



***Federal Railroad Administration  
Office of Safety  
Headquarters Assigned  
Accident Investigation Report  
HQ-2005-04***

***Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF)  
Temple, Texas  
January 8, 2005***

***Note that 49 U.S.C. §20903 provides that no part of an accident or incident report made by the Secretary of Transportation/Federal Railroad Administration under 49 U.S.C. §20902 may be used in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report.***

1. Name of Railroad Operating Train #1 BURLINGTON NORTHERN SANTA FE CORPORATION		1a. Alphabetic Code BNSF		1b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. GC0105102	
2. Name of Railroad Operating Train #2 BURLINGTON NORTHERN SANTA FE CORPORATION		2a. Alphabetic Code BNSF		2b. Railroad Accident/Incident GC0105102	
3. Name of Railroad Responsible for Track Maintenance: BNSF Rwy Co. [BNSF]		3a. Alphabetic Code BNSF		3b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. GC0105102	
4. U.S. DOT_AAR Grade Crossing Identification Number		5. Date of Accident/Incident Month: 01 Day: 08 Year: 2005		6. Time of Accident/Incident 02:55: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM	
7. Type of Accident/Incident (single entry in code box)		1. Derailment 2. Head on collision 3. Rear end collision		4. Side collision 5. Raking collision 6. Broken Train collision	
		7. Hwy-rail crossing 8. RR grade crossing 9. Obstruction		10. Explosion-detonation 11. Fire/violent rupture 12. Other impacts	
		13. Other (describe in narrative)		03	
8. Cars Carrying HAZMAT 24		9. HAZMAT Cars Damaged/Derailed 0		10. Cars Releasing HAZMAT 0	
		11. People Evacuated 0		12. Division GULF	
13. Nearest City/Town NOLANVILLE		14. Milepost (to nearest tenth) 235.7		15. State Abbr Code N/A TX	
16. County BELL		17. Temperature (F) (specify if minus) 42 F		18. Visibility (single entry) Code 1. Dawn 3. Dusk 2. Day 4. Dark 4	
		19. Weather (single entry) Code 1. Clear 3. Rain 5. Sleet 2. Cloudy 4. Fog 6. Snow 4		20. Type of Track Code 1. Main 3. Siding 2. Yard 4. Industry 1	
21. Track Name/Number SINGLE MAIN TRACK		22. FRA Track Code Class (1-9, X) 4		23. Annual Track Density (gross tons in millions) 25.48	
		24. Time Table Direction Code 1. North 3. East 3			
OPERATING TRAIN #1					
25. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train 2. Passenger train 3. Commuter train		4. Work train 5. Single car 6. Cut of cars	
		7. Yard/switching 8. Light loco(s). 9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code 1	
		26. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No 1		27. Train Number/Symbol ubwvor r602	
28. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated 18 MPH R		29. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units) 6686		30. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track c. Auto train stop i. Time table/train orders o. Positive train control d. Cab j. Track warrant control p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s) e. Traffic k. Direct traffic control f. Interlocking l. Yard limits g j N/A N/A N/A	
		30a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable 2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter 0			
31. Principal Car/Unit		a. Initial and Number N/A		b. Position in Train 1	
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)		c. Loaded (yes/no) N/A		32. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box. Alcohol: 0 Drugs: 1	
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)		0		33. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N) N	
34. Locomotive Units		a. Head End 3		b. Mid Train b. Manual 0 c. Remote 0	
(1) Total in Train		Rear End d. Manual 0 c. Remote 0		35. Cars (1) Total in Equipment Consist 51	
(2) Total Derailed		2		a. Freight 0 b. Pass. 0 c. Freight 0 d. Pass. 0 e. Caboose 0	
36. Equipment Damage This Consist 16500		37. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage 75000		38. Primary Cause Code H605	
		39. Contributing Cause Code N/A			
40. Engineer/Operators N/A		41. Firemen 0		42. Conductors 1	
		43. Brakemen 0		44. Engineer/Operator Hrs 8 Mi 25	
				45. Conductor Hrs 8 Mi 25	
Casualties to:		46. Railroad Employees 0		47. Train Passengers 0	
Fatal		48. Other 0		49. EOT Device? 1. Yes 2. No 1	
Nonfatal		N/A		50. Was EOT Device Properly Armed? 1. Yes 2. No 1	
				51. Caboose Occupied by Crew? 1. Yes 2. No 2	
OPERATING TRAIN #2					
52. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train 2. Passenger train 3. Commuter train		4. Work train 5. Single car 6. Cut of cars	
		7. Yard/switching 8. Light loco(s). 9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code 1	
		53. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No 1		54. Train Number/Symbol HBART PL605	
55. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated 0 MPH R		57. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track		57a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable	

56. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units)		7035		c. Auto train stop d. Cab e. Traffic f. Interlocking		i. Time table/train orders j. Track warrant control k. Direct traffic control l. Yard limits		o. Positive train control p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s)			2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter		0										
58. Principal Car/Unit		a. Initial and Number		b. Position in Train		c. Loaded(yes/no)		59. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box.					Alcohol		Drugs								
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)		BNSF72 7092		83		yes							0		1								
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)		0		0		N/A		60. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N)							N								
61. Locomotive Units		a. Head End		Mid Train		Rear End		62. Cars		Loade		Empty		e. Caboose									
				b. Manual		c. Remote				a. Freight		b. Pass.		c. Freight		d. Pass.							
(1) Total in Train		3		0		0		0		0		(1) Total in Equipment Consist		52		0		23		0		0	
(2) Total Derailed		0		0		0		0		0		(2) Total Derailed		3		0		2		0		0	
63. Equipment Damage This Consist		126318		64. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage		0		65. Primary Cause Code		H605		66. Contributing Cause Code		N/A									
67. Engineer/Operators		68. Firemen		69. Conductors		70. Brakemen		71. Engineer/Operator		72. Conductor													
1		0		1		0		Hrs 10 Mi 25		Hrs 10 Mi 25													
Casualties to:		73. Railroad Employees		74. Train Passengers		75. Other		76. EOT Device?		77. Was EOT Device Properly Armed?													
Fatal		0		0		0		1. Yes 2. No   1		1. Yes 2. No   1													
Nonfatal		0		0		0		78. Caboose Occupied by Crew?		77. Was EOT Device Properly Armed?													
								1. Yes 2. No		1. Yes 2. No   1													
										2													
								</															



## 109. SYNOPSIS OF THE ACCIDENT

On Saturday, January 8, 2005, at 2:55 AM CST, while moving eastbound in dense fog, BNSF loaded rock train UBWWORR0-02T, engine BNSF 6501 struck the rear end of standing eastbound BNSF manifest train HBARTPL6-05A, engine BNSF 7014, derailing the rear five cars of the standing train and the lead two units of the rock train. There were no injuries and no hazardous materials release reported.

## 110. NARRATIVE

The collision occurred on the single main track of the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway, Gulf Division, Lampassas Subdivision, at MP 235.7, Nolanville, Bell County, Texas. Method of operation is ABS/TWC, and maximum speed is 55 MPH for freight trains with no other restrictions in that area. Gulf Division Timetable No. 5 dated June 8, 2003 was in effect. The west siding switch at Nolanville is on tangent track with no gradient. Moving east from the switch there is a 0.65 downward grade on tangent track for approximately one-half mile, and then the track levels off to 0.0 gradient. The rear of H-BARTPL6-05A was standing on tangent, level track approximately three-quarters mile from the siding switch.

Train U-BWWORR0-02T (BNSF 6501 East) originated at Brownwood, Texas and consisted of three units and fifty-one gondola cars loaded with crushed rock, with train weight totaling 6686 tons and a length of 2927 feet. The crew on duty at the time of the collision consisted of a locomotive engineer and a conductor. The engineer was hired September 22, 1997 as a switchman, promoted to engineer April 10, 2003, his last rules test was April 6, 2004, and his last efficiency test was January 4, 2005. The Conductor was hired April 6, 1973, his last rules test was February 27, 2004, and his last efficiency test was December 22, 2004.

They were both on duty at Temple, Texas on Friday, January 7, 2005 at 6:30 PM after statutory rest of 10 hours and 30 minutes for the engineer and 23 hours and 15 minutes for the conductor. The crew deadheaded in a limo to Brownwood to move U-BWWORR0-02T from Brownwood to Temple. Their work orders included notification that the train had received a Class 1 Inspection and Air Brake Test by a previous crew who made up the train in Brownwood Yard.

U-BWWORR0-02T departed from Brownwood at 10:25 PM CST and traveled east on the Lampassas Subdivision without incident. The train possessed a track warrant from MP 277 to the east siding switch at Nolanville on the main track. When the train was approximately five miles west of Nolanville, the Slaton Sub Dispatcher asked the crew, "do you want a track warrant to go in the siding there at Nolanville or are you just going to go ahead on in (the siding)". After a confusing back and forth the dispatcher repeated his question, "...you just want to take the siding at Nolanville and get a track warrant ? Or you want one to the siding and then go in, over?" The crew on U-BWWORR0-02T replied, "Ah, whichever is easiest for you there, John." The dispatcher then issued another track warrant from MP 238 to CTC Gober and he stated that he assumed that the U-BWWORR0-02T would operate east through the siding from the west siding switch at Nolanville and re-enter the main track at the east siding switch at Nolanville.

The crew on U-BWWORR0-02T stated that they were to pick up two locomotive units from the runaround track about midway between the ends of Nolanville siding, which is about 13,000 feet long. They had decided to operate on the main track to the east end of Nolanville, cut away from their train, move west through the siding to the runaround track, couple the two additional units, move east and couple back to the head end of their train, and then proceed east to Temple. They stated that they were aware that another train was in the vicinity because they had heard the Dispatcher give the BNSF 7014 East a warrant from ESS Nolanville to CTC Gober with a verbal instructions to follow BNSF 6501 EAST from ESS Nolanville to CTC Gober. Because of the move they planned to make at Nolanville, the crew on U-BWWORR0-02T (BNSF 6501 East) stated that they assumed that the H-BARTPL6-05A (BNSF 7014 East) was behind them and that the main track was clear between the west siding switch at Nolanville and the east siding switch Nolanville.

Nearing Nolanville, U-BWWORR0-02T passed two successive approach signals and encountered a stop signal at the West Siding Switch at Nolanville. They stopped, operated the spring switch by hand, lining it for the siding and then back for the main track, and then flagged through at the stop signal; proceeding east on the main track at restricted speed in dense fog. The crew spotted a flashing red light and recognized it as an end-of-train marker on the rear of a train but initially thought that it was on the passing siding. When they realized that the marker was on the main track the engineer applied the air brakes in emergency but it was too late to prevent the collision. After stopping at the red signal at the west siding switch Nolanville, the U-BWWORR0-02T had steadily accelerated to a recorded speed of 28 MPH before reducing speed to a recorded 18 MPH at impact. The engineer stated that the visibility was about fifty feet at the time of the accident. The engineer was seated at the controls on the right side of the lead unit and the conductor was seated in the lead unit on the left side just prior to the collision.

Train H-BARTPL6-05A (BNSF 7014 East) consisted of three locomotive units and seventy-five cars of mixed freight totaling 7468 tons and a length of 4603 feet.

The train had originated at Barstow, Ca. and had last received a Class 1 Inspection and Air Brake Test at Belen, NM. The crew on duty at the time of the collision consisted of a locomotive engineer and a conductor that had both reported for duty at Sweetwater, Tx. Friday, January 7, 2005 at 4:30 PM CST after statutory rest of more than 48 hours. The engineer was hired as a conductor May 28, 1970, was promoted to engineer May 1, 1997, his last rules test was May 12, 2004, and his last efficiency test was January 4, 2005. The Conductor was hired April 12, 2004, his last rules test was July 9, 2004, and his last efficiency test was September 3, 2004.

The crew boarded H-BARTPL6-05A at Sweetwater, and traveled east on the Lampassas Subdivision without incident to Nolanville, where the train was stopped on the main track at the east siding switch Nolanville because the yard at Temple could not handle them. The crew stated that they were monitoring the radio during the two hours they were stopped at Nolanville and they heard the warrants issued and discussions on the work to be performed at Nolanville between the Dispatcher and the BNSF 6501 East (U-BWWORR0-02T). They assumed that the U-BWWORR0-02T would enter the passing siding at the west siding switch at Nolanville, operate through the siding, pick up the two units, and re-enter the main track at the east end of the siding proceeding ahead of them to Temple. The first indication that something had happened was at approximately 2:55 AM CST when the air brakes on their train went into emergency. The engineer was seated at the controls at the right side of the lead unit and the conductor was seated on the left side of the lead unit when the collision happened.

The collision resulted in the derailment of the five rear cars of the H-BARTPL6-05A and the two lead locomotive units of the U-BWWORR0-02T. There were no injuries and no hazardous materials releases reported.

A BNSF Signal Supervisor and an FRA S&T Inspector conducted comprehensive testing of signal apparatus in the vicinity and found no exceptions taken to the signal system. An FRA MP&E Inspector inspected the consist of U-BWWORR0-02T when it arrived at Temple and found the fifth car from the engine with the air cut out and all other equipment functioning as intended.

Both engineers, both conductors, and the dispatcher involved in the collision were drug and alcohol tested. The conductor on U-BWWORR0-02T returned a positive for marijuana and the other four employees returned negative results.

The FRA determined the cause of the accident was the failure of the crew on U-BWWORR0-02T to control the speed of their train to be able to stop within half the range of their vision while operating at restricted speed, a violation of General Code of Operating Rules rule 6.27.

Factors contributing to the accident were:

- 1) Lack of concise communication;
  - a) When the crew on the U-BWWORR0-02T did not clearly state their intentions for completing their work at Nolanville, the dispatcher should have recognized the possible confusion and given them specific instructions. The radio communications that preceded the issuance of track warrant 8839 are difficult to decipher, although a legitimate track warrant was finally issued.
  - b) Knowing that the options for completing their work were limited by the H-BARTPL6-05A stopped on the main track, the dispatcher should have notified the UBWWORR0-02T of the presence of that other train.
  - c) When the U-BWWORR0-02T encountered the stop signal at the west siding switch, a radio transmission notifying the dispatcher of the situation would have alerted both the dispatcher and the crew on H-BARTPL6-05A of the intention of U-BWWORR0-02T to move east on the main track and would have given both the opportunity to announce the presence of the train standing on the main track ahead.
- 2) The practice of issuing track warrants in ABS/TWC territory through sections of track that are already occupied by another train. This practice may create a false impression that the train receiving the track warrant has exclusive use of that section of track as it would in TWC operation, and can result in the train crew to be less vigilant when encountering potentially dangerous situations, as happened in this case.