0 indicates that the Review Area receives an annual average rainfall amount of 4 inches. Thus, these ephemeral drainages are non-Relatively Permanent Waters (non-RPWs). (A Relatively Permanent Water is defined in the Rapanos Guidance as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least “seasonally” (e.g., typically 3 months). Representative drainages that flow to Badwater Basin are shown on Exhibits D3 and D4. These drainages (non-RPWs) are also listed in the Exhibit B field data table. In addition, no areas were found within the

Review Area that meet the Corps criteria for wetlands in the 1987 Corps of Engineers *Wetlands Delineation Manual* and/or the 2008 Arid West Supplement.

Using the Rapanos Guidance analysis as summarized by Table 6, the non-RPWs were determined *not* to fall within any of the categories of potential waters of the U.S., as shown below in Table 7.

Table 7. Summary of EPA and Corps Rapanos Analysis			
“Approved JD Form” Categories of Potential Waters of the U.S.*	Wetlands Present? (acres)	Other Waters of the U.S Present? (acres)	Rationale For Determination if Waters in Review Area are Subject to Corps Jurisdiction under CWA Section 404
1. Traditional navigable waters (TNWs), including territorial seas	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; waters are non-RPWs.
2. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; no wetlands present within Review Area.
3. Relatively permanent waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; waters are non-RPWs, but do not flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
4. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; waters are non-RPWs that do not flow directly or indirectly into a TNW.
5. Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; no wetlands present within Review Area.
6. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; no wetlands present within Review Area.
7. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; no wetlands present within Review Area.
8. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met; waters are non-RPWs.
9. Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters including isolated wetlands the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce	No	No	Criteria for type of water not met. See Table 8 for interstate commerce analysis for the Review Area, the drainages connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin, and Badwater Basin.
*U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2007. Appendix B, Approved JD Form, Section II, in <i>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Jurisdictional Determination Form Instructional Guidebook</i> . May 30.			

6.3.2 Are There Isolated Waters within the Study Area?

When the non-RPWs identified within the Review Area flow, they flow toward the western boundary of Badwater Basin, an ephemeral dry lake with no outlet (Exhibit D). No substantial nexus to interstate or foreign commerce was found associated with the non-RPWs within the Review Area based on the following fact-specific analysis provided in Table 8 regarding whether the use, degradation, or destruction of the intrastate non-RPWs within the Review Area would affect interstate commerce. On the basis of HBG’s analysis, Badwater Basin was found to be: (1) a non-TNW, (2) an intrastate water located entirely within the state of California, and (3) an isolated basin with no hydrologic surface water outlet. No surface water connection to interstate or foreign commerce was found.

Table 8. Interstate/Foreign Commerce Analysis

Factors Used to Determine Substantial Nexus to Interstate or Foreign Commerce	Could the Use, Degradation or Destruction of the Intrastate non-RPWs within the Review Area, Drainages Connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin, or Badwater Basin Affect Interstate or Foreign Commerce?	Fact-Specific Analysis		
		Review Area	Drainages Connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin	Badwater Basin
Waters which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational purposes.	No	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, no recreational use occurs that is surface water dependent. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, no recreational use occurs that is surface water dependent. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface ponding, no recreational uses occur that are surface water dependent. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.
Waters from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.	No	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, no fish or shellfish habitat is associated with the ephemeral drainages. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, no fish or shellfish habitat is associated with the ephemeral drainages. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface ponding, no fish or shellfish habitat is associated with this playa lake. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.
Waters which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.	No	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, the non-RPWs are not used and could not be used for surface-water-dependent industrial purposes, including, but not limited, to mineral extraction, power generation, and agricultural irrigation. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface flows, the non-RPWs are not used and could not be used for surface-water-dependent industrial purposes, including, but not limited, to mineral extraction, power generation, and agricultural irrigation. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.	Given the ephemeral as well as unpredictable nature of surface ponding, the waters are not used and could not be used for surface-water-dependent industrial purposes, including but not limited to mineral extraction, power generation, and agricultural irrigation. This was confirmed by site inspection, review of remote sensing imagery, and internet search.
Waters which are <u>interstate</u> isolated waters.	Not Applicable	Waters are <u>intrastate</u> non-RPWs found within the State of California with no nexus to interstate or foreign commerce, as demonstrated by the above analysis.	Waters are <u>intrastate</u> non-RPWs found within the State of California with no nexus to interstate or foreign commerce, as demonstrated by the above analysis.	Badwater Basin is an <u>intrastate</u> water found within the State of California with no nexus to interstate or foreign commerce, as demonstrated by the above analysis. This isolated basin has no outlet (Exhibits D1 and D2).
Other factors	Not Applicable	No other factors known to occur.	No other factors known to occur.	No other factors known to occur.

6.4 Are Non-Jurisdictional Waters Present within the Study Area?

On the basis of the above analysis and findings, no areas were found within the Review Area, drainages connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin, or Badwater Basin that meet the Corps criteria for wetlands defined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers *Wetlands Delineation Manual* and/or the 2008 Arid West Supplement. The above analysis also found that the Review Area and drainages connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin contain non-RPWs that are isolated, non-navigable, and wholly intrastate waters with no substantial nexus to interstate or foreign commerce. Furthermore, Badwater Basin itself is an isolated, non-navigable and wholly intrastate water with no substantial nexus to interstate or foreign commerce. As required, as part of the determination process under the Rapanos Guidance, it should be noted that:

1. Prior to the January 2001 Supreme Court decision in SWANCC, some portion of the non-RPWs in the Review Area would likely have been subject to CWA jurisdiction based on the then-existing Migratory Bird Rule (51 F.R. 41217), given the likely presence of migratory waterbirds during ephemeral ponding and the presence of a federal listed endangered species, the desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*)⁴, within the Review Area.
2. The waters are isolated with no significant nexus to interstate or foreign commerce and therefore no significant nexus standard analysis for connectivity to a TNW is required by the Rapanos Guidance as non-RPWs are not in a category of water requiring such analysis.

6.5 Jurisdictional Analysis Summary

On the basis of the above analysis and as seen in the maps in Exhibit D and summarized in Table 9, the active ephemeral drainages (non-RPWs or desert dry washes) found within the (1) Review Area, (2) drainages connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin, and (3) Badwater Basin would be considered non-jurisdictional under the CWA. The non-RPWs within the Review Area are *not* jurisdictional waters of the United States based on the facts that:

1. No wetlands were found with the Review Area as there were no areas that met the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers *Wetlands Delineation Manual* and/or the 2008 Arid West Supplement.
2. The non-jurisdictional non-RPWs found are isolated waters with no substantial connection to interstate or foreign commerce.

⁴ Under the Migratory Bird Rule (51 F.R. 41217) the presence of or the potential for use by migratory birds and/ or Federally-listed species satisfies the determination requirements.

Table 9. Jurisdictional Analysis Summary				
“Approved JD Form” Categories of Potential Waters of the U.S.*	Was Category of Waters Identified in Study Area?	Nexus to Interstate or Foreign Commerce?	Jurisdictional Water Found?	Non-Jurisdictional Water Found?
1. Traditional navigable water (TNW), including territorial seas	No	No	No	No
2. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs	No	No	No	No
3. Relatively permanent waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	No	No
4. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	No	No
5. Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	No	No
6. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	No	No
7. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	No	No	No	No
8. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters	No	No	No	No
9. Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters including isolated wetlands the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce	No	No	No	No
Waters** that are not one of the above nine categories of potential Waters of the U.S.	Yes	No	No	Yes <u>Review Area:</u> Non-RPWs <u>Drainages Connecting the Review Area to Badwater Basin:</u> Non-RPWs Badwater Basin: Isolated Water
* U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2007. Appendix B, Approved JD Form, Section II, in <i>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Jurisdictional Determination Form Instructional Guidebook</i> . May 30.				
** Areas that meet the technical criteria for wetlands (collective presence of hydric soil, wetland hydrology and wetland vegetation indicators) or have an Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) but have no significant nexus to a TNW or connection to interstate commerce. 33 CFR 328.3(a)(3) states: “All other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate or foreign commerce including any such waters (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes; or (ii) From which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce’ or (iii) Which are used or could be used for industrial purpose by industries in interstate commerce”				

6.6 Disclaimer

HBG has made a good-faith effort herein to thoroughly describe and document the presence of potential factors that the Corps may consider. Nevertheless, DXE reserves the right to challenge or seek revision to any areas over which the Corps may assert such jurisdiction, as the implementation of the Corps / EPA Rapanos Guidance is further clarified or altered through formal guidance, assertions or disclaimers of jurisdiction over other properties, court decisions, or other relevant actions.

7.0 References

- Environmental Laboratory. 1987. *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual*. Technical Report Y-87-1, US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Miss.
- Field, J., & Pearthree, P. 1997. "Geomorphologic Flood-Hazard Assessment of Alluvial Fans and Piedmonts." *Journal of Geoscience Education*, Vol. 45, pp. 27 – 37.
- Hickman, J. (ed.). 1993. *The Jepson Manual: Higher Plants of California*. University of California Press, Berkeley, California.
- Lichvar, R.W., D.C. Finnegan, and M.P. Ericsson. 2004. Using Hydrogeomorphic Surfaces for Delineating Floodplains: Black Water Creek Test Reach Within the Upper Puerco Watershed, Navajo Nation. ERDC/CRREL Technical Note 04-7. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. November.
- Lichvar, R.W., and S.M. McColley. 2008. *A Field Guide to the Identification of the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) in the Arid West Region of the Western United States, A Delineation Manual*. ERDC/CRREL TR-08-12. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. August.
- Munz, P.A. 1974. *A Flora of Southern California*. University of California Press, Berkeley, California.
- Reed, P.B., Jr. 1988. *National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: National Summary*. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Biological Report 88(24). 244 pp.
- Santos, P.F., N. Z. Elkins, Y. Steinberger and W. G. Whitford. "A Comparison of Surface and Buried Larrea Tridentata Leaf Litter Decomposition in North American Hot Deserts." *Ecology*, Vol. 65, No. 1 (Feb., 1984), pp. 278-284.
- Sawyer, J.O., and T. Keeler-Wolf. 1995. *A Manual of California Vegetation*. Sacramento, CA: California Native Plant Society. 471 p.
- Simley, J.D. and J.W. Carswell Jr. 2009. National Hydrography Dataset (NHD). The National Map - Hydrography: U.S. Geological Survey Fact Sheet 2009-3054, 4 p.
- Strojan, C.L, D. C. Randall and F. B. Turner. 1987. "Relationship of Leaf Litter Decomposition Rates to Rainfall in the Mojave Desert." *Ecology*, Vol. 68, No. 3 (Jun., 1987), pp. 741-744.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2008. *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*, ed. J. S. Wakeley, R. W. Lichvar, and C. V. Noble. ERDC/EL TR-08-28. Vicksburg, MS: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2009. *Vegetation and Channel Morphology Responses to Ordinary High Water Discharge Events in Arid West Stream Channels*, ed. R. Lichvar, D. Cate, C. Photos, L. Dixon, B. Allen, and J. Byersdorfer. ERDC/CRREL TR-09-5. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory. May.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 1986. *Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds*. Technical Release 55 (TR-55). June.

US Department of Agriculture, National Resources Conservation Service. 2009. Web Soil Survey: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>

Exhibit A

Figures

Figure 1	DesertXpress Project Alignment Alternatives
Figure 2	Location of Alignment Alternatives Within HUC-8 Watershed
Figure 3	Location of Study Area
Figure 4	Location of Study Area Within HUC-8 / HUC-12 Watersheds
Figures 5-12	Typical Examples of Field Indicators of Active Surface Water Flow and Ordinary High Water Marks Found Within Ephemeral Drainages Occurring Within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.
Figures 13-19	Examples of Drainages Found Within HUC-8 Watershed

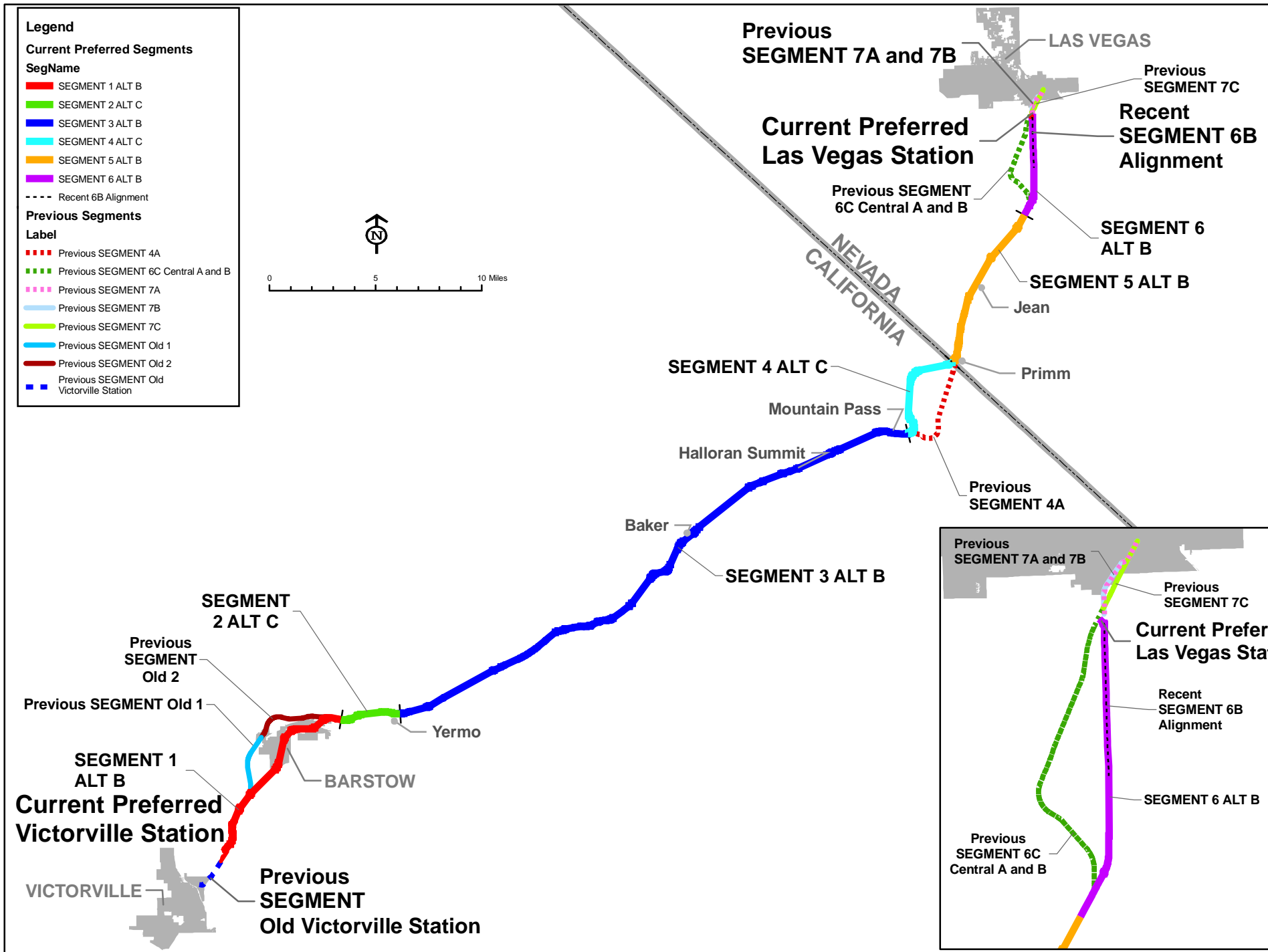
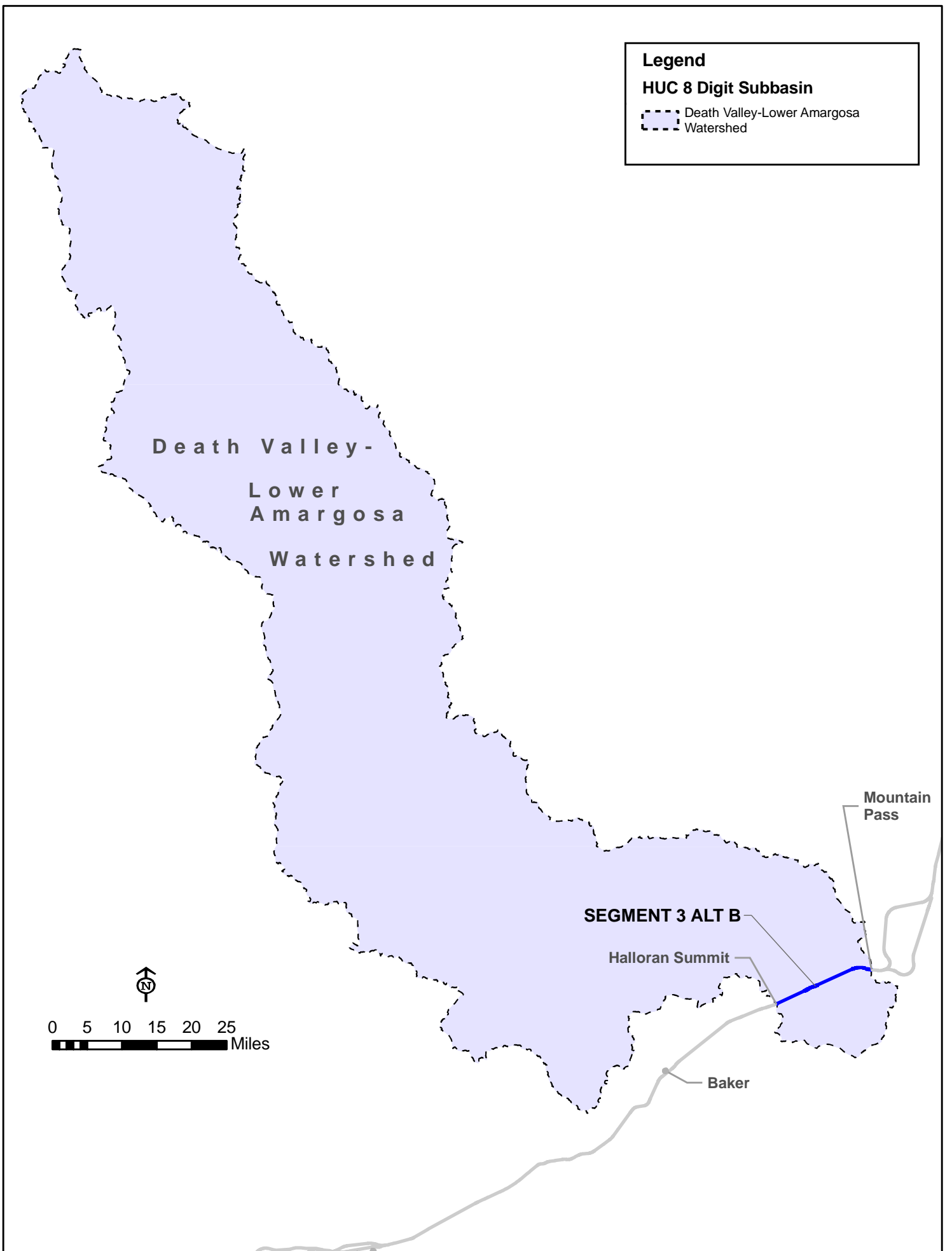


Figure 1. DesertXpress Project Alignment Alternatives ^{F-1.1-46}



F-1.1-47
Figure 2. Location Of Alignment Alternatives Within HUC-8 Watershed

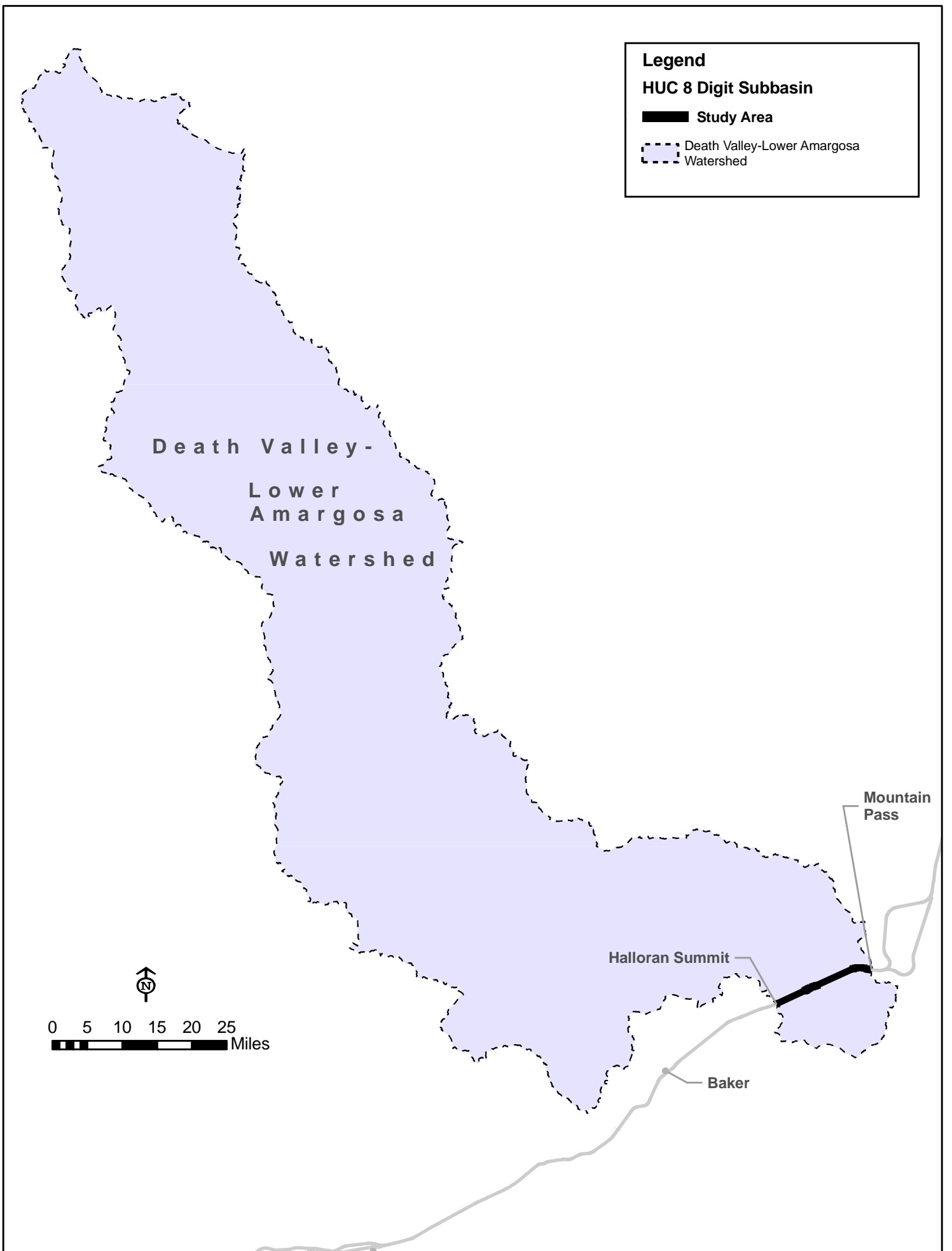


Figure 3. Location of Study Area

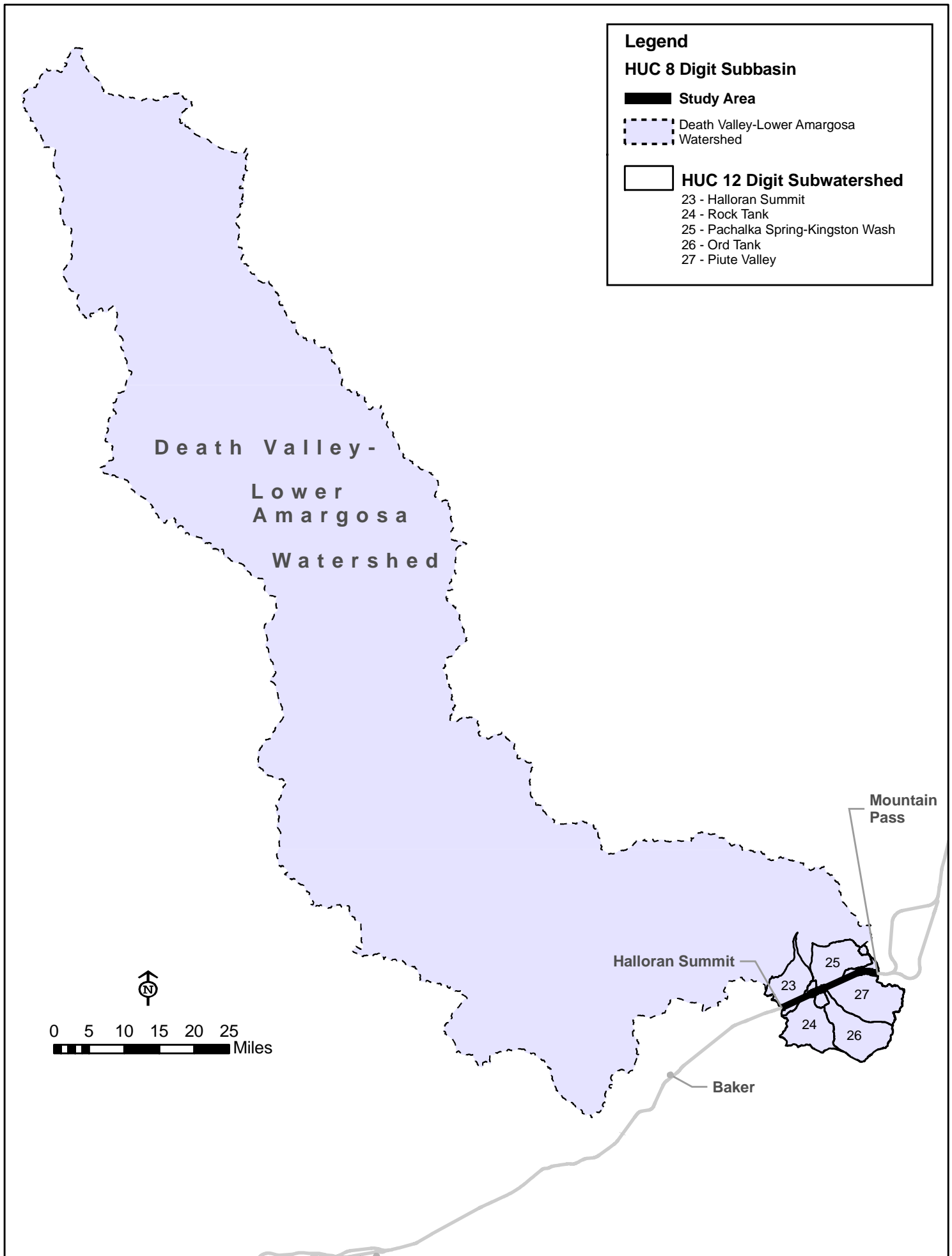


Figure 4. Location of Study Area Within HUC-8 / HUC-12 Watersheds



Exhibit A. Figure 5. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 6. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 7. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 8. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 9. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 10. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 11. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 12. Typical examples of field indicators of active surface water flow and Ordinary High Water Marks found within ephemerals drainages occurring within the DesertXpress Project Study Area.



Exhibit A. Figure 13. Ephemeral drainage within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 14. Ephemeral drainage within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 15. Ephemeral drainage within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 16. Ephemeral drainage within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 17. Manmade drainage connecting to road culvert within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 18. Manmade drainage connecting to road culvert within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed



Exhibit A. Figure 19. Ephemeral drainage within HUC 8 Death Valley Lower Amargosa / HUC 12 Piute Valley Subwatershed

Exhibit B

Field Data

Exhibit B1 Required Corps Waters Data Summary Table

Exhibit B2 Field Data*

(Exhibit B2 provided on attached CD in PDF format.)

Exhibit B1

Required Corps Waters Data Summary Table

Exhibit B1. Study Area Field Data for Areas Potentially Subject to Corps Jurisdiction, HUC-8 Death Valley-Lower Amargosa, Preferred Route Drainages, DesertXpress Project										
Waters_Name	Cowardin_Code	HGM_Code	Area (acres)	Linear (ft)	Waters Types	Latitude (dd nad83)	Longitude (dd nad83)	Local_Waterway	width (OHWM)	HBG Data Field Point
D-23-2	R6	RIVERINE	0.050517	489.0	NRPW	35.406595	-115.782925	Halloran Summit	4.50	
D-23-4	R6	RIVERINE	0.103072	2244.9	NRPW	35.404845	-115.786272	Halloran Summit	2.00	23D3
D-23-7	R6	RIVERINE	0.003747	81.6	NRPW	35.404067	-115.790363	Halloran Summit	2.00	
D-23-9	R6	RIVERINE	0.006892	150.1	NRPW	35.404000	-115.790650	Halloran Summit	2.00	
D-23-10	R6	RIVERINE	0.007989	174.0	NRPW	35.404026	-115.790103	Halloran Summit	2.00	
D-23-11	R6	RIVERINE	0.007534	218.8	NRPW	35.406436	-115.783398	Halloran Summit	1.50	
D-23-12	R6	RIVERINE	0.006017	262.1	NRPW	35.406301	-115.783152	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-13	R6	RIVERINE	0.007163	312.0	NRPW	35.407191	-115.780687	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-14	R6	RIVERINE	0.011033	480.6	NRPW	35.408771	-115.776383	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-17	R6	RIVERINE	0.008136	354.4	NRPW	35.409559	-115.774347	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-18	R6	RIVERINE	0.018223	793.8	NRPW	35.410955	-115.769995	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-20	R6	RIVERINE	0.008710	379.4	NRPW	35.412004	-115.766846	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-23	R6	RIVERINE	0.006476	282.1	NRPW	35.413143	-115.763782	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-24	R6	RIVERINE	0.057932	504.7	NRPW	35.414762	-115.759039	Halloran Summit	5.00	23MD2
D-23-26	R6	RIVERINE	0.065689	476.9	NRPW	35.416842	-115.753578	Halloran Summit	6.00	
D-23-27	R6	RIVERINE	0.004614	201.0	NRPW	35.416969	-115.753350	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-28	R6	RIVERINE	0.008567	373.2	NRPW	35.417086	-115.753094	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-32	R6	RIVERINE	0.026680	387.4	NRPW	35.417808	-115.750624	Halloran Summit	3.00	
D-23-35	R6	RIVERINE	0.029883	433.9	NRPW	35.418951	-115.747540	Halloran Summit	3.00	
D-23-39	R6	RIVERINE	0.023485	341.0	NRPW	35.420459	-115.743362	Halloran Summit	3.00	23D5
D-23-42	R6	RIVERINE	0.011470	333.1	NRPW	35.420630	-115.743592	Halloran Summit	1.50	
D-23-45	R6	RIVERINE	0.067284	418.7	NRPW	35.421347	-115.740829	Halloran Summit	7.00	23MD1
D-23-49	R6	RIVERINE	0.025436	1108.0	NRPW	35.416254	-115.754798	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-50	R6	RIVERINE	0.003021	131.6	NRPW	35.417368	-115.752623	Halloran Summit	1.00	
D-23-51	R6	RIVERINE	0.004022	116.8	NRPW	35.417346	-115.752890	Halloran Summit	1.50	
D-24-2	R6	RIVERINE	0.049954	435.2	NRPW	35.423378	-115.734832	Rock Tank	5.00	
D-24-3	R6	RIVERINE	0.047050	409.9	NRPW	35.424500	-115.731733	Rock Tank	5.00	
D-24-4	R6	RIVERINE	0.037071	403.7	NRPW	35.425835	-115.728196	Rock Tank	4.00	
D-24-6	R6	RIVERINE	0.036896	401.8	NRPW	35.427002	-115.724662	Rock Tank	4.00	24MD2
D-24-7	R6	RIVERINE	0.041304	449.8	NRPW	35.428299	-115.721549	Rock Tank	4.00	
D-24-8	R6	RIVERINE	0.085090	741.3	NRPW	35.429419	-115.717545	Rock Tank	5.00	
D-24-11	R6	RIVERINE	0.048176	333.1	NRPW	35.430128	-115.715903	Rock Tank	6.30	24MD1
D-24-19	R6	RIVERINE	1.085537	788.1	NRPW	35.433342	-115.707693	Rock Tank	60.00	
D-24-27	R6	RIVERINE	0.130450	710.3	NRPW	35.434921	-115.703878	Rock Tank	8.00	
D-24-28	R6	RIVERINE	0.006360	184.7	NRPW	35.434979	-115.704028	Rock Tank	1.50	
D-24-29	R6	RIVERINE	0.011109	322.6	NRPW	35.435008	-115.703669	Rock Tank	1.50	

Exhibit B1. Study Area Field Data for Areas Potentially Subject to Corps Jurisdiction, HUC-8 Death Valley-Lower Amargosa, Preferred Route Drainages, DesertXpress Project										
Waters_N ame	Cowardin_ Code	HGM_Code	Area (acres)	Linear (ft)	Waters Types	Latitude (dd nad83)	Longitude (dd nad83)	Local_Waterway	width (OHWM)	HBG Data Field Point
D-24-30	R6	RIVERINE	0.005362	155.7	NRPW	35.435733	-115.703499	Rock Tank	1.50	
D-25-11	R6	RIVERINE	0.417626	546.3	NRPW	35.437635	-115.695430	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	33.30	25MD2
D-25-21	R6	RIVERINE	0.004800	418.2	NRPW	35.439435	-115.689397	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	0.50	25MD1
D-25-7	R6	RIVERINE	0.008366	520.6	NRPW	35.438486	-115.692918	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	0.70	25D3
D-26-1	R6	RIVERINE	0.099210	270.1	NRPW	35.441309	-115.683918	Ord Tank	16.00	26MD1
D-26-3	R6	RIVERINE	0.003733	162.6	NRPW	35.441378	-115.683246	Ord Tank	1.00	26D3
D-27-1	R6	RIVERINE	0.082090	586.2	NRPW	35.442760	-115.680165	Piute Valley	6.10	27MD9
D-27-21	R6	RIVERINE	0.012116	219.9	NRPW	35.445740	-115.671739	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-22	R6	RIVERINE	0.019669	357.0	NRPW	35.445822	-115.671189	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-23	R6	RIVERINE	0.005758	104.5	NRPW	35.445940	-115.670943	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-38	R6	RIVERINE	0.013041	236.7	NRPW	35.446847	-115.669222	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-45	R6	RIVERINE	0.028645	519.9	NRPW	35.447471	-115.666753	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-46	R6	RIVERINE	0.014733	267.4	NRPW	35.447546	-115.666880	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-47	R6	RIVERINE	0.020149	365.7	NRPW	35.450340	-115.658814	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-48	R6	RIVERINE	0.032722	593.9	NRPW	35.453634	-115.649205	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-50	R6	RIVERINE	3.417980	13535.2	NRPW	35.452052	-115.652943	Piute Valley	11.00	
D-27-56	R6	RIVERINE	0.016843	305.7	NRPW	35.458286	-115.636159	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-58	R6	RIVERINE	0.027019	490.4	NRPW	35.457910	-115.637210	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-60	R6	RIVERINE	0.039135	710.3	NRPW	35.457053	-115.639481	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-68	R6	RIVERINE	0.073433	285.6	NRPW	35.466406	-115.613079	Piute Valley	11.20	27M6
D-27-69	R6	RIVERINE	0.077720	305.0	NRPW	35.468121	-115.607698	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-70	R6	RIVERINE	0.008116	147.3	NRPW	35.468406	-115.607458	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-71	R6	RIVERINE	0.125372	492.0	NRPW	35.468371	-115.607053	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-80	R6	RIVERINE	0.022623	410.6	NRPW	35.473306	-115.593187	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-83	R6	RIVERINE	0.092704	363.8	NRPW	35.474268	-115.589488	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-84	R6	RIVERINE	0.005686	103.2	NRPW	35.474399	-115.589678	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-86	R6	RIVERINE	0.404324	1586.7	NRPW	35.474784	-115.585377	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-87	R6	RIVERINE	0.395941	1553.8	NRPW	35.475499	-115.581241	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-88	R6	RIVERINE	0.036134	141.8	NRPW	35.475824	-115.580104	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-89	R6	RIVERINE	0.176417	883.3	NRPW	35.475044	-115.583209	Piute Valley	8.70	
D-27-92	R6	RIVERINE	0.090360	354.6	NRPW	35.475374	-115.583088	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-121	R6	RIVERINE	0.224153	513.9	NRPW	35.475765	-115.570119	Piute Valley	19.00	27MD5
D-27-124	R6	RIVERINE	0.020253	367.6	NRPW	35.474341	-115.563446	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-127	R6	RIVERINE	0.191982	753.4	NRPW	35.474122	-115.563372	Piute Valley	11.10	
D-27-130	R6	RIVERINE	0.084566	1674.4	NRPW	35.473446	-115.561957	Piute Valley	2.20	27D4
D-27-134	R6	RIVERINE	0.037278	676.6	NRPW	35.472335	-115.556231	Piute Valley	2.40	

Exhibit B1. Study Area Field Data for Areas Potentially Subject to Corps Jurisdiction, HUC-8 Death Valley-Lower Amargosa, Preferred Route Drainages, DesertXpress Project

Waters_N ame	Cowardin_ Code	HGM_Code	Area (acres)	Linear (ft)	Waters Types	Latitude (dd nad83)	Longitude (dd nad83)	Local_Waterway	width (OHWM)	HBG Data Field Point
D-27-135	R6	RIVERINE	0.010986	199.4	NRPW	35.472484	-115.555981	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-136	R6	RIVERINE	0.007741	140.5	NRPW	35.472512	-115.556233	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-137	R6	RIVERINE	0.036545	663.3	NRPW	35.471430	-115.553736	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-138	R6	RIVERINE	0.018353	333.1	NRPW	35.471554	-115.552679	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-139	R6	RIVERINE	0.007614	138.2	NRPW	35.471737	-115.552283	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-140	R6	RIVERINE	0.049609	900.4	NRPW	35.471175	-115.552115	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-141	R6	RIVERINE	0.162190	1177.5	NRPW	35.470665	-115.548718	Piute Valley	6.00	27M1
D-27-142	R6	RIVERINE	0.045173	231.5	NRPW	35.471240	-115.550452	Piute Valley	8.50	27MD3
D-27-144	R6	RIVERINE	0.020028	363.5	NRPW	35.470989	-115.549190	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-145	R6	RIVERINE	0.014573	317.4	NRPW	35.470659	-115.546574	Piute Valley	2.00	27D2
D-27-156	R6	RIVERINE	0.005464	95.2	NRPW	35.466127	-115.613253	Piute Valley	2.50	27D8
D-27-157	R6	RIVERINE	0.143611	568.7	NRPW	35.447192	-115.675613	Piute Valley	11.00	27MD10
D-27-158	R6	RIVERINE	0.094649	473.9	NRPW	35.446740	-115.675706	Piute Valley	8.70	
D-27-159	R6	RIVERINE	0.026992	489.9	NRPW	35.448417	-115.664052	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-160	R6	RIVERINE	0.013647	247.7	NRPW	35.448970	-115.663204	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-161	R6	RIVERINE	0.011774	213.7	NRPW	35.454406	-115.647608	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-162	R6	RIVERINE	0.080193	1455.5	NRPW	35.455119	-115.645362	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-163	R6	RIVERINE	0.051945	942.8	NRPW	35.455604	-115.643338	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-164	R6	RIVERINE	0.296584	5383.0	NRPW	35.464012	-115.619006	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-165	R6	RIVERINE	0.116193	2108.9	NRPW	35.475678	-115.575419	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-166	R6	RIVERINE	0.013163	238.9	NRPW	35.475790	-115.570716	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-167	R6	RIVERINE	0.010119	220.4	NRPW	35.443003	-115.679739	Piute Valley	2.00	
D-27-170	R6	RIVERINE	0.005344	97.0	NRPW	35.469902	-115.603478	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-171	R6	RIVERINE	0.008066	146.4	NRPW	35.470154	-115.602173	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-172	R6	RIVERINE	0.163774	2972.5	NRPW	35.469958	-115.602706	Piute Valley	2.40	
D-27-173	R6	RIVERINE	0.000996	21.7	NRPW	35.442873	-115.679833	Piute Valley	2.00	
Totals:			9.903974	67350.5						

Exhibit B2

Field Data

(See attached CD in PDF format.)

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Abronia villosa</i>	NL	= <i>A. v. var. aurita</i> = <i>A. v. var. villosa</i> = <i>Bastardiopsis eggersii</i>	DESERT SAND VERBENA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Acacia gregii</i>	<i>Acacia gregii</i>	NA	CATCLAW ACACIA	FACU	FACU	Shrub
<i>Achnatherum speciosum</i>	NL	= <i>Stipa speciosa</i>	DESERT STIPA	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Adenophyllum porophylloides</i>	NL	= <i>Dyssodia porophylloides</i>	SAN FELIPE DOGWEEED	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Allenrolfea occidentalis</i>	<i>Allenrolfea occidentalis</i>	NA	IODINE BUSH	FACW+	FACW	Shrub
<i>Ambrosia dumosa</i>	NL	= <i>Franseria dumosa</i>	BURROWEED	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ambrosia eriocentra</i>	NL	= <i>Franseria eriocentra</i>	RAGWEED	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Amsinckia tessellata</i>	NL	= <i>A. conica</i> = <i>A. cuneata</i> = <i>A. mojavenensis</i> = <i>A. purpusii</i> = <i>A. rostellata</i> = <i>A. setosissima</i>	FIDDLE-NECK	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Amsinskia intermedea</i>	NL	NA	FIDDLE-NECK	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Aristida purpurea</i>	NL	= <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>fendleriana</i> = <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>longiseta</i> = <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>neallegi</i> = <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>parishii</i> = <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>purpurea</i> = <i>A. p.</i> var. <i>wrightii</i>	PURPLE THREE AWN	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Asclepias californica</i>	NL	= <i>A. c.</i> ssp. <i>greenii</i> = <i>A. c.</i> ssp. <i>californica</i>	CALIFORNIA MILKWEED	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>	<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>	NA	SCARLET MILKWEED	FAC	NL	Herb
<i>Atriplex canescens</i>	<i>Atriplex canescens</i>	NA	FOUR-WINGED SALTBUSH	FACU	UPL	Shrub
<i>Atriplex hymenelytra</i>	NL	NA	MANY-FRUITED SALTBUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Atriplex polycarpa</i>	<i>Atriplex</i>	NA	MANY-FRUIT SALTBUSH	FACU	FACU	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
	<i>polycarpa</i>					
<i>Avena barbata</i>	NL	= <i>A. hirsuta</i>	SLENDER WILD OAT	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Baccharis brachyphylla</i>	NL	NA	SHORT LEAVED BACCHARIS	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Baccharis salicifolia</i>	<i>Baccharis glutinosa</i>	= <i>B. glutinosa</i> = <i>B. viminea</i> = <i>Molina salicifolia</i>	MULE FAT	FACW-	FACW	Shrub
<i>Baccharis sarothroides</i>	<i>Baccharis sarothroides</i>	NA	DESERT FALSE-WILLOW	FAC	NI	Shrub
<i>Baileya</i> spp.	NL	NA	DESERT MARIGOLD	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Bouteloua barbata</i>	NL	= <i>B. arenosa</i> = <i>Chondrosium barbata</i> = <i>C. exile</i> = <i>C. microstachyum</i> = <i>C. polystachyum</i> = <i>C. subscorpiodes</i>	SIX WEEKS GRAMA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	NL	NA	ASIAN MUSTARD	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Bromus madritensis</i>	NL	= <i>Anisantha madritensis</i> = <i>A. matritensis</i> = <i>Bromus maritensis</i>	FOXTAIL CHESS	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Bromus rubens</i>	NL		RIPGUT BROME	NI	NI	Herb
<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	NL	= <i>Anisantha tectorum</i>	CHEAT GRASS	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Camissonia boothii</i>	NL	= <i>Oenothera decorticans</i>	BOOTH'S EVENING PRIMROSE	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Camissonia brevipes</i>	NL	= <i>Oenothera brevipes</i>	YELLOW CUPS	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Cercidium floridum</i>	NL	NA	BLUE PALO VERDE	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Cercidium microphyllum</i>	NL	NA	FOOTHILLS PALO VERDE	NL	NL	Tree
<i>Chaenactis fremontii</i>	NL	NA	FREMONT PINCUSHION	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Chamaesyce albomarginata</i>	NL	= <i>Euphorbia albomarginata</i>	RATTLESNAKE WEED	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Chaenactis</i>	NL	= <i>C. c. var.</i>	PEBBLE PINCUSHION	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>carphoclinia</i>		<i>carphoclinia</i> =C. c. var. <i>peirsonii</i>				
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	NA	WHITE GOOSEFOOT	FAC	FACU	Herb
<i>Chilopsis linearis</i>	<i>Chilopsis linearis</i>	NA	DESERT WILLOW	FACW*	FAC	Tree
<i>Chorizanthe brevicorny</i>	NL	=C. b. var. <i>brevicorny</i> =C. b. var. <i>spathulata</i>	BRITTLE SPINEFLOWER	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Chorizanthe rigida</i>	NL	= <i>Acanthogonum rigidum</i>	SPINEY-HERB	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Chrysothamnus paniculatus</i>	NL	= <i>Ericameria paniculatus</i>	MOJAVE RABBITBRUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Coleogyne ramosissima</i>	NL	NA	BLACKBUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Cryptantha pterocarya</i>	NL	=C. p. var. <i>purposii</i> =C. p. var. <i>cyclopetera</i> =C. p. var. <i>pterocarya</i>	WINGED NUT FORGET ME NOT	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Cylindropuntia</i>	NL	= <i>Opuntia acanthocarpa</i>	BUCKHORN CHOLLA	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>acanthocarpa</i>						
<i>Cylindropuntia arbuscula</i> **	NL	Unknown	No info. available on this species. <i>C. arbuscula</i> may = typo	NL	NL	Shrub?
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	= <i>Capriola dactylon</i> = <i>C. aristiglumis</i> = <i>Panicum dactylon</i>	BERMUDA GRASS	FAC	FAC	Herb
<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	NL	= <i>Sisymbrium Sophia</i>	HERB SOPHIA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Encelia actoni</i>	NL	= <i>E. virginensis ssp. actoni</i>	ACTON ENCELIA	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Encelia farinosa</i>	NL	NA	BRITTLE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Encelia frutescens</i>	NL	= <i>Simsia frutescens</i>	BUTTON BRITTLE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Encelia virginensis</i>	NL	= <i>Frutescens</i> var. <i>virginensis</i>	NO COMMON NAME	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ephedra nevadensis</i>	NL	NA	NEVADA EPHEDRA	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ephedra viridis</i>	NL	NA	MORMON TEA	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Eriastrum densifolium</i>	NL	NA	SHRUBBY ERIASTRUM	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Ericameria cooperi</i>	NL	= <i>Haplopappus cooperi</i>	COOPER'S GOLDENBUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ericameria laricifolia</i>	NL	= <i>Haplopappus lacrifolia</i>	TURPENTINE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	NL	= <i>E. n. ssp. consimilis</i> = <i>E. n. var. bernardina</i> = <i>E. n. var. ceruminosa</i> = <i>E. n. var. hololeuca</i> = <i>E. n. var. leiosperma</i> = <i>E. n. var. oreophila</i> = <i>E. n. var. speciosa</i> = <i>E. n. var. washoensis</i> = <i>Chrysothamnus nauseosus</i>	RUBBER RABBITBRUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Ericameria paniculata</i>	NL	= <i>Chrysothamnus paniculatus</i>	MOJAVE RABBITBRUSH	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Ericameria pinifolia</i>	NL	= <i>E. ericoides</i> ssp. <i>pinifolia</i> = <i>Haplopappus pinifolius</i>	PINE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Eriogonum deflexum</i>	NL	NA	FLAT TOPPED BUCKWHEAT	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Eriogonum fasciculatum</i>	NL	= <i>E. d.</i> var. <i>baratum</i> = <i>E. d.</i> var. <i>deflexum</i> = <i>E. d.</i> var. <i>nevadense</i> = <i>E. d.</i> var. <i>rectum</i>	CALIFORNIA BUCKWHEAT	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Eriogonum inflatum</i>	NL	= <i>E. glaucum</i> = <i>E. inflatum</i> var. <i>inflatum</i>	DESERT TRUMPET	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Erioneuron pulchellum</i>	NL	= <i>Triodia pulchella</i> = <i>Dasyochloa pulchella</i>	FLUFF GRASS	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Eriophyllum ambiguum</i> / <i>E. wallacei</i> [sic]	NL	= <i>E. ambiguum</i> var. <i>ambiguum</i> = <i>E. ambiguum</i> var. <i>paleaceum</i> = <i>Antherapeas wallacei</i> = <i>Eriophyllum wallacei</i> var. <i>rubellum</i> = <i>E. w.</i> var. <i>wallacei</i> = <i>E. w.</i> var. <i>calvescens</i> = <i>Eriophyllum aureum</i>	ANNUAL WOOLLY SUNFLOWER/WALLACE'S WOOLLY DAISY	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	NL	= <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> ssp. <i>cutarium</i> = <i>E. cicutarium</i> ssp. <i>jacquinianum</i>	COASTAL HERON'S BILL	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Eschscholzia minutiflora</i>	NL	= <i>E. coville</i> = <i>E. minutiflora</i> ssp. <i>twisselmanii</i> = <i>E. minutiflora</i> var. <i>darwinensis</i>	PYGMY POPPY	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
		= <i>E. minuscula</i>				
<i>Gilia latifolia</i>	NL	NA	BROADLEAF GILLIA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Gutierrezia sarothrae</i>	NL	NA	MATCHWEED	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Hordeum moines</i>	NL	NA	BARLEY	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Hordeum murinum</i>	<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	= <i>H. m. ssp. glaucum</i> = <i>H. m. ssp. leporinum</i> = <i>H. m. ssp. murinum</i>	MOUSE BARLEY	NI	NI	Herb
<i>Hymenoclea salsola</i>	NL	= <i>H. m. var. patula</i> = <i>H. m. var. pentalepsis</i> = <i>H. m. var. salsola</i>	CHEESE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Krameria parviflora</i>	NL	NA	RHATANY	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Larrea tridentata</i>	NL	= <i>L. divaricata</i> ssp. <i>tridentata</i> = <i>L. divaricata</i> = <i>L. tridentata</i> var. <i>arenaria</i> = <i>L. tridentata</i> var.	CREOSOTE BUSH	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Lepidium fremontii</i>	NL	<i>tridentata</i> = <i>L. fremontii</i> var. <i>fremontii</i> = <i>L. f.</i> var. <i>stipitatum</i>	DESERT ALYSSUM	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	NA	BROAD LEAFED PEPPER-GRASS	FACW	FAC	Herb
<i>Lepidium</i> spp.	<i>Lepidium</i> spp.	NA	PEPPER-GRASS	FAC	NO to FACW+ depending on species	Shrub
<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>	<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>	NA	POOR-MAN'S PEPPER-GRASS	FACU	FACU	Herb
<i>Lepidospartum squamatum</i>	Possibly <i>Baccharis sarothroides</i>	= <i>Lepidospartum squamatum</i> var. <i>palmeri</i> = <i>Lepidospartum squamatum</i> var. <i>squamatum</i> = <i>Baccharis</i>	SCALE BROOM	NL Or FAC	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
		<i>sarathroides</i> var. <i>pluricephala</i> = <i>Lepidospartim squamatum</i> var. <i>obtectum</i>				
<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	NA	MEXICAN SPRANGLETOP	FACW	FACW	Herb
<i>Leymus triticoides</i>	<i>Elymus triticoides</i>	= <i>Elymus triticoides</i> = <i>E. condensatus</i> var. <i>triticoides</i> = <i>E. orcuttianus</i> = <i>E. triticoides</i> var. <i>pubescens</i>	VALLEY WILD RYE	FAC+	FAC+	Herb
<i>Lupinus concinnus</i>	NL	= <i>L. c.</i> var. <i>pallidus</i> = <i>L. c.</i> var. <i>orcutti</i> = <i>L. c.</i> var. <i>optatus</i> = <i>L. c.</i> var. <i>concinnus</i> = <i>L. c.</i> var. <i>agardhianus</i> = <i>L. c.</i> ssp. <i>orcuttii</i> = <i>L. c.</i> ssp. <i>optatus</i> = <i>L. pallidus</i> = <i>L. agardhianus</i>	ELEGANT LUPINE	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Lycium andersonii</i>	NL	= <i>L. a.</i> var. <i>andersonii</i> = <i>L. a.</i> var. <i>deserticola</i>	ANDERSON THORNBUSH	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Lycium cooperi</i>	NL	NA	PEACH THORN	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Lycium parishii</i>	NL	NONE	PARISH'S DESERT THORN	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Malacothrix coulteri</i>	NL	= <i>Zollikoferia eluiensis</i> = <i>M.</i> var. <i>cognate</i>	SNAKE'S HEAD	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Malacothrix glabrata</i>	NL	= <i>M. californica</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	DESERT DANDELION	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Malva neglecta</i>	NL	NA	COMMON MALLOW	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Mentzelia spp.</i>	NL	NA	STICK LEAF	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Mimulus flemingii</i>		= <i>M. parviflorus</i>	FLEMING MONKEYFLOWER	FACU-	NL	Herb
<i>Mimulus fremontii</i>	<i>Mimulus glabratus</i>	= <i>M. subsecundus eunanus fremontii</i> = <i>Mimulus glabratus</i> ssp. <i>fremontii</i>	FREMONT'S MONKEYFLOWER	OBL	OBL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Oenothera deltoides</i>	NL	= <i>O. d. ssp. cognate</i> = <i>O. d. ssp. deltoides</i> = <i>O. d. ssp. howellii</i> = <i>O. d. ssp. piperi</i> = <i>O. d. var. cineracea</i>	BIRDCAGE EVENING PRIMROSE	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Olea europea</i>	NL	NA	OLIVE TREE	NL	NL	Tree
<i>Opuntia basilaris</i>	NL	NA	BEAVERTAIL CACTUS	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i>	<i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i>	NA	JERUSALEM –THORN OR PALO VERDE	FACW*	NI	Tree
<i>Pectocarya heterophylla [sic]</i> * = <i>P. heterocarpa</i>	NL	= <i>P. penicillata</i> var. <i>heterocarpa</i>	CHUCKWALLA COMBSEED	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Pectocarya platycarpa</i>	NL	= <i>P. gracilis</i> = <i>P. linearis</i>	NUTTED BROAD COMB	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Phacelia distans</i>	NL	= <i>P. cinera</i> = <i>P. scabrella</i> = <i>P. distans</i> var.	COMMON PHACELIA	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
		<i>austalis</i>				
<i>Phacelia fremontii</i>	NL	= <i>P. hullii</i>	FREMONT'S PHACELIA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Plantago ovata</i>	NL	NA	DESERT INDIAN WHEAT	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Pluchea sericea</i>	<i>Pluchea sericea</i>	NA	ARROW WEED	FACW	FACW	Shrub
<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	NA	ANNUAL RABBIT-FOOT GRASS	FACW+	FACW+	Herb
<i>Populus fremontii</i>	<i>Populus fremontii</i>	---	FREMONT'S COTTONWOOD	FACW	FACW*	Tree
<i>Prosopis glandulosa</i>	<i>Prosopis juliflora</i>	= <i>P. glandulosa</i> var. <i>torreyana</i> = <i>P. juliflora</i> var. <i>torreyana</i> = <i>P. odorata</i>	HONEY MESQUITE	FACU	NI	Shrub
<i>Puccinella lemonni</i>	<i>Puccinella lemonni</i>	NA	LEMON'S ALKALI GRASS	FAC	FACW*	Herb
<i>Rafinesquia neomexicana</i>	NL	NA	CALIFORNIA CHICORY	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Rumex hymenosepalus</i>	NL	NA	WILD RUBARB	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Salazaria</i>	NL	NA	BLADDERSAGE	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>mexicana</i>						
<i>Salix exigua</i>	<i>Salix exigua</i>	NL	SANDBAR WILLOW	OBL	OBL	Shrub
<i>Salix gooddingii</i>	<i>Salix gooddingii</i>	---	GOODDING WILLOW	OBL	FACW	Tree
<i>Salsola pestifer</i>	<i>Salsola pestifer</i>	NA	RUSSIAN THISTLE	FACU	FACU	Herb
<i>Salsola tragus</i> **	<i>Salsola kali</i> / <i>Salsola pestifer</i>	= <i>S. australis</i> = <i>S. iberica</i> = <i>S. kali</i> var. <i>tenuifoli</i> = <i>S. pestifer</i> = <i>S. kali</i> var. <i>tenuifolia</i> = <i>S. kali</i> var. <i>tragus</i> = <i>S. ruthenica</i>	RUSSIAN THISTLE	FACU*/ FACU	FACU/ FACU	Herb
<i>Salvia columbariae</i>	NL	= <i>S. c.</i> var. <i>columbariae</i> = <i>S. c.</i> var. <i>ziegleri</i>	CHIA	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Salvia dorrii</i>	NL	= <i>S. d.</i> var. <i>dorrii</i> = <i>S. d.</i> var. <i>incana</i> = <i>S. d.</i> var. <i>pilosa</i>	DESERT SAGE	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Schismus arabicus</i>	NL	NA	MEDITERRANEAN GRASS	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Schismus barbatus</i>	NL	= <i>Festuca barbata</i> = <i>S. calycinus</i>	MEDITERRANEAN GRASS	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Senna armata</i>	NL	= <i>Cassia armata</i>	DESERT SENNA, SPINY SENNA	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	NA	TALL TUMBLE MUSTARD	FACU	FACU-	Herb
<i>Spharalcea ambigua</i>	NL	= <i>S. parvifolia</i>	APRICOT MALLOW	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Stanleya pinnata</i>	NL	NA	DESERT PRINCE'S PLUME	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Stephanomeria exigua</i>	NL	NA	SMALL WIRELETTUCE	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Stephanomeria pauciflora</i>	NL	= <i>S. p.</i> var. <i>parishii</i> = <i>S. p.</i> var. <i>pauciflora</i> = <i>S. runcinata</i> var. <i>parishii</i> = <i>S. cinerea</i> = <i>S. lygoclesmoides</i> = <i>S. neomexicana</i> = <i>Lygodesmia pauciflora</i> = <i>Ptiloria pauciflora</i>	DESERT STRAW	NL	NL	Herb

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
<i>Stephanomeria virgata</i>	NL	NA	NL	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Tamarix aphylla</i>	<i>Tamarix aphylla</i>	NA	ATHEL TAMARISK	FACW-	FACW	Tree
<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	NA	SALT CEDAR	FAC	FACW	Shrub
<i>Thamnosma montana</i>	NL	NA	TURPENTINE BROOM	NL	NL	Shrub
<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	NL	= <i>T. hybernum</i> = <i>T. macha</i> = <i>T. sativum</i> = <i>T. sphaerococcum</i> = <i>T. vulgare</i>	COMMON WHEAT	NL	NL	Herb
<i>Typha angustifolia</i>	<i>Typha angustifolia</i>	NA	NARROW LEAF CATTAIL	OBL	OBL	Herb
<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	NL	NONE	SIBERIAN ELM	NL	NL	Tree
<i>Washingtonia filifera</i>	<i>Washingtonia filifera</i>	NA	CALIFORNIA FAN PALM	FACW	NO	Tree
<i>Yucca brevifolia</i>	NL	= <i>Y. jaegeriana</i>	JOSHUA TREE	NL	NL	Tree
<i>Yucca schidigera</i>	NL	= <i>Y. californica</i>	MOJAVE YUCCA	NL	NL	Shrub

LIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED ALONG DRAINAGES WITHIN THE DESERT XPRESS PROJECT STUDY AREA

SCIENTIFIC NAME (AS LISTED IN JSA DATA SHEETS)	SCIENTIFIC NAME IF AVAILABLE IN NWI	SYNONYMY (SOURCE: CALFLORA 2010)	COMMON NAME	REGION 0 (NWI) CA	REGION 8 (NWI) NV	STRATUM (H, S, T)
		= <i>Y. macrocarpa</i> = <i>Y. mohavensis</i>				

* = J.S.A. probably made a typographical error for this species.

**Using JSA taxonomy (*S. tragus*) we determined that in 1988, when the wetland manual was produced, this species could have been either *S. kali* (FACU*) or *S. pestifer* (FACU) (Region O), or FACU for both in Region 8.

NI = Not Indicated.

NL = Not Listed in NWI 1988.

Sources:

Calflora Database. 2010. Calflora Database was developed by the United States Forest Service working in collaboration with U.C. Berkeley. Available at: <http://www.calflora.org/>

National Wetlands Inventory and US Fish And Wildlife Service. 1988. National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands. Compiled by Porter B. Reed, Jr., National Ecology Research Center, US Fish and Wildlife Service, St. Petersburg, Florida. In cooperation with US Army Corps of Engineers, US Environmental Protection Agency, and US Soil Conservation Service.

Exhibit B2

DesertXpress Field Data For Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203)

HBG Watershed Number	HUC 12 Watershed Name	HBG Field Data	ICF Jones & Stokes Field Data	Comments
23	Halloran Summit	Yes	Yes	
24	Rock Tank	Yes	Yes	
25	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	Yes	No	
26	Ord Tank	Yes	Yes	
27	Piute Valley	Yes	Yes	

Huffman-Broadway Group

Field Data Forms

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Halloran Summit*

HBG Watershed ID # 23

**Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)**

DesertXpress

Field Notebook

HBG Watershed ID # 23

Watershed Name: Halloran Summit

If found, please return to:

George Ball
Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, California 94901
415.925.2000
gball@h-bgroup.com

Return Postage Guaranteed

Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators

(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In-stream dunes 2) Crested ripples 3) Flaser bedding 4) Harrow marks 5) Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6) Meander bars 7) Sand tongues 8) Muddy point bars 9) Long gravel bars 10) Cobble bars behind obstructions 11) Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12) Obstacle marks 13) Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14) Narrow berms and levees 15) Streaming lineations 16) Dessication/mud cracks 17) Armored mud balls 18) Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Valley flat 2) Active floodplain 3) Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4) Highest surface of channel bars 5) Top of point bars 6) Break in bank slope 7) Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8) Change in particle size distribution 9) Staining of rocks 10) Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11) Silt deposits 12) Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13) Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Desert pavement 2) Rock varnish 3) Clast weathering 4) Salt splitting 5) Carbonate etching 6) Depositional topography 7) Caliche rubble 8) Soil development 9) Surface color/tones 10) Drainage development 11) Surface relief 12) Surface rounding

Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators

	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Herbaceous marsh species 2) Pioneer tree seedlings 3) Sparse, low vegetation 4) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3) Pioneer tree seedlings 4) Pioneer tree saplings 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6) Late-successional species
Mesoriarian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6) Pioneer tree seedlings 7) Sparse, low vegetation 8) Pioneer tree saplings 9) Xeroriarian species 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5) Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic 6) Ruderals 7) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8) Pioneer tree seedlings 9) Pioneer tree saplings 10) Xeroriarian species 11) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7) Xeroriarian species 8) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12) Mature pioneer trees, xeric understory 13) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14) Late-successional species 15) Upland species
Xeroriarian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10) Sparse, low vegetation 11) Xeroriarian species 12) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12) Sparse, low vegetation 13) Xeroriarian species 14) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 16) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18) Upland species

HBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

NALLORAN SUMMIT

IGB Team # **B 60125**

Project Name: **DesertXpress**

HBG Sub-Basin # (1-41) **23**

HUC 12# **180902092402**

Drainage Data

Comments

Date M/D/Y	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHWM Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	Use note pages at back of notebook for comments. Put comment number in block below.
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
11-14-10	0144 PM	1	23M01	C205	7'0"	A	N	N	A: D: 10	B: 11, 12, 13, 6 E:	C: F: 17	J4 Site. Graded floodplain near culverts.
11-14-10	0259 PM	1	23M02	C204	5'0"	A	D	N	A: D: 10	B: 6, 11, 16, 13 E:	C: F: 17	
11-14-10	0224 PM	1	23D3	C202	1'0" 24" 2.0	A	D	N	A: 5 D: 10	B: 6, 11, 12, 13 E:	C: F: 17	Parallel to exit of interchange ± 1/4 mile then across fence to GPS point
10-12-10	-	5	23D4		-	I	D	N	A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	Blocked
10-12-10	-	5	23D5		3.0	A I	D	Y	A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	Blocked RT4 FIELD VERIFIED
10-12-10	-	5	23D6		-	I	D	Y	A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	Blocked
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	

Reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River

ICF Jones & Stokes
Wetland Determination Data Forms –
Arid West Region

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Halloran Summit*

HBG Watershed ID # 23

Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/04
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-2
 Investigator(s): S. Halson, J. Windbolt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.782954 Long: W 35.406342 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>Original (w-1' h-3" S-4:1)</u> <u>Photos: 8929-S 8930-N</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea calsola</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>N/A UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>5</u>				UPL species <u>27</u> x 5 = <u>135</u>
				Column Totals: <u>27</u> (A) <u>135</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>N/A UPL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Bromus pectorum</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>N/A UPL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N/A UPL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>22</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Footnote:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>76</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks:

SOIL

Sampling Point: NO 2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
8	10 YR 4/2						gravel sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: caliche

Depth (Inches): 9

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM ind. discreet, LD

Sub comp: gravel, sand, silt, caliche

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-3
 Investigator(s): J. Halson, J. Lindbalt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 8%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W-115.780519 Long: N 35.406998 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NW1 classification: N/A ZONE II

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWR W-11' h-6" S-4:1</u> <u>Photos: 8929-N 8925-S</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hypericoides salicifolius</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>3</u>				UPL species <u>30</u> x 5 = <u>150</u>
				Column Totals: <u>30</u> (A) <u>50</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE NL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPE NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Bromus horridus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPE NL</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>27</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>73</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-96

SOIL

Sampling Point: 103

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features		Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%				
14	10 YR 4/2						gravelly sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

<p>Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sandy/Mucky Mineral (S1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)</p>	<p>Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)</p>
--	--	--

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

<p>Wetland Hydrology Indicators:</p> <p>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)</p>	<p>Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)</p>
--	--	--

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

DHWI I: discreet/confined, CL, CS, A1, A2, WS, SL, LD
 C.1 small amount sand and silt

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-4
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.776407 Long: W 35.409516 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:		<u>OHWN</u>	<u>photos: 8922-5</u> <u>8923-N</u>

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>60</u> x 5 = <u>300</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>60</u> (A) <u>300</u> (B)
1. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
3. <u>Salsoia tragus</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>60</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>40</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				

Remarks: _____

Sampling Point: 10-6

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
18	10 YR 4/2						gravelly sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Saturation Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

DHWM E: 50, 60

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-5
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: N 35.409402 Long: W 116.774281 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: A/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM W-1 h-3" s-4:1</u>	
Photos: <u>8820-N 8821-S</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Baccharis sarothroides</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>20</u>				UPL species <u>60</u> x 5 = <u>300</u>
				Column Totals: <u>60</u> (A) <u>300</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPE</u> ^{NL}	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>40</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>60</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks: _____

SOIL

Sampling Point: 105

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						gravelly sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (Inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | |

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- | |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHHM I: 10, disceet
 4m. 10m. 10m. 10m.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/09
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-6
 Investigator(s): J. Holsan, J. Windhoff Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.770553 Long: N 35.410755 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>OHUM</u>	<u>w-11</u> <u>h-3"</u> <u>s-4:1</u>
	<u>Photos: 8918-S</u> <u>8919-N</u>

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1: <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OFC NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>3</u>				UPL species <u>64</u> x 5 = <u>320</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>64</u> (A) <u>320</u> (B)
1. <u>Salsola fragus</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OFC NL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>OFC NL</u>	
3. <u>Bromus maritimus ssp. rubens</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OFC NL</u>	
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>61</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>39</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				

Remarks:

SOIL

Sampling Point: 60-60

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	LD 7R 4/2						gravelly sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
(Includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM Ind: Dissect, LD
Sub Comp: gravel, sand, silt

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: CIRCLE POINT State: CA Sampling Point: 60-7
 Investigator(s): S. Halson, S. Windboft Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 3%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.766723 Long: N 35.41964 Datum: NAD
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>0 Hydric (W-1), H-3", S-4"</u> <u>Photos: 8817-S, 8816-N</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Atriplex canescens</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL FACW</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>3</u>				UPL species <u>28</u> x 5 = <u>140</u>
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Column Totals: <u>28</u> (A) <u>140</u> (B)
2. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
3. <u>Aristida purpurea</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
4. <u>Eriogonum deflexum</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
5. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL (FACU+)</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
6. <u>(= S. Kali)</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
7. <u>OR = S. pestifer</u>	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>25</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>75</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks:

Sampling Point: 60-F

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						granulic sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.
 Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Verlic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
|--|---|--|

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wetland Hydrology indicators:
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
|---|---|---|

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM ±: Dissect, SD, SS, LD

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 60-8
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, S. Lindbalt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 3%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.763724 Long: N 35.413238 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>OHM</u> <u>W-1'</u> <u>Photos: 8914-S</u> <u>h-3"</u> <u>3-4:1</u> <u>8915-TJ</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>05</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Sphaeralcea ambigua</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				UPL species <u>46</u> x 5 = <u>230</u>
				Column Totals: <u>46</u> (A) <u>230</u> (B)
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
1. <u>Aristida purpurca</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: _____ Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
3. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
4. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
5. <u>(= S. Kali)</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
6. <u>OR = S. pestifer</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>42</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>05</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>58</u>	% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>			

Remarks: _____

SOIL

Sampling Point: (10) 8

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						g & vll, sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHW I: Discret, SD, LD, SS, poss. abundant
 Sub com: silt, sand, gravel, caliche

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 617
 Investigator(s): J. Halsom, T. Windbelt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: N 115.7401061 Long: N 35.421254 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks: <u>OHWM W - 1' Photos: N - 4905</u> <u>H - 3' S - 8904</u> <u>S - 3.1</u>			

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Ericameria laricina</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Sphaeralcea ambigua</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____			<u>NL</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				UPL species <u>11</u> x 5 = <u>55</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>11</u> (A) <u>55</u> (B)
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
3. <u>Salsola tricus</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
4. <u>(= S. ukali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
5. <u>or = S. pestifer</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
6. _____				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
7. _____				
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>7</u>				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>93</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks:

Sampling Point: Col-7

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						gravel sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)		<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____	
Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
O.H.W.M I: Discreet/confined, no present flow ind. observed, CL, LD,

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/15/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: C1-8
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windham Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat W -115.743374 Long: W 35.420346 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>Official W-1' N-3" S-3"</u> <u>Photos: S-8906 N-8907</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>14</u> x 5 = <u>70</u>
				Column Totals: <u>14</u> (A) <u>70</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u> <u>OBL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>OBL</u> <u>NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>OPL</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>Aristida purpurea</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OPL</u> <u>NL</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>S. Kali</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
6. <u>S. pestifer</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
Total Cover: <u>14</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>86</u>	% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

61-82

Sampling Point: 01-96

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						crystal sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

0 HUM I: Discreet/confined, CL, LD

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DOX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-9
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, S. Windhelt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W-115.747732 Long: N 35.418888 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM W-1'</u> <u> A-3'</u> <u> S-3'</u>	
<u>Photos: W-8909</u> <u> S-8909</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>11</u> x 5 = <u>55</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>11</u> (A) <u>55</u> (B)
1. <u>Aristida purpurata</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u> <u>OFF</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPENL</u>	
3. <u>Amnispeltis tessellata</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPB</u> <u>NL</u>	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>11</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Prevalence index is ≤3.0 ¹
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>89</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Remarks:				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

61-92

Sampling Point: (11-9)

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						gravel soil	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
---	---	---

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<u>Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
--	---	--

Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (Includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
--	---

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Offroad I: Dissect/contoured, CO, LD

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DEX City/County: Santa Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/09
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: C1-10
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.750589 Long: N 35.417840 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>OHWM h - 1' Photos: N - 8911</u> <u> w - 3" S - 8910</u> <u> S - 3' </u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Ericameria laricina</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>1</u>				UPL species <u>.24</u> x 5 = <u>120</u>
				Column Totals: <u>24</u> (A) <u>120</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Salvia tridactyla</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>(= S. Kali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>(= S. pestifer)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>23</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____				Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>77</u>	% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>			

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-114

61-102

Sampling Point: A-10

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						ginnel sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

- Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)
- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
- ³Indicators of hydrophylic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- | | |
|--|--|
| Wetland Hydrology Indicators: | Secondary Indicators (2 or more required) |
| Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM Ind: Direct runoff, CL, ED, ^{F1-115} poss abandoned, evidence of road runoff

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/16/08
 Applicant/Owner: Crocker Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-11
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windholf Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 10%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: -115.753654 Long: N 35.416950 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: H/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: OHWM W-4! h-3! S-4!! Photos: 8912-N 8913-S	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (AB)
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NL UPE</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>2</u>				UPL species <u>12</u> x 5 = <u>60</u>
				Column Totals: <u>12</u> (A) <u>60</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL UPE</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPE NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>10</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>90</u>	% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>			

Remarks:

61-112

Sampling Point: 61-11

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/2						gravelly soil	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM I: discreet evidence of floodplain, LS, PL
 sub (some gravel, sand, silt)

Exhibit B2

DesertXpress Field Data For Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203)

HBG Watershed Number	HUC 12 Watershed Name	HBG Field Data	ICF Jones & Stokes Field Data	Comments
23	Halloran Summit	Yes	Yes	
24	Rock Tank	Yes	Yes	
25	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	Yes	No	
26	Ord Tank	Yes	Yes	
27	Piute Valley	Yes	Yes	

Huffman-Broadway Group

Field Data Forms

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Rock Tank*

HBG Watershed ID # 24

**Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)**

DesertXpress

Field Notebook

HBG Watershed ID # 24

Watershed Name: Rock Tank

If found, please return to:

George Ball
Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, California 94901
415.925.2000
gball@h-bgroup.com

Return Postage Guaranteed

Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators

(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In-stream dunes 2) Crested ripples 3) Flaser bedding 4) Hairrow marks 5) Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6) Meander bars 7) Sand tongues 8) Muddy point bars 9) Long gravel bars 10) Cobble bars behind obstructions 11) Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12) Obstacle marks 13) Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14) Narrow berms and levees 15) Streaming lineations 16) Dessication/mud cracks 17) Armored mud balls 18) Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Valley flat 2) Active floodplain 3) Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4) Highest surface of channel bars 5) Top of point bars 6) Break in bank slope 7) Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8) Change in particle size distribution 9) Staining of rocks 10) Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11) Silt deposits 12) Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13) Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Desert pavement 2) Rock varnish 3) Clast weathering 4) Salt splitting 5) Carbonate etching 6) Depositional topography 7) Caliche rubble 8) Soil development 9) Surface color/tones 10) Drainage development 11) Surface relief 12) Surface rounding

Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators

	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Herbaceous marsh species 2) Pioneer tree seedlings 3) Sparse, low vegetation 4) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3) Pioneer tree seedlings 4) Pioneer tree saplings 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6) Late-successional species
Mesoriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6) Pioneer tree seedlings 7) Sparse, low vegetation 8) Pioneer tree saplings 9) Xeroriparian species 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5) Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic 6) Ruderals 7) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8) Pioneer tree seedlings 9) Pioneer tree saplings 10) Xeroriparian species 11) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7) Xeroriparian species 8) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12) Mature pioneer trees, xeric understory 13) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14) Late-successional species 15) Upland species
Xeroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10) Sparse, low vegetation 11) Xeroriparian species 12) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12) Sparse, low vegetation 13) Xeroriparian species 14) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 16) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18) Upland species

IBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

ROCK TANK

3B Team # *B 601ES*

Project Name: *DesertXpress*

HBG Sub-Basin # (1-41) *24*

HUC 12 # *18090203103*

Drainage Data

Comments

Date I/D/Y	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHW Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Drainage Data			Comments
									Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	
<i>14-10</i>	<i>1221</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>24MD1</i>	<i>C206</i>	<i>6'3"</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>N</i>	A:	B: <i>11, 12, 13, 6</i>	C:	<i>Three culverts under freeway</i>
									D: <i>10</i>	E:	F: <i>17</i>	
<i>14-10</i>	<i>1035</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>24MD2</i>	<i>C206</i>	<i>4'0"</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>N</i>	A:	B: <i>6, 11, 12, 13</i>	C:	<i>Four culverts under highway J&S site.</i>
									D: <i>10, 11</i>	E:	F: <i>17</i>	
<i>10-12-10</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>24MD3</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>Y</i>	A: <i>—</i>	B: <i>—</i>	C: <i>—</i>	<i>Blocked</i>	
								D: <i>—</i>	E: <i>—</i>	F: <i>—</i>		
									A:	B:	C:	
									D:	E:	F:	
									A:	B:	C:	
									D:	E:	F:	
									A:	B:	C:	
									D:	E:	F:	
									A:	B:	C:	
									D:	E:	F:	

reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River

ICF Jones & Stokes
Wetland Determination Data Forms –
Arid West Region
For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Rock Tank*

HBG Watershed ID # 24

Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: D5X City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-1
 Investigator(s): S.H. Jew Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.718360 Long: N 35.429018 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>DAWM W 11' H 6" S 3:1</u> Photos <u>8857: N 8858: S</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>21</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (AV)
4. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species <u>0</u> x 3 = <u>0</u>
5. _____				FACU species <u>5</u> x 4 = <u>20</u>
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>4246</u> x 5 = <u>21230</u> ²⁵
				Column Totals: <u>4248</u> (A) <u>21235</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u> 4.9
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Sarcola tragus</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>XN</u>	<u>OPE</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Bromus maritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>JPE N</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Ammannia tessellata</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>JPE N</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>JPE N</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>Schizanthus barbatus</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>JPE N</u>	
6. <u>(= S. Kali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
7. <u>OR = S. pestifer</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>4249</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>58</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-124

Sampling Point: C-1

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
14	10YR 4/2						silty gravel	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Official T. D. ... / Conf. ...

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSK City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-2
 Investigator(s): JHJW Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.721008 Long: N 35.427872 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks: OHWMA W-11 H-6" S 3:1 Photos 8859:5 8860: N			

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species <u>2</u> x 4 = <u>8</u> UPL species <u>5755</u> x 5 = <u>28525</u> Column Totals: <u>57</u> (A) <u>28525</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>54.96</u>
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: _____ Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
2. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL/AC</u>	
3. <u>Ammannia tessellata</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/AC</u>	
4. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/AC</u>	
5. <u>S. hispidus barbatus</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/AC</u>	
6. <u>(= S. Kali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
7. <u>(= S. pestifer)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>53</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>47</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		

Remarks: _____

Sampling Point: 612

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
14	10 YR 4/6						Silty gravel	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.
 Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

- Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
 - 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
 - Reduced Vertic (F18)
 - Red Parent Material (TF2)
 - Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (Inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
- Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)
- Surface Water (A1)
 - High Water Table (A2)
 - Saturation (A3)
 - Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
 - Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
 - Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
 - Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
 - Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
 - Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
 - Salt Crust (B11)
 - Biotic Crust (B12)
 - Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
 - Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
 - Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
 - Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
 - Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
 - Other (Explain in Remarks)
- Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
 - Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
 - Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
 - Drainage Patterns (B10)
 - Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
 - Thin Muck Surface (C7)
 - Crayfish Burrows (C8)
 - Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
 - Shallow Aquitard (D3)
 - FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (Inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (Inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (Inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM ± : confined, CLD

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-3
 Investigator(s): JH, JW Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley - Flood Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat W -115.724773 Long: N 35.426675 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology > significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology > naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM w-1' h-3' s-3' </u> <u>Photos 8862 IS 8861 IN</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hydrocotyle salsola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species <u>5</u> x 4 = <u>20</u>
Total Cover: <u>2</u>				UPL species <u>2217</u> x 5 = <u>11085</u>
				Column Totals: <u>2217</u> (A) <u>11085</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.429</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Salgala tragus</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Bromus foetus</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Bromus madriensis ssp. l. hens</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>Amn. stricta tessellata</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
6. <u>Schizanthus barbatus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
7. <u>(= S. kali)</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
8. <u>OR = S. pestifer</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
Total Cover: <u>20</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>80</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks:

61-3

Sampling Point: _____

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10 YR 4/3						Loamy silt	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

- Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)
- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils:
³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:
Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
OHWM I: CL, LD, discrete/continuous
F-I.1-129

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/88
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: SI-4
 Investigator(s): JH, SW Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: N 115.723188 Long: N 35.425491 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>off Wm W-1' H-3' S-3'</u> Photo: DSX-074 DSX-075	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species <u>5</u> x 4 = <u>20</u>
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>12</u> x 5 = <u>85.60</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>17</u> (A) <u>85.80</u> (B)
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.047</u>
2. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL (FACU)</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>4.71</u>
3. <u>Ammsinckia tessellata</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
4. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
5. <u>(= S. kali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
6. <u>OR = S. pestifer</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
7. _____				
8. _____				
Total Cover: <u>17</u>				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____				
2. _____				
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>83</u>	% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>			

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-130

SOIL

Sampling Point: 014

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
<u>14</u>	<u>10 YR 4/6</u>						<u>loamy silt</u>	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

DHWI I:CL,LD, discrete/confined F-I.1-131

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: SI-5
 Investigator(s): JH, JW Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.731949 Long: N 35.424311 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM H-1' H-3' S-3'</u> Photos 8865: N 8866: S	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species <u>5</u> x 4 = <u>20</u> UPL species <u>127</u> x 5 = <u>6035</u> Column Totals: <u>12</u> (A) <u>6035</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4.58</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Herb Stratum				
1. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
3. <u>Amniskia tessellata</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
4. <u>(= S. kali)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
5. <u>(= S. pestifer)</u>			<u>(FACU)</u>	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>12</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>89</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:				

Sampling Point: 015

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10YR	4/3					silty loam	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

- Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)
- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Blotic Crust (B12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (Includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

DHW. I: CL, LD, di, scret/contained F-1.1-133

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 61-6
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Lindholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 3%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W-115.735051 Long: N 35.423181 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM W-1' H-3" S-3:1</u> <u>Photos 8867:5 8868:N</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				UPL species <u>52</u> x 5 = <u>260</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>52</u> (A) <u>260</u> (B)
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL/UL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Amorpha fruticosa</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/UL</u>	
3. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/UL</u>	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>52</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>49</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-134

Sampling Point: CD-6

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10YR 4/2						sand gravel	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A8) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

UWA Tnd: CS, continued, CL, LD, SD

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/19/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-7
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windbott Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D 115.764033 Long: N 35.43498 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: D1A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHM 1-8' 1-1' 5-3'</u> <u>8851: N 8850: S</u> <u>Photos</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>6</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>16.7%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>JPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ericameria laevifolia</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Baccharis sarinifera</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL FAC</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species <u>10</u> x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>22</u>				UPL species <u>4/10/10</u> x 5 = <u>210/160</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>42</u> (A) <u>210/190</u> (B)
1. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>JPL NL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.52</u>
2. <u>Bromus madritensis ssp. tuberos</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
3. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>20</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>80</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-136

SOIL

Sampling Point: 02-7

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
18"	10 YR 4/2						loamy silt	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient) <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWA I: Conf_{hd}, cl, CS, S, SL F-1.4.131 (crack soil [evidence of prolonged inundation])
 a channel veg w/in basin

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: Santa Barbara County Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-8
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windbank Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.707832 Long: N 35.432849 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: 0HW W: 40 N: 1 S: 3:1 8953 - North 8953 - South 	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0 33.3</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Baccharis sorythroides</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ericameria laricina</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>JPL NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Atriplex canescens</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>JPL FACW</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>JPL NL</u>	FAC species <u>8</u> x 3 = <u>24</u>
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species <u>2</u> x 4 = <u>8</u>
Total Cover: <u>20</u>				UPL species <u>42 32</u> x 5 = <u>210 160</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>42</u> (A) <u>210 192</u> (B)
1. <u>Eradium cicutarium</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>54.57</u>
2. <u>Schizanthus barbatus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>22</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>78</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-138

Sampling Point: 102-8

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
16	10Y6		4/2				Sandy loam	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

- Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)
- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (Inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
- | | |
|--|--|
| <u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u> | <u>Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)</u> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (Inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (Inches): _____	
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (Inches): _____	

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
 OHWI Indicators - Distinct / Confined, etc,
 Soil Composition - Sand, Gravel,

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino State: CA Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point Sampling Point: 62-9
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windkeff Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Flats Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 1%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W - 115.711142 Long: N 35.431750 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____	No _____	
Remarks: OHWH H 1' Photos H 3" 6655 - Facing South S 3:1 6656 " North <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">Non-jurisdictional</div>			

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Uyeniaea salsola</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ambrosia dumosa</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Ericameria laricina</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. <u>Ephedra viridis</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>7</u>				UPL species <u>13</u> x 5 = <u>65</u>
				Column Totals: <u>13</u> (A) <u>65</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Schizanthus barbatus</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>6</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>94</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-140

62-97
A.9

Sampling Point: A.9

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
14	10YR		4/2				Sandy loam	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

- Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
 - 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
 - Reduced Vertic (F18)
 - Red Parent Material (TF2)
 - Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: OHWM - Distinct (possibly abandoned).

Soil Comp - Sand, Gravel

Exhibit B2

DesertXpress Field Data For Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203)

HBG Watershed Number	HUC 12 Watershed Name	HBG Field Data	ICF Jones & Stokes Field Data	Comments
23	Halloran Summit	Yes	Yes	
24	Rock Tank	Yes	Yes	
25	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	Yes	No	
26	Ord Tank	Yes	Yes	
27	Piute Valley	Yes	Yes	

Huffman-Broadway Group

Field Data Forms

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed
Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash

HBG Watershed ID # 25

Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)

DesertXpress

Field Notebook

HBG Watershed ID # 25

Watershed Name: Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash

If found, please return to:

George Ball
Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, California 94901
415.925.2000
gball@h-bgroup.com

Return Postage Guaranteed

Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators

(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In-stream dunes 2) Crested ripples 3) Flaser bedding 4) Harrow marks 5) Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6) Meander bars 7) Sand tongues 8) Muddy point bars 9) Long gravel bars 10) Cobble bars behind obstructions 11) Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12) Obstacle marks 13) Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14) Narrow berms and levees 15) Streaming lineations 16) Dessication/mud cracks 17) Armored mud balls 18) Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Valley flat 2) Active floodplain 3) Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4) Highest surface of channel bars 5) Top of point bars 6) Break in bank slope 7) Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8) Change in particle size distribution 9) Staining of rocks 10) Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11) Silt deposits 12) Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13) Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Desert pavement 2) Rock varnish 3) Clast weathering 4) Salt splitting 5) Carbonate etching 6) Depositional topography 7) Caliche rubble 8) Soil development 9) Surface color/tone 10) Drainage development 11) Surface relief 12) Surface rounding

Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators

	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Herbaceous marsh species 2) Pioneer tree seedlings 3) Sparse, low vegetation 4) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3) Pioneer tree seedlings 4) Pioneer tree saplings 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6) Late-successional species
Mesoriarian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6) Pioneer tree seedlings 7) Sparse, low vegetation 8) Pioneer tree saplings 9) Xeroriarian species 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5) Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic 6) Ruderals 7) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8) Pioneer tree seedlings 9) Pioneer tree saplings 10) Xeroriarian species 11) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7) Xeroriarian species 8) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12) Mature pioneer trees, xeric understorey 13) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14) Late-successional species 15) Upland species
Xeroriarian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10) Sparse, low vegetation 11) Xeroriarian species 12) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12) Sparse, low vegetation 13) Xeroriarian species 14) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 16) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18) Upland species

IBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

PACHALKA SPRING-KINGSTON WASH

IBG Team # B 57125

Project Name: DesertXpress

HGB Sub-Basin # (1-41) 25

HUC 12 # 18090203104

Drainage Data

Comments

Date M/D/Y	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHW Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Drainage Data			Comments
									Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	
14-10	1153	1	25M01*	C208	14.3 14.4" 0.5	A	D	N	A: 6 D: 12	B: 6, 11, 12, 13 E:	C: F: 17	RTH FIELD VERIFIED
14-10	1210	1	25M02	C208	33.3 33.4"	A	D	N	A: 5, 6, 16 D:	B: 6, 11, 14, 13 E:	C: F: 19	Draws to graded footprint under median.
10-12-10	—	S	25D3		0.7	A	D	Y	A: 6 D: 10	B: 6, 11, 12, 13 E:	C: F: 18	
10-12-10	—	S	25D4*		0.5	A	D	Y	A: 6 D: 10	B: 6, 11, 12, 13 E:	C: F: 18	RTH FIELD VERIFIED
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	

reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River

Exhibit B2

DesertXpress Field Data For Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203)

HBG Watershed Number	HUC 12 Watershed Name	HBG Field Data	ICF Jones & Stokes Field Data	Comments
23	Halloran Summit	Yes	Yes	
24	Rock Tank	Yes	Yes	
25	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	Yes	No	
26	Ord Tank	Yes	Yes	
27	Piute Valley	Yes	Yes	

Huffman-Broadway Group

Field Data Forms

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Ord Tank*

HBG Watershed ID # 26

**Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)**

DesertXpress

Field Notebook

HBG Watershed ID # 26

Watershed Name: Ord Tank

If found, please return to:

George Ball
Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, California 94901
415.925.2000
gball@h-bgroup.com

Return Postage Guaranteed

Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators

(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In-stream dunes 2) Crested ripples 3) Flaser bedding 4) Harrow marks 5) Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6) Meander bars 7) Sand tongues 8) Muddy point bars 9) Long gravel bars 10) Cobble bars behind obstructions 11) Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12) Obstacle marks 13) Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14) Narrow berms and levees 15) Streaming lineations 16) Dessication/mud cracks 17) Armored mud balls 18) Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Valley flat 2) Active floodplain 3) Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4) Highest surface of channel bars 5) Top of point bars 6) Break in bank slope 7) Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8) Change in particle size distribution 9) Staining of rocks 10) Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11) Silt deposits 12) Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13) Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Desert pavement 2) Rock varnish 3) Clast weathering 4) Salt spitting 5) Carbonate etching 6) Depositional topography 7) Caliche rubble 8) Soil development 9) Surface color/tones 10) Drainage development 11) Surface relief 12) Surface rounding

Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators

	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Herbaceous marsh species 2) Pioneer tree seedlings 3) Sparse, low vegetation 4) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3) Pioneer tree seedlings 4) Pioneer tree saplings 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6) Late-successional species
Mesoriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6) Pioneer tree seedlings 7) Sparse, low vegetation 8) Pioneer tree saplings 9) Xeroriparian species 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5) Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic 6) Ruderals 7) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8) Pioneer tree seedlings 9) Pioneer tree saplings 10) Xeroriparian species 11) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7) Xeroriparian species 8) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12) Mature pioneer trees, xeric understory 13) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14) Late-successional species 15) Upland species
Xeroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10) Sparse, low vegetation 11) Xeroriparian species 12) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12) Sparse, low vegetation 13) Xeroriparian species 14) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 16) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18) Upland species

IBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

GB Team # _____ Project Name: *DesertXpress* HBG Sub-Basin # (1 - 41) *26 - ORD TANK* HUC 12 # *180902031101*

Drainage Data

Date M/D/Y	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHW Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Drainage Data			Comments
									Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	
<i>5/14 2010</i>	<i>1131</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>26D1</i>	<i>C208</i>	<i>1.8 22"</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>N</i>	A: <i>16</i> D: <i>10</i>	B: <i>6, 11, 12, 13</i> E: _____	C: _____ F: <i>18</i>	<i>Drainage off of freeway in concrete-lined structure.</i>
<i>- NO GPS DATA POINT RECORDED -</i>												
<i>↓</i>	<i>1140</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>26MD 1</i>	<i>C208 MD GPS POINT</i>	<i>16'0"</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>N</i>	A: <i>1, 7</i> D: <i>10</i>	B: <i>6, 11, 12, 13</i> E: _____	C: _____ F: <i>18</i>	<i>Drains to manmade floodplain under fwy. J+S site.</i>
<i>10.12.10</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>26MD 2</i>		<i>16.0 0.5</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>Y</i>	A: <i>1, 7</i> D: <i>10</i>	B: <i>6, 11, 12, 13</i> E: _____	C: _____ F: <i>18</i>	<i>REVERIFIED GPS POINT</i>
<i>10.12.10</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>S</i>	<i>26DB</i>		<i>1.0</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>Y</i>	A: <i>1, 7</i> D: <i>10</i>	B: <i>6, 11, 12, 13</i> E: _____	C: _____ F: <i>18</i>	
									A: _____ D: _____	B: _____ E: _____	C: _____ F: _____	
									A: _____ D: _____	B: _____ E: _____	C: _____ F: _____	
									A: _____ D: _____	B: _____ E: _____	C: _____ F: _____	

Reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River
 Path: \DesertXpress\Desert Xpress Drainage Field Data Sheet (Final).doc

ICF Jones & Stokes
Wetland Determination Data Forms –
Arid West Region

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Ord Tank*

HBG Watershed ID # 26

Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Desert Xpress City/County: San Bern'do Sampling Date: 3/9/09
 Applicant/Owner: Cicco Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-4
 Investigator(s): A. Durcharat, M. Widdowson Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat W = 118.683725 Long N 35.44112 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: WA NWI classification: WA zone 11

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology Y* significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>Data Pt describes a depressionnal area in channel that has relatively vigorous growth of UPL weeds. OHW indicators refer to channel.</u>	
OHW M <u>46</u> ft Width _____ ft Height _____ ft Length _____ ft Side Slope <u>3:1</u>	Photos (with description) <u>010 Facing N</u> <u>011 " S</u>

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: _____				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum <u>None</u>				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species <u>3565</u> x 5 = <u>178325</u>
Total Cover: _____				Column Totals: <u>3865</u> (A) <u>178325</u> (B)
Herb Stratum				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.00</u>
1. <u>Descurainia Sophia</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ___ Dominance Test is >50% ___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ ___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2. <u>Bromus rubens</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	
3. <u>Amsinckia tessellata</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
4. <u>Sisymbrium sp</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>65</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: _____				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>35</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>5</u>				

Remarks:

Sampling Point: BZ-4

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-1	10YR 3/3	100					sl	
1-3	10YR 4/2	100					sl	
3-4	10YR 4/2	100					ls	moist. below 3 inches
4-5	10YR 4/2	100					loam	organic component
5-6	10YR 4/2	100					ls	
6-7	10YR 4/2	100					clay	
7-8	2.5Y 4/3	100					Sandy clay	
8-10	10YR 7/2	100					sandy clay	pale parent material

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) <i>NDT D</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: *Sediment is sorted - stratified layers*

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): none

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): >10

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): >10

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: *Data point is in depression area in wash/creek that ponds underneath and to the north of I15.*

OHWM Indicators (use abbreviations): *SS, S, PC, sd*

Exhibit B2

DesertXpress Field Data For Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed (HUC 18090203)

HBG Watershed Number	HUC 12 Watershed Name	HBG Field Data	ICF Jones & Stokes Field Data	Comments
23	Halloran Summit	Yes	Yes	
24	Rock Tank	Yes	Yes	
25	Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash	Yes	No	
26	Ord Tank	Yes	Yes	
27	Piute Valley	Yes	Yes	

Huffman-Broadway Group

Field Data Forms

For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Piute Valley*

HBG Watershed ID # 27

**Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)**

DesertXpress

Field Notebook

HBG Watershed ID # 27

Watershed Name: Piute Valley

If found, please return to:

George Ball
Huffman-Broadway Group, Inc.
828 Mission Avenue
San Rafael, California 94901
415.925.2000
gball@h-bgroup.com

Return Postage Guaranteed

Potential Geomorphic OHWM Indicators

(A) Below OHW	(B) At OHW	(C) Above OHW
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) In-stream dunes 2) Crested ripples 3) Flaser bedding 4) Harrow marks 5) Gravel sheets to rippled sands 6) Meander bars 7) Sand tongues 8) Muddy point bars 9) Long gravel bars 10) Cobble bars behind obstructions 11) Scour holes downstream of obstructions 12) Obstacle marks 13) Stepped-bed morphology in gravel 14) Narrow berms and levees 15) Streaming lineations 16) Dessication/mud cracks 17) Armored mud balls 18) Knick Points 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Valley flat 2) Active floodplain 3) Benches: low, mid, most prominent 4) Highest surface of channel bars 5) Top of point bars 6) Break in bank slope 7) Upper limit of sand-sized particles 8) Change in particle size distribution 9) Staining of rocks 10) Exposed root hairs below intact soil layer 11) Silt deposits 12) Litter (organic debris, small twigs and leaves) 13) Drift (organic debris, larger than twigs) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Desert pavement 2) Rock varnish 3) Clast weathering 4) Salt splitting 5) Carbonate etching 6) Depositional topography 7) Caliche rubble 8) Soil development 9) Surface color/tones 10) Drainage development 11) Surface relief 12) Surface rounding

Potential Vegetation OHWM Indicators

	(D) Below OHW	(E) At OHW	(F) Above OHW
Hydroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Herbaceous marsh species 2) Pioneer tree seedlings 3) Sparse, low vegetation 4) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 5) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, hydromesic ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 3) Pioneer tree seedlings 4) Pioneer tree saplings 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 2) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 3) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal co-dominant 4) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 5) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 6) Late-successional species
Mesoriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6) Pioneer tree seedlings 7) Sparse, low vegetation 8) Pioneer tree saplings 9) Xeroriparian species 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5) Sparse, low vegetation Annual herbs, hydromesic 6) Ruderals 7) Perennial herbs, hydromesic clonals 8) Pioneer tree seedlings 9) Pioneer tree saplings 10) Xeroriparian species 11) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7) Xeroriparian species 8) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 9) Perennial herbs, non-clonal 10) Perennial herbs, clonal and non-clonal codominant 11) Mature pioneer trees, no young trees 12) Mature pioneer trees, xeric understory 13) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 14) Late-successional species 15) Upland species
Xeroriparian indicators	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10) Sparse, low vegetation 11) Xeroriparian species 12) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 12) Sparse, low vegetation 13) Xeroriparian species 14) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 16) Annual herbs, xeric ruderals 17) Mature pioneer trees w/upland species 18) Upland species

HBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

HGB Team #		Project Name: <i>DesertXpress</i>				HGB Sub-Basin # (1-41) <i>27-PIUTE VALLEY</i>			HUC 12 #			Comments
Drainage Data												
Date (M/D/Y)	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHW Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	Use note pages at back of notebook for comments. Put comment number in block below.
5/13	1650	5	27M4		6'	A	D	N	A: 10,13,15 D: none	B: none E: 6	C: 1,3,12 1,3,12 F: 15,18	
5/13	1653	5	27M2 27D2		2.0 2.5'	A	D	N	A: 13,12,18 D: none	B: 11,12,13,2 E: 1	C: 12 F: 18,16	
5/13	1700	5	27M3 27MD3		9.5 8.5'	A	U	Y	A: 2,15 D: 4,10,12	B: 2,11,12,13 E: 3,4,11	C: 7,9,12 F: 16,18	
5/13	1710	5	27D2 27D4		2.2 2.6'	A	U	Y	A: 1,11,13 D: 4,7,10	B: 2,3,10,12,13 E: 1,5,12	C: 9,12 F: 18,16	
5/13	1738	5	27MD2 27MD5		19'	A	U	Y	A: 10,11,13,15 D: 2,3,4,5,7,10	B: 2,4,6,10,12,13 E: 5,6,11,12	C: 1,3,9,10,12 F: 15,16,18	
5/13	1748	5	27M2 27M6		11.2 11.5'	A	D	N	A: 10,13,15 D: none	B: none E: 6	C: 1,3,12 1,3,12 F: 5,15,18 5,15,18	
5/13	1755	5	27I1 27I7		1'	I	U	Y	A: 13 D: none	B: 9 E: 5,12	C: 2,3,7,10 F: 15,16,18	inactive

Reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River

F-1.1-159

HBG OHWM Field Data Sheet (Arid West)

HGB Team #		Project Name: <i>DesertXpress</i>				HGB Sub-Basin # (1-41) <i>27-PIUTE VALLEY</i>			HUC 12 #		Comments	
Drainage Data										Comments		
Date (M/D/Y)	Time (24-Hour)	GPS Unit #	Sample Point #	Map Sheet Ref #	OHW Width	Active (A) or Inactive (I) Channel	Up (U) / or Down (D) Slope from Road	Photo (Y/N)	Below OHWM	At OHWM	Above OHWM	Use note pages at back of notebook for comments. Put comment number in block below.
<i>5/13</i>	<i>1805</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>27D3</i> <i>27D8</i>		<i>2.5</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>U</i>	<i>N</i>	A: <i>1, 11, 13</i> D: <i>4, 7, 10</i>	B: <i>2, 3, 10, 12, 13</i> E: <i>1, 5, 12</i> <i>2, 3, 10, 12, 13</i>	C: <i>7, 9, 12</i> F: <i>18, 16</i>	
<i>5/13</i>	<i>1830</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>27MD3</i> <i>27MD9</i>		<i>6.10</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>U</i>	<i>Y</i>	A: <i>1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 15</i> <i>1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 15</i>	B: <i>2, 9, 11, 12, 13</i> <i>2, 9, 11, 12, 13</i>	C: <i>1, 3, 4, 7, 12, 10</i> <i>1, 3, 4, 7, 12, 10</i>	
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
<i>05/15 2010</i>	<i>1616</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>27MD10</i>		<i>11.0</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>U</i>	<i>Y</i>	A: <i>5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 18</i> D: <i>10, 12</i>	B: <i>2, 3 (low), 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13</i> E: <i>12, 14</i>	C: <i>6, 8, 10, 11, 12</i> F: <i>18</i>	<i>Cima exit</i>
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	
									A: D:	B: E:	C: F:	

Reference: D = Drainage; M = Manmade; MD = Major Drainage; R = River

F-1.1-160

ICF Jones & Stokes
Wetland Determination Data Forms –
Arid West Region
For DesertXpress

HUC 12 Watershed *Piute Valley*

HBG Watershed ID # 27

Within Death Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed
(HUC 18090203)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Desert Xpress City/County: San Bern Sampling Date: 3/8/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-1
 Investigator(s): Amanda Duchardt, MWD, San Bern Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.167712 Long: N 35.446958 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks: <u>ODG bank-to-bank - 15'</u>	<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:50%;"> OHWM <u>2</u> ft Width _____ ft Height _____ ft Length _____ ft Side Slope <u>3:1</u> </td> <td style="width:50%;"> Photos (with description) <u>001 - Facing E</u> <u>002 - Facing W</u> </td> </tr> </table>	OHWM <u>2</u> ft Width _____ ft Height _____ ft Length _____ ft Side Slope <u>3:1</u>	Photos (with description) <u>001 - Facing E</u> <u>002 - Facing W</u>
OHWM <u>2</u> ft Width _____ ft Height _____ ft Length _____ ft Side Slope <u>3:1</u>	Photos (with description) <u>001 - Facing E</u> <u>002 - Facing W</u>		

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:																
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)																
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)																
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
Total Cover: _____																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum																				
1. <u>Chrysothamnus paniculata</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>BY</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td>Total % Cover of:</td> <td>Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species _____</td> <td>x 1 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species _____</td> <td>x 2 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species _____</td> <td>x 3 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species _____</td> <td>x 4 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>20</u></td> <td>x 5 = <u>100</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)</td> <td><u>100</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species _____	x 1 = _____	FACW species _____	x 2 = _____	FAC species _____	x 3 = _____	FACU species _____	x 4 = _____	UPL species <u>20</u>	x 5 = <u>100</u>	Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)	<u>100</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____																			
FACW species _____	x 2 = _____																			
FAC species _____	x 3 = _____																			
FACU species _____	x 4 = _____																			
UPL species <u>20</u>	x 5 = <u>100</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>20</u> (A)	<u>100</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>																				
2. <u>Gutierrezia sarothrae</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>BY</u>	<u>UPL</u>																	
3. Gutierrezia sarothrae	_____	_____	_____																	
4. <u>Gutierrezia sarothrae</u>	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
Total Cover: <u>20</u>																				
Herb Stratum																				
1. <u>None</u>	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: _____ Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0' _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
Total Cover: _____																				
Woody Vine Stratum																				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
Total Cover: _____																				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>100</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>																		

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-162

Arid West – Version 11-1-2006

Sampling Point: 62-1

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-12	10 YR 5/3	100%	None				S	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

- Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)
- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F1B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

- Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>None</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>>12</u>	
Saturation Present? (Includes capillary fringe)	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>>12</u>	

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

CHWM Indicators (use abbreviations): cl^{F-1-103} silty water + debris, sand

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Desert Xpress City/County: San Berdo Sampling Date: 3/9/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-2
 Investigator(s): A. Duchardt, M. Widdowson Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W-115.674419 Long: N 35.445546 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A - NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology Y significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (if needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>CDFG bank-bank - 25' x 6' deep</u>	
OHWM: <u>12</u> ft Width: _____ Height: <u>2</u> ft Length: _____ Side Slope: <u>1:1</u>	Photos (with description): <u>007 facing S</u> <u>008 facing N</u>

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: _____				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species <u>7</u> x 5 = <u>35</u> Column Totals: <u>7</u> (A) <u>35</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				
1. <u>Gutierrezia sarothrae</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>5</u>				
Herb Stratum				
1. <u>Stanleya pinnata</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL UPL</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>2</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: _____				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>98</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
 _____ Dominance Test is >50%
 _____ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
 _____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No

SOIL

Sampling Point: 62-2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-10	10YR 5/3	100					gravel, silt	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): none

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): > 10

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): > 10

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: - Artificially excavated ditch that captures "natural" runoff & diverts water to 62-1. Separated from I15 by berm. Parallels freeway. See aerial photos.

OHWM Indicators (use abbreviations): SL1, v1, s1, sediment surface

Primary tributary substrate composition (use abbreviations): gravel, sand, silt

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Arid West Region

Project/Site: Desert Xpress City/County: San Bern Co. Sampling Date: 3/9/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 62-3
 Investigator(s): A. DuChardt M. Widdowson Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): D ~~12-115.676493~~ Long: N 35,447028 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: _____	
Width <u>OHWM</u> <u>6</u> ft Height <u>0.5</u> ft Length _____ ft Side Slope <u>24:1</u>	Photos (with descriptions) <u>009 Facing E</u>

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>0</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>	_____	_____	_____	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum <u>None</u>				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>0</u>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Herb Stratum <u>None</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: _____ Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>100</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks: Channel has no veg.

Sampling Point: 62-3

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-12	10YR 5/3	100						Sand

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<u>Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)</u>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): none

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): >12

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): >12

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring wall, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM Indicators (use abbreviations): Score 1-167 PC
 Primary tributary substrate composition (use abbreviations): Sand

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Arid West Region

Project/Site: Desert Xpress City/County: San Bern'd Co Sampling Date: 3/9/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle K State: CA Sampling Point: 62-5
 Investigator(s): A. Durward, M. Widdowson Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.67409 Long: N 35.442512 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 1

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>										
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
Remarks:	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>OHWM</th> <th>Photos (with description)</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Width <u>12</u> ft</td> <td>012 Facing N (downstream)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Height <u>1.5</u> ft</td> <td>013 Facing S (upstream)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Length _____ ft</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Side Slope <u>24:1</u></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	OHWM	Photos (with description)	Width <u>12</u> ft	012 Facing N (downstream)	Height <u>1.5</u> ft	013 Facing S (upstream)	Length _____ ft		Side Slope <u>24:1</u>	
OHWM	Photos (with description)										
Width <u>12</u> ft	012 Facing N (downstream)										
Height <u>1.5</u> ft	013 Facing S (upstream)										
Length _____ ft											
Side Slope <u>24:1</u>											

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (AB)
4. _____				
Total Cover: _____				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Atriplex canescens</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u> <u>UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species <u>33</u> x 4 = <u>132</u>
Total Cover: <u>8</u>				UPL species <u>1630</u> x 5 = <u>8150</u>
				Column Totals: <u>63</u> (A) <u>815282</u> (B)
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4.48</u>
1. <u>Sisymbrium irio</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u> <u>OR FACU</u> <u>UPL</u>	
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
3. <u>Bromus rubens</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NL</u>	
4. <u>Schusania sp. (arabicus / barbatus)</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
20% threshold = 11% Total Cover: <u>55</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____				___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. _____				___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
				___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Total Cover: _____				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>45</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				

Remarks:

F-1.1-168

Arid West - Version 11-1-2006

Sampling Point: 62-5

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-4	10YR 4/4	100					Sandy loam	
4-	10YR 7/2	100						Parent material - decomposing bedrock

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: bed rock
Depth (inches): 4

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

Shovel refusal at 4 inches

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): —
 Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): >4
 Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): >4
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWI Indicators (use abbreviations): Scot 1-16 ft shelving
 Substrate composition (use abbreviations): Co & gravel cobbles

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DOX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 64-1
 Investigator(s): J. Holson J Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 4%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.58874 Long: N 35.47433 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: CHUM W- 8' H- 6" S- 4' Plants 6641 - South 9845 - North	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>45</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Eriodina frutescens</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ericameria lanicifolia</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Atriplex canescens</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species <u>1</u> x 4 = <u>4</u>
Total Cover: <u>8</u>				UPL species <u>12 11</u> x 5 = <u>60 55</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>12 12</u> (A) <u>60 59</u> (B)
1. <u>Eriodina cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5 4.92</u>
2. <u>Schismus barbatus</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
3. <u>Aristida purpurea</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL NL</u>	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>96</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-170

SOIL

Sampling Point: C04-1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
6"	10YR		4/2				Gravel/Cobbles	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: rip rap
 Depth (inches): 6"

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
 other indicators - Confined, cl, PC
 Soil Composition - Gravel, cobbles, riprap.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: CU-2
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, S. Lindholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 5%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: N 115.601566 Long: N 35.470532 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology > naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHM w 3' Photos: 8847: S</u> <u>h 3" 8846: N</u> <u>3 4:1</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Eriogonum fasciculatum</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Lycium cooperi</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. <u>Ephedra viridis</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. <u>Ericameria laricifolia</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>27</u>				UPL species <u>44</u> x 5 = <u>220</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>44</u> (A) <u>220</u> (B)
1. <u>B. tectorum</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	
3. <u>Aristida purpurascens</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	
4. <u>Achnatherum speciosum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u> ^{NL}	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>17</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>83</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-172

Sampling Point: 64-2

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
8	10YR 4/3						gravel	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (Inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (Includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM T: discrete/confined, CL, CS, LSD, SS

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: CU-3
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.607487 Long: N 35.468233 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: HA NWI classification: HA ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation NO, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: OHWM W - 50' N - 6" S - 2:1 	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>43</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>33.3</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species <u>25</u> x 3 = <u>75</u> FACU species <u>1</u> x 4 = <u>4</u> UPL species <u>337</u> x 5 = <u>1685</u> Column Totals: <u>33</u> (A) <u>165114</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.45</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Baccharis sarothroides</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC UPL</u>	
2. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>29</u>				
Herb Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL N</u>	
2. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL (FACU)</u>	
3. <u>Eriogonum pulchellum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL N</u>	
4. <u>(= S. Kali or S. pestifer)</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU*)</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>96</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				
Remarks: _____				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
 ___ Dominance Test is >50%
 ___ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 ___ Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No

1806 226 9900 166467

64-3

Sampling Point: 143

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
18"	10YR		4/2				Sand/Clay	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biolic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWT1 indicators - Confined, CI, S, SS,
Soil Composition - Gravel, Sand, riprap.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle K State: CA Sampling Point: 55-1
 Investigator(s): J. Holson, J. Windholt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Toe slope Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: N 115.556532 Long: W 35.471152 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM width 10 ft height 6" slope 2:1 photos 8831 8832</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: _____				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Ericameria laricina</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>3</u>				UPL species <u>5</u> x 5 = <u>25</u>
				Column Totals: <u>5</u> (A) <u>25</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>2</u>				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>98</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		

Remarks: P. bicolor on edge of bank.

Sampling Point: 15-1

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
10"	10YR		4/2				Gravel	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No _____ Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

OHWM Indicators - Confined, PC, TV, SD, S, CI

Substrate Composition - Gravel

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DEIX City/County: San Bernardino Co Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle K Int State: CA Sampling Point: KS-2
 Investigator(s): JW, JH Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 30%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.554488 Long: N 35.471811 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: DWHM : w 6' h 6" S 2:1 Photos: 8834: S 9835: NE	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>45</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Hamamelis salsola</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL^{NL}</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ambrosia ariflora</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL^{NL}</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Eriogonum fasciculatum</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL^{NL}</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>13</u>				UPL species <u>15</u> x 5 = <u>75</u>
				Column Totals: <u>15</u> (A) <u>75</u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL^{NL}</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Aristida purpurea</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>NY</u>	<u>UPL^{NL}</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>2</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>98</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-178

Sampling Point: AS-2

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
12	10Y/R	4/2						gravel

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (Includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

DHWM Ind.: SD, CL, S, PC, TV - Low Point

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DEX City/County: Santa Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 55-3
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windbelt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Toe slope Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%) 2%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.563922 Long: N 35.474214 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE 11
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHW 1/2 W 1' h 3" S 2:1</u> <u>Photos: 9836:NE 8837:S</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Ambrosia arborescens</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL W</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Eriogonum fasciculatum</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL W</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL W</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
Total Cover: <u>24</u>				UPL species <u>28</u> x 5 = <u>140</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>28</u> (A) <u>140</u> (B)
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL W</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5</u>
2. <u>Aristida purpurea</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL W</u>	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>4</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0.5</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present.
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

Sampling Point: 105-3

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
14	10.5	Y/R 4/2						gravel

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____
 (Includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Ch 5, SD, PL - Confined

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DSX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/06
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 65-4
 Investigator(s): D. Holson, S. Windbolt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W 115.570519 Long: W 35.476049 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: UHL ZONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM: w 1' h 2" s 3"</u> <u>Photos: 8838: S 8839: N</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>20</u> (AB)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Baccharis salicifolia</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC UPL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL/NL</u>	OBL species _____ x1 = _____
3. <u>Hymenoclea salsola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL/NL</u>	FACW species _____ x2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species <u>2</u> x3 = <u>6</u>
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species <u>2</u> x4 = <u>8</u>
Total Cover: <u>6</u>				UPL species <u>14</u> x5 = <u>70</u>
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	Column Totals: <u>14</u> (A) <u>70</u> (B)
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.0</u>
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Herb Stratum				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OPL/NL</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Aristida purpurascens</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/NL</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Salsola tragus</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OPL(FACU)</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/NL</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>Eriogonum pulchellum</u>	<u><1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL/NL</u>	
6. <u>S. Kali</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
7. <u>S. pestifer</u>	_____	_____	<u>(FACU)</u>	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>8</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>92</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				

Remarks:

Sampling Point: 65-4

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
8	10YR	4 1/2						gravelly cobble

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes _____ No Depth (inches): _____

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: DFX City/County: San Bernardino Sampling Date: 3/14/08
 Applicant/Owner: Circle Point State: CA Sampling Point: 65-5
 Investigator(s): S. Holson, J. Windbelt Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley Floor Local relief (concave, convex, none): concave Slope (%): 3%
 Subregion (LRR): D Lat: W -115.578832 Long: N 35.475842 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: N/A NWI classification: N/A ZONE II

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>N/A</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>OHWM W 12' 4 1' 5 3:1</u> <u>Photos - 8841 - South 8842 - North</u>	

VEGETATION

Tree Stratum (Use scientific names.)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>27</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Ambrosia arifolia</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OPE</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>Atriplex canescens</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL/FACW</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>Hymenoclea siliola</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. <u>Encelia frutescens</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species <u>3</u> x 4 = <u>12</u>
Total Cover: <u>12</u>				UPL species <u>19</u> x 5 = <u>95</u>
Herb Stratum				Column Totals: <u>19</u> (A) <u>95</u> (B)
1. <u>Erodium cicutarium</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>5.0</u>
2. <u>Eriogonum pulchellum</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
3. <u>Acathium hymenoides</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
4. <u>Bromus tectorum</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>7</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Total Cover: <u>0</u>				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>9.3</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust <u>0</u>		
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Remarks: _____

F-1.1-184

Sampling Point: 65-5

SOIL

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, RC=Root Channel, M=Matrix.
 Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)

- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

- Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
 - 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
 - Reduced Vertic (F18)
 - Red Parent Material (TF2)
 - Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes N/A No _____

Remarks: No soil pit dug.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (any one indicator is sufficient)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No ✓ Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No ✓ Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No ✓ Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No ✓


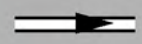

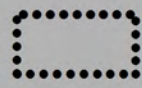
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:
 OHWM Indicators - C1, C5, S4, S5, PL, Permeable
 Soil Composition - gravel, sand, cobbles, riprap

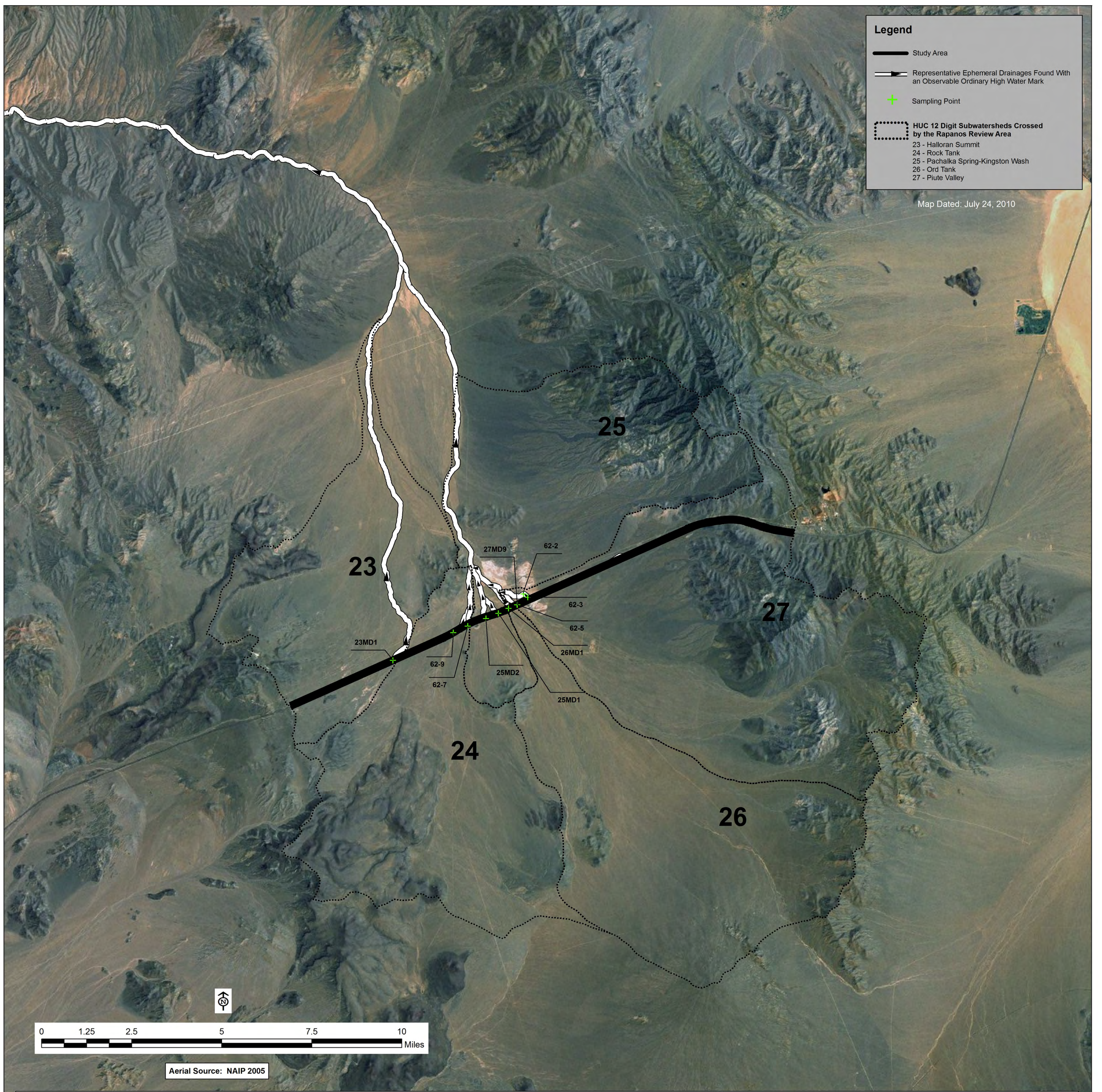
Exhibit C

**Representative Areas Potentially Excluded from
Corps Jurisdiction Based on Corps-EPA *Rapanos*
Guidance, DesertXpress Project, HUC 8 Death
Valley-Lower Amargosa Watershed Draining to
Badwater Basin**

Legend

-  Study Area
-  Representative Ephemeral Drainages Found With an Observable Ordinary High Water Mark
-  Sampling Point
-  HUC 12 Digit Subwatersheds Crossed by the Rapanos Review Area
 - 23 - Halloran Summit
 - 24 - Rock Tank
 - 25 - Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash
 - 26 - Ord Tank
 - 27 - Plute Valley

Map Dated: July 24, 2010

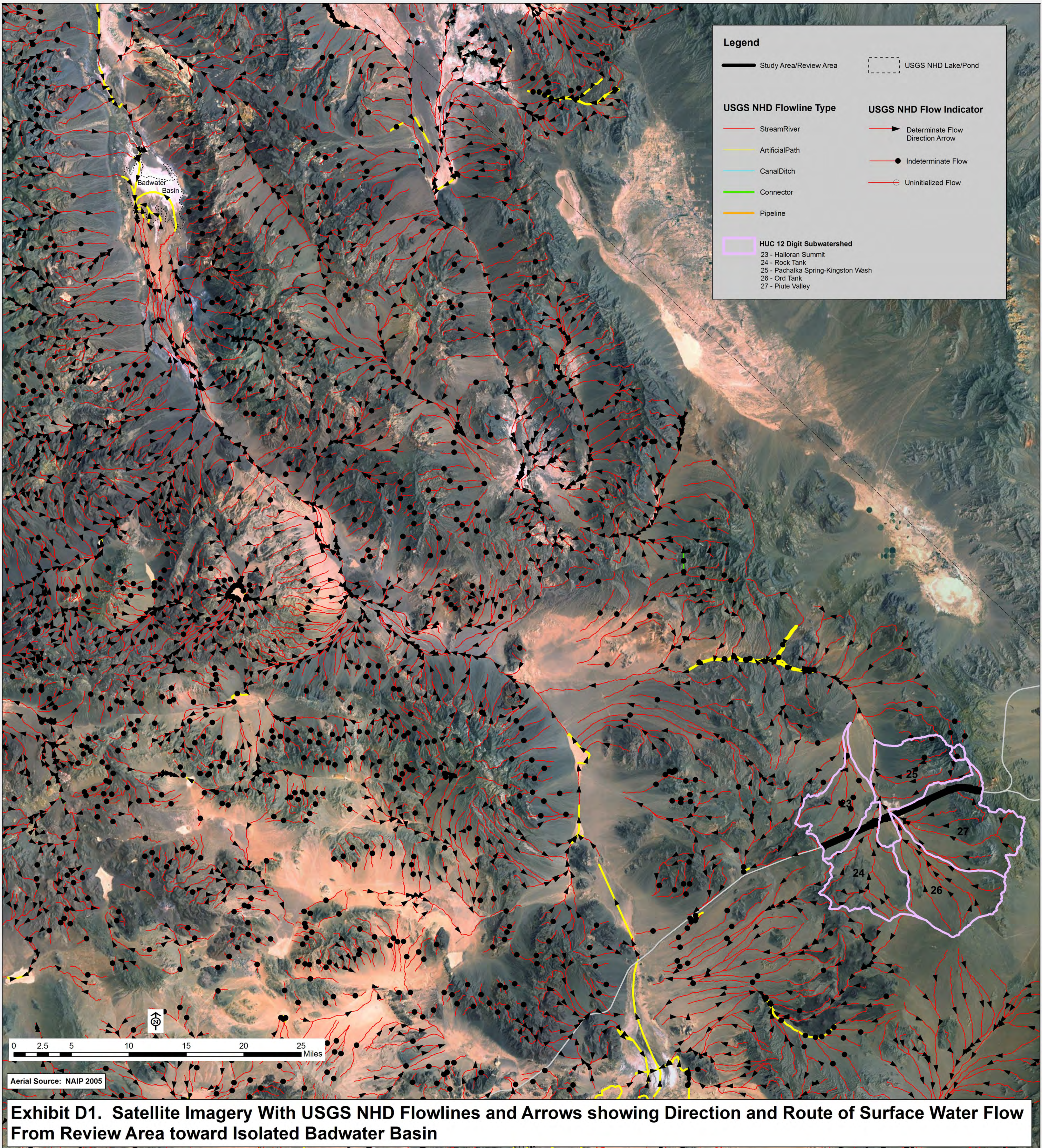


Aerial Source: NAIP 2005

Exhibit C. Map Showing Representative Areas Potentially Subject to Corps Jurisdiction Under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, DesertXpress Project, HUC 8 Death Valley - Lower Amargosa Watershed San Bernardino County, California.

Exhibit D

Hydrology Maps for CWA Jurisdictional Analysis



Legend

Study Area/Review Area (thick black line)

USGS NHD Lake/Pond (dashed white line)

USGS NHD Flowline Type

- StreamRiver (red line)
- ArtificialPath (yellow line)
- CanalDitch (cyan line)
- Connector (green line)
- Pipeline (orange line)

USGS NHD Flow Indicator

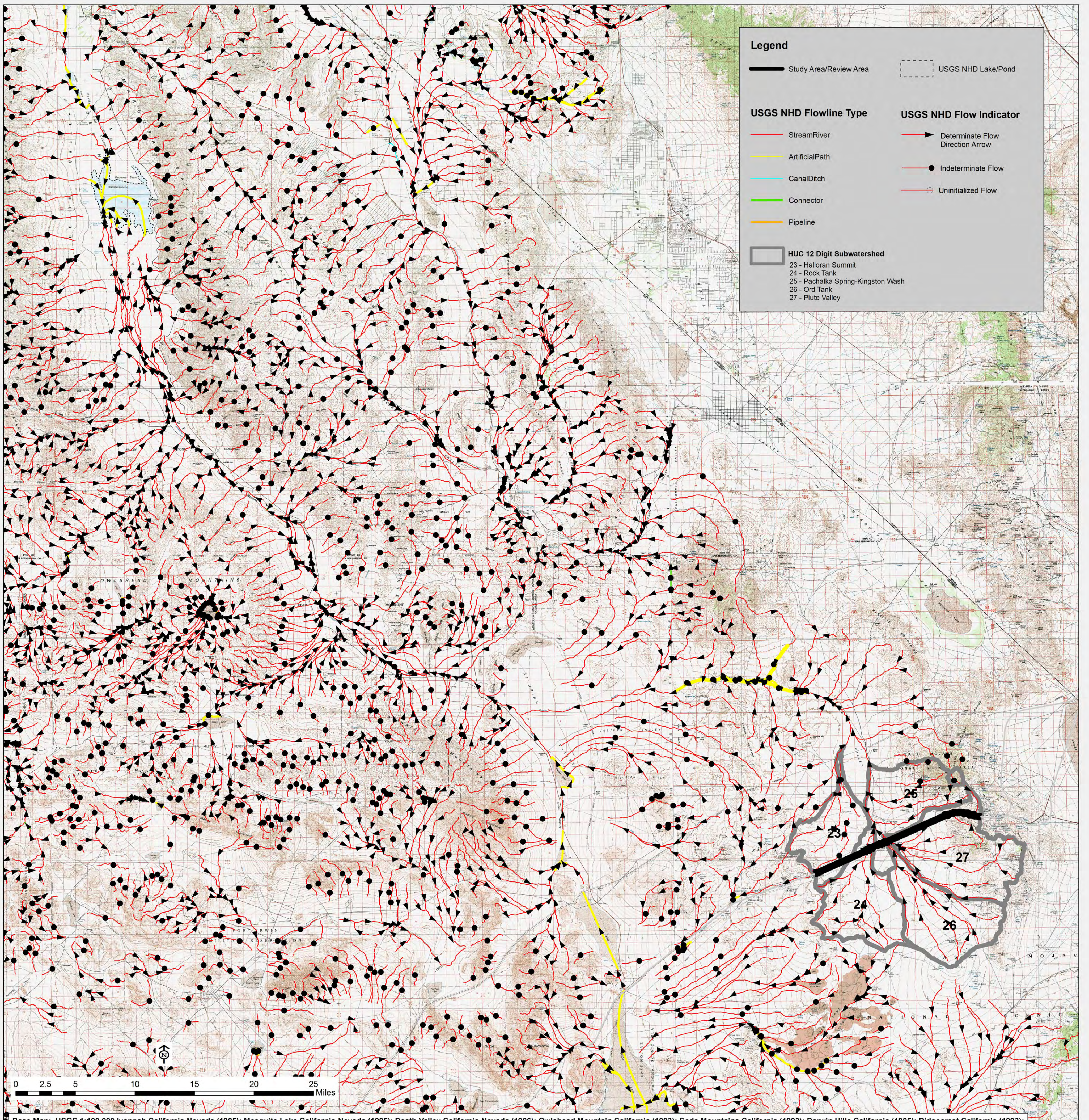
- Determinate Flow Direction Arrow (black arrow)
- Indeterminate Flow (black dot)
- Uninitialized Flow (red circle)

HUC 12 Digit Subwatershed

- 23 - Halloran Summit
- 24 - Rock Tank
- 25 - Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash
- 26 - Ord Tank
- 27 - Piute Valley

Aerial Source: NAIP 2005

Exhibit D1. Satellite Imagery With USGS NHD Flowlines and Arrows showing Direction and Route of Surface Water Flow From Review Area toward Isolated Badwater Basin



Legend

Study Area/Review Area

USGS NHD Lake/Pond

USGS NHD Flowline Type

- Stream/River
- Artificial Path
- Canal/Ditch
- Connector
- Pipeline

USGS NHD Flow Indicator

- Determinate Flow Direction Arrow
- Indeterminate Flow
- Uninitialized Flow

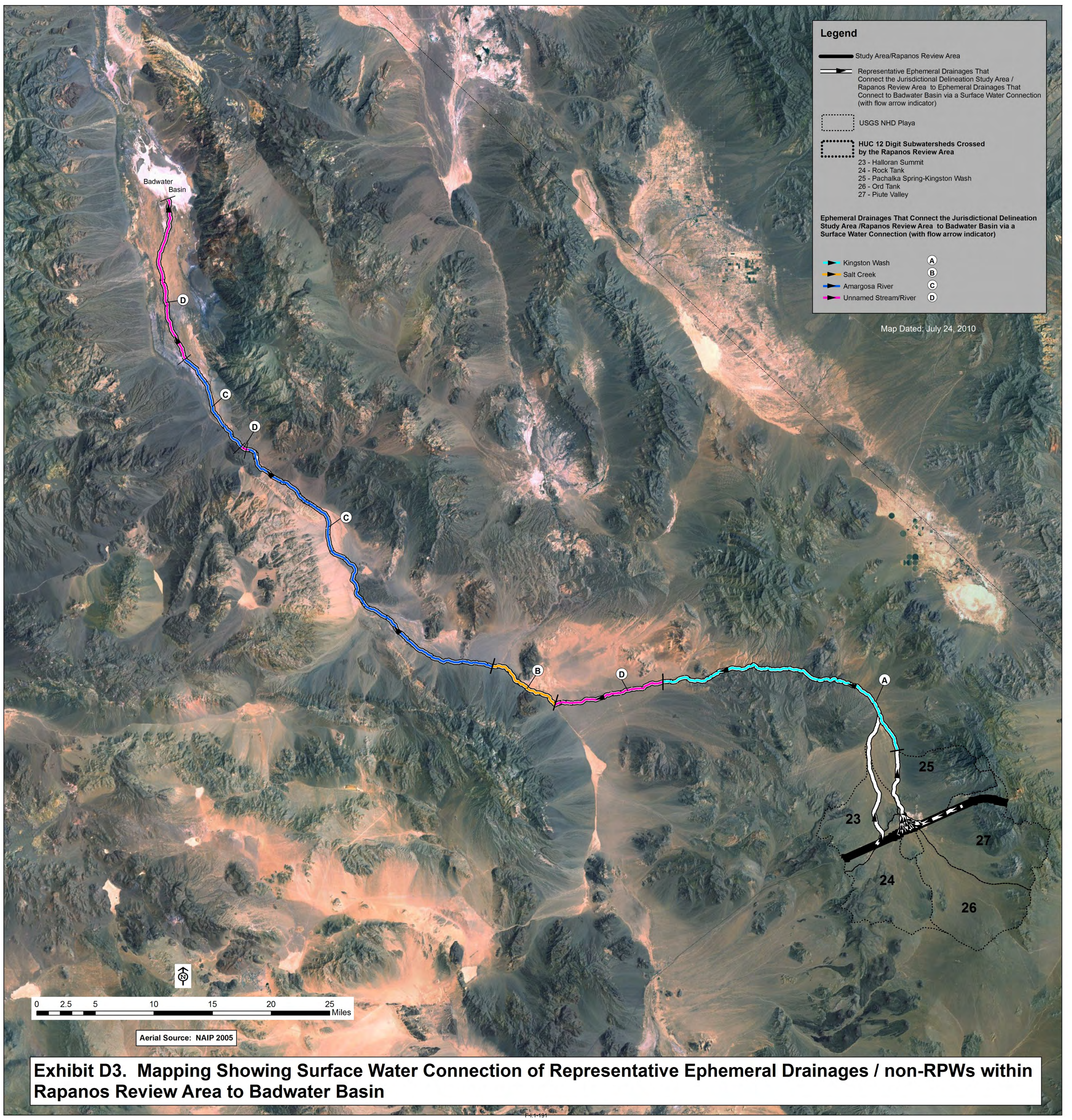
HUC 12 Digit Subwatershed

- 23 - Halloran Summit
- 24 - Rock Tank
- 25 - Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash
- 26 - Ord Tank
- 27 - Piute Valley



Base Map: USGS 1:100,000 Ivanpah California-Nevada (1985); Mesquite Lake California-Nevada (1985); Death Valley California-Nevada (1986); Owshead Mountain California (1993); Soda Mountains California (1993); Darwin Hills California (1985); Ridgecrest California (1993);

Exhibit D2. USGS Topographic Mapping With USGS NHD Flowlines and Arrows Showing Direction and Route of Surface Water Flow From Review Area toward Isolated Badwater Basin



Legend

- Study Area/Rapanos Review Area
- Representative Ephemeral Drainages That Connect the Jurisdictional Delineation Study Area / Rapanos Review Area to Ephemeral Drainages That Connect to Badwater Basin via a Surface Water Connection (with flow arrow indicator)
- USGS NHD Playa
- HUC 12 Digit Subwatersheds Crossed by the Rapanos Review Area
 - 23 - Halloran Summit
 - 24 - Rock Tank
 - 25 - Pachalka Spring-Kingston Wash
 - 26 - Ord Tank
 - 27 - Piute Valley

Ephemeral Drainages That Connect the Jurisdictional Delineation Study Area /Rapanos Review Area to Badwater Basin via a Surface Water Connection (with flow arrow indicator)

- Kingston Wash A
- Salt Creek B
- Amargosa River C
- Unnamed Stream/River D

Map Dated: July 24, 2010



Aerial Source: NAIP 2005

Exhibit D3. Mapping Showing Surface Water Connection of Representative Ephemeral Drainages / non-RPWs within Rapanos Review Area to Badwater Basin

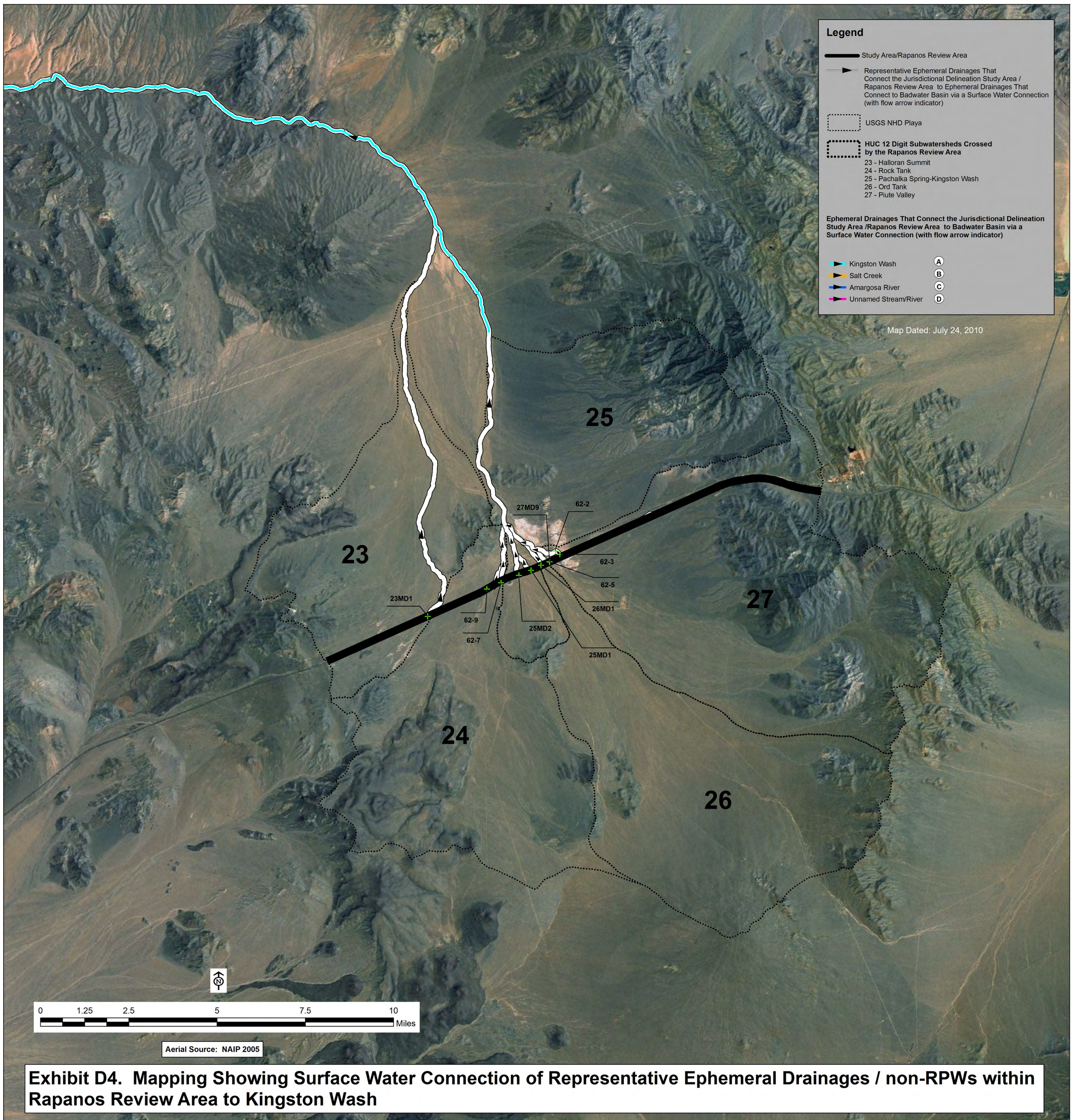


Exhibit D4. Mapping Showing Surface Water Connection of Representative Ephemeral Drainages / non-RPWs within Rapanos Review Area to Kingston Wash